Package: magpie4 (via r-universe)

October 16, 2024
Type Package
Title MAgPIE outputs R package for MAgPIE version 4.x
Version 2.13.8
Date 2024-10-16
Description Common output routines for extracting results from the MAgPIE framework (versions 4.x).
License LGPL-3 file LICENSE
<pre>URL https://github.com/pik-piam/magpie4,</pre>
https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.1158582
BugReports https://github.com/pik-piam/magpie4/issues
Depends R (>= 3.5.0), magclass (>= 2.40)
Imports dplyr, gdx2 (>= 0.1.6), gms, luscale, lusweave, madrat (>= 3.10.0), magpiesets, methods, mip, mstools, nonparaeff, reshape2, rlang, utils, stringr, stats
Suggests covr, luplot, ncdf4, rworldmap (>= 1.3.8), terra, testthat
Encoding UTF-8
RoxygenNote 7.3.2
Repository https://pik-piam.r-universe.dev
RemoteUrl https://github.com/pik-piam/magpie4
RemoteRef HEAD
RemoteSha 6287089fe1b319d35b10b80f694bbf14ff29d97e
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Description

Common output routines for extracting results from the MAgPIE framework (versions 4.x).

Author(s)

Maintainer: Jan Philipp Dietrich <dietrich@pik-potsdam.de>

See Also

Useful links:

- https://github.com/pik-piam/magpie4
- doi:10.5281/zenodo.1158582
- Report bugs at https://github.com/pik-piam/magpie4/issues

addGeometry addGeometry

Description

Enriches land use data on cluster resolution geometry information as required for conversion by magclass::as.SpatVector

Usage

```
addGeometry(x, clustermap)
```

Arguments

x Landuse data on cluster/cell resolution as a magclass object
 clustermap A dataframe mapping with columns cluster, cell, and country

Value

A magclass object enriched with geometry information

agEmployment 9

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich, Pascal Sauer

Examples

```
## Not run:
landUse <- magpie4::land("fulldata.gdx", level = "cell")
clustermap <- readRDS(Sys.glob("clustermap_*.rds"))
landUseEnriched <- magpie4::addGeometry(landUse, clustermap)
attr(landUseEnriched, "geometry")
attr(landUseEnriched, "crs")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

agEmployment

agEmployment

Description

returns employment in crop+livestock production from MAgPIE results

Usage

```
agEmployment(
  gdx,
  type = "absolute",
  detail = TRUE,
  level = "reg",
  file = NULL,
  dir = "."
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
type	"absolute" for total number of people employed, "share" for share out of working age population
detail	if TRUE, employment is disaggregated to crop products, livestock products and (if available) mitigation measures, if FALSE only aggregated employment is reported
level	spatial aggregation to report employment ("iso", "reg", "glo" or "regglo", if type is "absolute" also "grid")
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation

AgGDP

Value

employment in agriculture as absolute value or as percentage of working age population

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- agEmployment(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

AgGDP

AgGDP

Description

Reads data to calculate the agricultural GDP

Usage

```
AgGDP(gdx, file = NULL, level = "reg")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional

and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate

Value

A MAgPIE object containing values related with overall value of production [million US\$17]

Author(s)

Edna Molina Bacca

```
## Not run:
    x <- AgGDP(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

AgriResearchIntensity 11

AgriResearchIntensity AgriResearchIntensity

Description

calculates Agricultural Research Intensity (Investment in AgR&D/Total GDP) from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
AgriResearchIntensity(gdx, file = NULL, level = "reg")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level aggregation level, reg, glo or regglo, cell or grid

Author(s)

David M Chen

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- AgriResearchIntensity(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

anthropometrics

anthropometrics

Description

Calculates anthropometic indicators from the food demand model

Usage

```
anthropometrics(
  gdx,
  indicator = "bodyheight",
  age = "adults",
  sex = FALSE,
  bmi_groups = FALSE,
  level = "iso",
```

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```
dir = ".",
  spamfiledirectory = "",
  final = TRUE,
  file = NULL,
  calibrated = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

indicator bodyheight, bodyweight, bodyweight_healthy, BMI(Body Mass Index) or PAL

(physical activity level)

age if TRUE, demand is scaled down to age-groups and sex using food requirements

sex if FALSE, female and male are aggregated, if sex, results are divided into males

and females

bmi_groups if TRUE, data is provided by BMI group

level Level of regional aggregation; "iso" ISO country codes, "reg" (regional), "glo"

(global)

dir for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)

for disaggregation

spamfiledirectory

deprecated. please use dir instead

final final results or preliminary results (the latter are the ones magpie uses for opti-

mization before last iteration with demand model)

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

calibrated if TRUE, uses the calibrated intake estimates for bodyweight estimation

Details

Demand definitions are equivalent to FAO Food supply categories

Value

bodyweight (kg), bodyheight (cm), BMI or PAL as magpie objects

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

```
## Not run:
    x <- anthropometrics(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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BII

Biodiversity intactness index

Description

calculates the area weighted biodiversity intactness index (BII) out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
BII(
   gdx,
   file = NULL,
   level = "glo",
   mode = "auto",
   landClass = "sum",
   spatialWeight = NULL,
   adjusted = FALSE,
   bii_coeff = NULL,
   side_layers = NULL,
   dir = "."
)
```

GDX file

Arguments gdx

0	
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	level of regional aggregation; "cell" (magpie cluster level), "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global), "iso" (country level), "grid" (0.5 degree grid cell level).
mode	"auto" (default), "from_grid", "MAgPIE" or "postprocessing".
	 "MAgPIE" reports the BV based on values from the MAgPIE biodiversity module.
	• "postprocessing" calculates the BV based on land information from MAg- PIE (for versions where biodiversity module was not available yet).
	• "auto" uses "MAgPIE" if available and falls back to "postprocessing" otherwise.
	• "from_grid" calculates BII values from BII output and returns aggregated values at the aggregation level specified.
landClass	"all" returns average BII values for all land classes of ov_bv, "sum" returns the weighted BII over all land classes of ov44_bv_weighted.
spatialWeight	Spatial weight for aggregating BII values. Only relevant if mode is "from_grid", adjusted is TRUE, or level is either "grid" or "iso".
adjusted	if "TRUE", function returns adjusted BII values (results have been adjusted for primary and secondary other land).

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bii_coeff	file containing BII coefficients. Only needed for mode = "postprocessing". NULL tries to automatically detected the file.
side_layers	file containing LUH2 side layers. NULL tries to automatically detected the file.
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation

Details

Calculates global, regional and cluster-level biodiversity intactness index (BII)

Value

Biodiversity intactness index (unitless)

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze, Florian Humpenoeder, Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- BII(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

bioplasticDemand

bioplasticDemand

Description

returns demand for bioplastic or demand for substrate for bioplastic production

Usage

```
bioplasticDemand(
  gdx,
  type = "bioplastic",
  detail = FALSE,
  level = "regglo",
  file = NULL
)
```

bodyweight 15

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
type	"bioplastic" for bioplastic demand, "substrate" for biomass demand as substrate for bioplastic production
detail	only relevant for type = "substrate". If TRUE, substrate demand is disaggregated by crop type, if FALSE only the aggregated demand is reported.
level	spatial aggregation to report bioplastic/substrate demand (only "reg" or "regglo")
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- bioplasticDemand(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

bodyweight

bodyweight

Description

Calculates the prevalence of underweight, normalweight, overweight (excluding obesity) and obesity. For more detailed body mass classifications see functions population or anthropometrics.

Usage

```
bodyweight(
  gdx,
  level = "reg",
  age = FALSE,
  sex = FALSE,
  share = FALSE,
  dir = ".",
  spamfiledirectory = "",
  population = NULL
)
```

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Arguments

gdx	GDX file	
level	Level of regional aggregation; "iso" ISO country codes, "reg" (regional), "glo" (global)	
age	if TRUE, demand is scaled down to age-groups and sex using food requirements	
sex	if FALSE, female and male are aggregated, if sex, results are divided into males and females	
share	if TRUE, data is provided by BMI group	
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation	
spamfiledirectory		
	deprecated. please use dir instead	
population	population information from GDX. Can be provided to speed up calculation process. Will be read from GDX, if not provided.	

Details

Demand definitions are equivalent to FAO Food supply categories

Value

MAgPIE object with mio people or share of people in each weight category

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- bodyweight(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

carbonHWP carbonHWP

Description

reads carbon stored in harvested timber out of a MAgPIE gdx file

carbonHWP 17

Usage

```
carbonHWP(
   gdx,
   file = NULL,
   level = "cell",
   unit = "element",
   half_life = 35,
   cumulative = FALSE,
   baseyear = 1995
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "cell", "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any secdforest aggregation level defined in superAggregate
unit	element" or "gas"; "element": co2_c in Mt C/yr, n2o_n in Mt N/yr, ch4 in Mt CH4/yr; "gas": co2_c Mt CO2/yr, n2o_n in Mt NO2/yr, ch4 in Mt CH4/yr
half_life	Half life in years for decay in wood products loosing half theor carbon content. (35 yrs is deafault)
cumulative	Logical; Determines if cHWP emissions are reported annually (FALSE) or cumulative (TRUE). The starting point for cumulative emissions is y1995.
baseyear	Baseyear used for cumulative emissions (default = 1995)

Details

Annual (and cumulative) Carbon stored in harvested wood products as well as slow emissions from half life deacy.

Value

carbon stocks in MtC from harvested timber

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra, Florian Humpenoeder

```
## Not run:
    x <- carbonHWP(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

18 carbonLTS

Description

reads carbon stored in harvested timber out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
carbonLTS(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "cell",
  unit = "element",
  cumulative = FALSE,
  baseyear = 1995
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "cell", "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any secdforest aggregation level defined in superAggregate
unit	element" or "gas"; "element": co2_c in Mt C/yr, n2o_n in Mt N/yr, ch4 in Mt CH4/yr; "gas": co2_c Mt CO2/yr, n2o_n in Mt NO2/yr, ch4 in Mt CH4/yr
cumulative	Logical; Determines if cHWP emissions are reported annually (FALSE) or cumulative (TRUE). The starting point for cumulative emissions is y1995.
baseyear	Baseyear used for cumulative emissions (default = 1995)

Details

Annual (and cumulative) Carbon stored in harvested wood products as well as slow emissions from half life deacy.

Value

carbon stocks in MtC from harvested timber

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra, Florian Humpenoeder

carbonstock 19

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- carbonLTS(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

carbonstock

carbonstock

Description

reads carbon stocks out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
carbonstock(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "cell",
  sum_cpool = TRUE,
  sum_land = TRUE,
  subcategories = NULL,
  stockType = "actual"
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "cell", "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any secdforest aggregation level defined in superAggregate
sum_cpool	sum over carbon pool dimension (default = TRUE)
sum_land	sum over land type dimension (default = TRUE)
subcategories	NULL or vector of strings. If $NULL,$ no subcategories are returned. Meaningful options are "crop, "forestry" and "other"
stockType	$carbon\ stock\ type\ (default="actual").\ Options:\ "actual",\ "previousLandPattern" \ and\ "previousCarbonDensity".$

Details

carbon pools consist of vegetation carbon (vegc), litter carbon (litc) and soil carbon (soilc)

Value

carbon stocks in MtC

20 cellularFit

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- carbonstock(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

cellularFit

cellular fit

Description

cellular fit/error/bias calculations at regional and global level

Usage

```
cellularFit(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "cell",
  statistic = "MAE",
  variable = "land",
  dataset = "LUH2",
  water_aggr = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	level at which the regional and global bias should be calculated. Options "cell" or "grid"
statistic	R2, MAE, MPE (mean percentage error - bias), MAPE (mean absolute percentage error)
variable	variable to be evaulated: land (land types) or crop (crop types)
dataset	dataset to compare with. LUH2 only option for variable land. LUH2 and MAPSPAM for the crop variable.
water_aggr	if irrigation types for crops should be agregated or not

Value

returns selected statistic at regglo level for the historical part of the time horizon

checkLibrary 21

Author(s)

Edna J. Molina Bacca, Patrick v. Jeetze

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- cellularFit(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

checkLibrary

modelstat

Description

Function to check if the library functions work with the newest magpie version

Usage

```
checkLibrary(gdx, level = NULL)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional

and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate

Details

This function simply tries to run all functions in the magpie library on the provided gdx file.

Value

A list with three entries:

- notest Testing these functions was impossible because there wer missing arguments.
- error These functions could not be executed properly.
- fine Everything was fine with these functions.

Author(s)

Markus Bonsch

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- modelstat(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt clusterOutputToTerraVector}$

Convert cluster output to terra vector

Description

Enriches land use data on cluster resolution with explicit spatial information by creating a terra polygon for each cluster according to the given clustermap.

Usage

```
clusterOutputToTerraVector(x, clustermap)
```

Arguments

x Landuse data on cluster/cell resolution as a magclass object
 clustermap A dataframe mapping with columns cluster, cell, and country

Value

```
A SpatVector with the following columns: c("clusterId", "country", "region", "year", "landtype", "value")
```

Author(s)

Pascal Führlich, Patrick v. Jeetze

```
## Not run:
landUse <- magpie4::land("fulldata.gdx", level = "cell")
clustermap <- readRDS(Sys.glob("clustermap_*.rds"))
clusterPolygons <- magpie4::clusterOutputToTerraVector(landUse, clustermap)
terra::writeVector(clusterPolygons, "cluster_resolution.shp")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

consumption Value 23

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CONSUMPL		IVALUC

consumption Value

Description

calculates consumption value of different types based on a MAgPIE gdx file.

Usage

```
consumptionValue(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  products = "kall",
  product_aggr = TRUE,
  type = NULL,
  type_aggr = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
products	Selection of products (either by naming products, e.g. "tece", or naming a set,e.g. "kcr")
product_aggr	aggregate over products or not (boolean, default TRUE)
type	Consumption type(s): "food", "feed", "processed", "other_util", "bioenergy", "seed", "waste", "dom_balanceflow; NULL returns all types
type_aggr	aggregate over demand types or not (boolean, default TRUE)

Value

A MAgPIE object containing consumption value in million \$US.

Author(s)

Miodrag Stevanovic

```
## Not run:
    x <- consumptionValue(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

costInputFactorsCrop

Description

Reads data to calculate capital stocks

Usage

```
CostCapital(gdx, type = "stocks", file = NULL, level = "cell")
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
type	either capital stocks ("stocks") or overall capital investment "investment"
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate

Value

A MAgPIE object containing values related with overall value of production [million US\$17]

Author(s)

Edna Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- CostCapital(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt costInputFactorsCrop} \quad \textit{costInputFactorsCrop}$

Description

Reads data to calculate Input factors with different approaches

Usage

```
costInputFactorsCrop(gdx, type = "annuity", file = NULL, level = "reg")
```

CostOverall 25

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
547	ODILIII

type Type of capital investments accounting. It can either be total investments ("in-

vestment"), or considering the annuity ("annuity") of the current time step. NULL

in case the runs were not done with the sticky realization.

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation

Value

A MAgPIE object containing values related with overall value of production [million US\$17]

Author(s)

Edna Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- costInputFactorsCrop(gdx)
## End(Not run)
```

CostOverall

CostOverall

Description

Gross value of productions

Usage

```
CostOverall(gdx, file = NULL, level = "reg")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional

and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate

Value

A MAgPIE object containing values related with overall value of production [million US\$17]

26 costs

Author(s)

Edna Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- CostOverall(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

costs

costs

Description

reads costs entering the objective function from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
costs(gdx, file = NULL, level = "reg", type = "annuity", sum = TRUE)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
type	either "annuity" (as it enters the objetive function) or "investment" (investment)
sum	total costs (TRUE) or detailed costs (FALSE)

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the goal function costs including investments [million US\$17]

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich, Markus Bonsch, Misko Stevanovic, Florian Humpenoeder, Edna J. Molina Bacca, Michael Crawford

```
## Not run:
x <- costs(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

CostsAEI 27

CostsAEI CostsAEI

Description

reads AEI costs entering the objective function from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
CostsAEI(gdx, file = NULL, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation ("reg", "glo", "regglo")

Value

MAgPIE object containing costs for AEI [million US\$17]

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- CostsAEI(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

CostsFertilizer

CostsFertilizer

Description

reads costs entering the objective function from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
CostsFertilizer(gdx, file = NULL, level = "regglo", disagg = TRUE)
```

28 costsMACCS

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation ("reg", "glo", "regglo")

disagg whether costs should be disaggregated into the different crop types

Value

MAgPIE object containing fertilizer costs [million US\$17]

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- CostsFertilizer(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

costsMACCS

costsMACCS

Description

reads costs entering the objective function from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
costsMACCS(gdx, file = NULL, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation ("reg", "glo", "regglo")

Value

MAgPIE object containing mitigation costs [million US\$17]

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

costsPresolve 29

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- costsMACCS(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

costsPresolve

costsPresolve

Description

reads presovle costs (i.e. without bioenergy demand) entering the objective function from a MAg-PIE gdx file

Usage

```
costsPresolve(gdx, file = NULL, level = "reg")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional

and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate

Details

Presolve is without bioenergy demand. Hence costs from a MAgPIE run with bioenergy demand minus costs from presolve reflect costs that can be attributed to bioenergy production

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the goal function costs in presolve mode [million US\$17]

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

```
## Not run:
    x <- costsPresolve(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

costsProductionCrops

 ${\tt costsProductionCrops} \quad {\it costsProductionCrops}$

Description

Reads data to calculate production costs for crops, costs related with investments are reported as annual average for both types (annuity, investment).

Usage

```
costsProductionCrops(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "regglo",
  type = "investment",
  dir = "."
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in gdxAggregate
type	Type of reporting, either "annuity" or total "investments"
dir	directory with mapping for disaggregation to higher resolutions

Value

A MAgPIE object containing values related with costs for crops production per ton produced [million US\$17/tDM]

Author(s)

Edna Molina Bacca

```
## Not run:
x <- costsProductionCrops(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

costsWholesale 31

Description

Reads data to calculate wholesale costs

Usage

```
costsWholesale(gdx, file = NULL, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional

and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate

Value

A MAgPIE object containing values related with costs wholesale trade [million US\$17/tDM]

Author(s)

David M Chen

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- costsWholesale(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

CostsWithoutIncentives

Costs Without Incentives

Description

calculates agricultural costs without taxes, incentives and technical penalty costs (i.e. GHG taxes and BII incentives)

Usage

```
CostsWithoutIncentives(gdx, file = NULL, level = "regglo")
```

32 CostTC

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level aggregation level, reg, glo or regglo

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the costs without taxes, incentives and technical penalty costs [million US\$17]

Author(s)

David M Chen

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- CostsWithoutIncentives(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

CostTC

CostTC

Description

Reads data on TC costs

Usage

```
CostTC(gdx, file = NULL, level = "reg")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional

and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate

Value

A MAgPIE object containing values related with overall value of production [million US\$17]

Author(s)

David Chen

CostTransport 33

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- CostTC(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

CostTransport

CostTransport

Description

reads costs entering the objective function from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
CostTransport(gdx, file = NULL, level = "cell", sum = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
sum	total costs (TRUE) or detailed costs (FALSE)

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the transport costs [million US\$17]

Author(s)

David Chen

```
## Not run:
    x <- CostTransport(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

34 croparea

croparea croparea

Description

reads croparea out of a MAgPIE gdx file. Croparea excludes fallow land.

Usage

```
croparea(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  products = "kcr",
  product_aggr = TRUE,
  water_aggr = TRUE,
  dir = ".",
  spamfiledirectory = ""
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in gdxAggregate
products	Selection of products (either by naming products, e.g. "tece", or naming a set,e.g. "kcr")
product_aggr	aggregate over products or not (boolean)
water_aggr	aggregate irrigated and non-irriagted production or not (boolean).
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation
spamfiledirectory	
	deprecated. please use dir instead

Value

production as MAgPIE object (unit depends on attributes)

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich, Florian Humpenoeder

See Also

```
reportCroparea
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- croparea(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt CropareaDiversityIndex}$

 ${\it Croparea Diversity Index}$

Description

calculates an index that measures the croparea diversity

Usage

```
CropareaDiversityIndex(
  gdx,
  index = "shannon",
  level = "reg",
  measurelevel = "cell",
  groupdiv = "agg1",
  dir = "."
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
index	can be "shannon", "gini" or "invsimpson" for different types of diversitiy indices
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
measurelevel	level at which diversity is measured. "cell" means diversity
groupdiv	should crop groups be split up into several individual items or not? Choose either FALSE or different (dis)aggregation methods "agg1", "agg2"
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation is measured at cellular level, even if lateron average diversity is aggregated to regional level.

Value

MAgPIE object (unit depends on attributes)

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

36 croplandTreeCover

See Also

 ${\tt CropareaDiversityIndex}$

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- CropareaDiversityIndex(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt croplandTreeCover}$

cropland Tree Cover

Description

calculates tree cover on cropland (Mha) from a MAgPIE gdx file

ferent resolutions

Usage

```
croplandTreeCover(gdx, level = "reg", dir = ".", sum_ac = TRUE, debug = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
level	aggregation level, reg, glo or regglo, cell or grid
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)
sum_ac	sum over age classes TRUE / FALSE
debug	debug mode TRUE makes some consistency checks between estimates for dif-

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

```
## Not run:
x <- fallow(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

cshare 37

Description

Calculates soil carbon share in relation to potential natural vegetation based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
cshare(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  reference = "actual",
  noncrop_aggr = TRUE,
  dir = ".",
  spamfiledirectory = ""
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file	
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie	
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate	
reference	default is "actual" (cshare in actual carbon stocks). Other option is "target" (cshare in target carbon stocks).	
noncrop_aggr	aggregate non cropland types to 'noncropland' (if FALSE all land types of pools59 will be reported)	
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation	
spamfiledirectory		
	deprecated. please use dir instead	

Value

A MAgPIE object containing som values

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens

38 deco

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- cshare(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

deco

deco

Description

Function that quantifies the influences of the underlying drivers to a dependent output variable. It attributes the changes of the output variable (A) to changes of several drivers (B, B/C, C/A). The output must be the product of the drivers.

Usage

```
deco(data, names_factor = NULL, plot = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data

Decomposition Data as a magpie object. The first column of the third dimension has to be the output (A), while the subsequent columns are the coefficients of the drivers (B,C,...). Example: Area = Population x Supply/Population x Area/Supply. 3rd-dimension column order then has to be: Area, Population,

Supply.

names_factor

Names of the output (A) and the Decomposition-Factors (B,B/C,C/A), if names_factor=NULL

the names for the third column will be generated like the factors for decomposition (above example: Area, Population, Supply/Population, Area/Supply)

plot TRUE or FALSE

Details

Use function deco_plot in library luplot to make a plot out of this. It is only usable for the decomposition of 5 or less drivers. For documentation, see paper Huber, Veronika, Ina Neher, Benjamin L. Bodirsky, Kathrin Hoefner, and Hans Joachim Schellnhuber. 2014. "Will the World Run out of Land? A Kaya-Type Decomposition to Study Past Trends of Cropland Expansion." Environmental Research Letters 9 (2): 024011. https://doi.org/10.1088/1748-9326/9/2/024011. Or see master Thesis of Ina Neher (2013)

Value

Decomposes the impact of certain drivers to an output (A) value.

Author(s)

Ina Neher, Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

demand 39

Examples

```
Data<-array(c(1,1.1,1.15,1,1.05,1.1,1,1.05,1.15),c(3,3))
dimnames(Data)<-list(paste("y",2000:2002,sep=""),c("Area","Population","Supply"))
Data <- as.magpie(Data)
deco(Data)</pre>
```

demand

demand

Description

Calculates MAgPIE demand out of a gdx file

Usage

```
demand(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  products = "kall",
  product_aggr = FALSE,
  attributes = "dm",
  type = NULL,
  type_aggr = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation ("reg", "glo", "regglo")
products	Selection of products (either by naming products, e.g. "tece", or naming a set,e.g. "kcr")
product_aggr	aggregate over products or not (boolean, default FALSE)
attributes	dry matter: Mt ("dm"), gross energy: PJ ("ge"), reactive nitrogen: Mt ("nr"), phosphor: Mt ("p"), potash: Mt ("k"), wet matter: Mt ("wm"). Can also be a vector.
type	Demand type(s): "food", "feed", "processed", "other_util", "bioenergy", "seed", "waste", "dom_balanceflow; NULL returns all types
type_aggr	aggregate over demand types or not (boolean, default FALSE)

Details

Demand definitions are equivalent to FAO CBS categories

40 demandBioenergy

Value

demand as MAgPIE object (Unit depends on attributes)

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Abhijeet Mishra, Miodrag Stevanovic

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- demand(level="regglo", products="kcr")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

demandBioenergy

demandBioenergy

Description

reads bioenergy demand from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
demandBioenergy(gdx, file = NULL, level = "reg", sum = FALSE, round = NULL)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
sum	1st and 2nd generation bioenergy demand (FALSE) or total bioenergy demand (TRUE)
round	NULL or number of digits

Value

A MAgPIE object containing bioenergy demand in EJ/yr

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich, Florian Humpenoeder

discountRates 41

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- demandBioenergy(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

discountRates

discountRates

Description

reads discount rates from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
discountRates(gdx, file = NULL, level = "reg")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional

and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate

Value

A MAgPIE object containing discount rates used in the model

Author(s)

Xiaoxi Wang

```
## Not run:
    x <- discountRates(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

emisCO2

emisCO2 emisCO2

Description

reads detailed CO2 emissions out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
emisCO2(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "cell",
  unit = "gas",
  sum_cpool = TRUE,
  sum_land = TRUE,
  cumulative = FALSE,
  baseyear = 1995,
  lowpass = 3
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
unit	"element" or "gas"; "element": co2_c in Mt C/yr "gas": co2_c Mt CO2/yr
sum_cpool	aggregate carbon pools (TRUE), below ground (soilc) and above ground (vegc and litc) will be reported, if FALSE
sum_land	TRUE (default) or FALSE. Sum over land types (TRUE) or report land-type specific emissions (FALSE).
cumulative	Logical; Determines if emissions are reported annually (FALSE) or cumulative (TRUE). The starting point for cumulative emissions is y1995.
baseyear	Baseyear used for cumulative emissions (default = 1995)
lowpass	number of lowpass filter iterations (default = 3)

Value

CO2 emissions as MAgPIE object (unit depends on unit)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, Michael Crawford

Emissions 43

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- emisCO2(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

Emissions

Emissions

Description

reads GHG emissions out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
Emissions(
   gdx,
   file = NULL,
   level = "reg",
   type = "co2_c",
   unit = "element",
   subcategories = TRUE,
   cumulative = FALSE,
   lowpass = NULL,
   inorg_fert_split = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

	gdx	GDX file
	file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
	level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
	type	emission type(s): "co2_c", "n2o_n" or "ch4"
	unit	"element", "gas", "GWP100AR5", "GWP100AR6", "GWP*AR5", or "GWP*AR6" "element": co2_c in Mt C/yr, n2o_n in Mt N/yr, ch4 in Mt CH4/yr "gas": co2_c in Mt CO2/yr, n2o_n in Mt NO2/yr, ch4 in Mt CH4/yr "GWP": co2_c in Mt CO2/yr, n2o_n in Mt CO2eq/yr, ch4 in Mt CO2eq/yr
	subcategories	FALSE (default) or TRUE
	cumulative	Logical; Determines if emissions are reported annually (FALSE) or cumulative (TRUE). The starting point for cumulative emissions is y1995.
	lowpass	number of lowpass filter iterations
<pre>inorg_fert_split</pre>		it
		if TRUE then inorganic fertilizer emissions are further disaggregated into pasture-

if TRUE then inorganic fertilizer emissions are further disaggregated into pastureand cropland-related emissions. Both the aggregated ("inorg_fert") and disaggregated values ("inorg_fert_crop", "inorg_fert_past)" are reported

Value

emissions as MAgPIE object (unit depends on unit)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- Emissions(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt EmissionsBeforeTechnicalMitigation}$

EmissionsBeforeTechnicalMitigation

Description

reads GHG emissions before technical abatement out of a MAgPIE gdx file. Technical abatement includes all abatement done in the MACC curves, but exclude endogenous mitigation. These emissions are NOT the standard reporting emissions, but used for special purposes like remind-magpie coupling.

Usage

```
EmissionsBeforeTechnicalMitigation(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  type = "co2_c",
  unit = "element",
  subcategories = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
type	emission type(s): "co2_c", "n2o_n" or "ch4" and in the case of unit="gas" "co2" and "n2o"

expenditureIndexFood45

```
"element", "gas" or "co2eq"; "element": co2_c in Mt C/yr, n2o_n in Mt N/yr,
unit
                 ch4 in Mt CH4/yr; "gas": co2_c Mt CO2/yr, n2o_n in Mt NO2/yr, ch4 in Mt
                 CH4/yr; "co2eq": co2_c in Mt CO2/yr, n2o_n in Mt CO2eq/yr, ch4 in Mt
```

CO2eq/yr

subcategories FALSE (default) or TRUE

Value

emissions as MAgPIE object (unit depends on unit)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder; Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- EmissionsBeforeTechnicalMitigation(gdx)</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

expenditureIndexFood expenditureIndexFood

Description

calculates food expenditure index (baseyear = 100) corrected for ghg emission costs based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
expenditureIndexFood(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  products = "kfo",
 basketyear = "y2010",
 baseyear = "y2010",
 round = TRUE,
  ghgtax = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

GDX file gdx

file File the output should be written to using write.magpie 46 factorCosts

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional

and global) or any other aggregation level defined in mapping

products Selection of products (either by naming products, e.g. "tece", or naming a set,

e.g."kcr")

basketyear Year of reference food basket (should be in the past for comparison of different

runs to have identical and comparable food basket)

baseyear Baseyear of the price index

round Rounded result (TRUE or FALSE)

ghgtax Correction of food price expenditure for ghg emission costs (TRUE or FALSE)

Value

A MAgPIE object containing food price expenditure index

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- expenditureIndexFood(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

factorCosts

factorCosts

Description

reads factor costs for crops, livestock, residues or pasture entering the objective function from a MAgPIE gdx file. Depending on the product and the MAgPIE version (and factor cost realization), factor costs are either already split into labor and capital, will be split in this function, or are kept as the aggregate

Usage

```
factorCosts(gdx, products = "kli", file = NULL, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX	file
gux	UDA	HIC

products products for which factor costs should be reported ("kcr", "kli", "kres", "fish",

or "pasture")

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation ("reg", "glo", "regglo")

factorCostShares 47

Value

MAgPIE object containing factor costs [million US\$17]

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- factorCosts(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

factorCostShares

factorCostShares

Description

returns labor and capital cost share out of factor costs (i.e. labor + capital)

Usage

```
factorCostShares(
  gdx,
  type = "optimization",
  products = "kcr",
  level = "reg",
  file = NULL
)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

• "requirements": shares from factor requirements

• "optimization": cost shares between labor and capital costs in optimization

• "accounting": cost shares based on accounting of labor and capital costs

products

products for which cost shares should be reported, kcr or kli

spatial aggregation to report employment ("reg", "glo" or "regglo")

file

a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

Value

labor and capital cost share out of factor costs

48 fallow

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- factorCostShares(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

fallow

fallow

Description

calculates fallow land (Mha) from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
fallow(gdx, level = "reg", dir = ".", debug = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
level	aggregation level, reg, glo or regglo, cell or grid
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)
debug	debug mode TRUE makes some consistency checks between estimates for dif- ferent resolutions

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

```
## Not run:
x <- fallow(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

feed 49

Description

calculates feed demand by animal type out of a gdx file

Usage

```
feed(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  detail = TRUE,
  nutrient = "dm",
  balanceflow = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
detail	if FALSE, only total feed demand per animal type is calculated without details on the type of feed
nutrient	The nutrient in which the results shall be calculated
balanceflow	If true, feed includes the calibration balanceflow

Value

feed demand by animal type as MAgPIE object (unit depends on selected nutrient attributes)

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

```
## Not run:
    x <- feed(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

50 FoodExpenditure

FoodDemandModuleConsumerPrices

FoodDemandModuleConsumerPrices

Description

Calculates food prices that enter demand module

Usage

```
FoodDemandModuleConsumerPrices(gdx, level = "iso")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file level reg or iso

Value

magpie object

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- FoodDemandModuleConsumerPrices(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\sf FoodExpenditure}$

Food Expenditure

Description

Calculates the food expenditure in USD per year

FoodExpenditureShare 51

Usage

```
FoodExpenditure(
  gdx,
  level = "reg",
  after_shock = TRUE,
  products = "kfo",
  product_aggr = TRUE,
  per_capita = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level spatial aggregation. can be "iso", "reg", "regglo", "glo"

after_shock FALSE is using the exogenous real income and the prices before a shock, TRUE

is using the endogeenous real income that takes into account food price change on real income, "after_price_before_demand" takes into account price changes

on real income, but assumes no demand adjustment

products selected products or sets of products
product_aggr if true, aggregation over products
per_capita per capita or total population

Value

magpie object with per capita consumption

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- FoodExpenditure(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt FoodExpenditureShare} \quad \textit{FoodExpenditureShare}$

Description

Calculates the livestock share from the food demand model

52 foodmodelstat

Usage

```
FoodExpenditureShare(
  gdx,
  level = "reg",
  after_shock = TRUE,
  products = "kfo",
  product_aggr = T
)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level spatial aggregation. can be "iso", "reg", "regglo", "glo"

after_shock FALSE is using the exogenous real income and the prices before a shock, TRUE

is using the endogeenous real income that takes into account food price change

on real income

products selected products or sets of products product_aggr if true, aggregation over products

Value

magpie object with per capita consumption

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- FoodExpenditureShare(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

foodmodelstat

foodmodelstat

Description

MAgPIE food model statistics with information about convergence and number of iterations

Usage

```
foodmodelstat(gdx, file = NULL)
```

Forest Yield 53

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

Value

A MAgPIE object containing number of iterations and convergence information for each time step

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- foodmodelstat(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

ForestYield

ForestYield

Description

calculates timber yield out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
ForestYield(gdx, file = NULL, level = "cell")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "cell", "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo"

(regional and global) or any secdforest aggregation level defined in superAggre-

gate

Details

Forest yield for timber production

Value

Forest yield for timber production in tDM per ha per year

54 *gdxAggregate*

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra, Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- ForestYield(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

gdxAggregate

gdxAggregate

Description

aggregates and disaggregates on spatial scales using mappings from the gdx files. Very specific to MAgPIE.

Usage

```
gdxAggregate(gdx, x, weight = NULL, to, absolute = TRUE, dir = ".", ...)
```

Arguments

gdx	gdx file
x	object to be aggregated or disaggregated
weight	weight can be either an object or a functionname in "", where the function provides the weight
to	options: grid, cell, iso, reg, glo, regglo
absolute	is it a absolute or a relative value (absolute: tons, relative: tons per hectare)
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which containts cluster map $\!$
	further parameters handed on to weight function

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Edna J. Molina Bacca, Florian Humpenoeder

getDirectory 55

Examples

getDirectory

getDirectory

Description

support function to properly merge deprecated spamfiledirectory and dir input

Usage

```
getDirectory(dir, spamfiledirectory)
```

Arguments

```
dir new directory input spamfiledirectory old directory input
```

Value

a directory

getReport

getReport

Description

Puts together a report based on a MAgPIE gdx file

56 getReport

Usage

```
getReport(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  scenario = NULL,
  filter = c(1, 2, 7),
  detail = TRUE,
  dir = ".",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.report. If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
scenario	Name of the scenario used for the list-structure of a reporting object (x\$scenario\$MAgPIE). If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
filter	Modelstat filter. Here you have to set the modelstat values for which results should be used. All values for time steps in which the modelstat is different or for which one of the previous modelstats were different are set to NA.
detail	Crop specific (TRUE) or aggregated outputs (FALSE)
dir	for gridded intermediate outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)
	additional arguments for write.report. Will only be taken into account if argument "file" is not NULL.

Details

Reports are organize with 'l' as level delimiter and summation symbols for grouping subcategories into entities e.g. for stackplots. Notice the following hints for the summation symbol placement:

- Every name should just contain one summation symbol (mostly '+').
- The position of the symbol (counted in 'l' from left side) will determine the level.
- Every subitem containing the same summation symbol in the same level with the same supercategory name will be summed.
- Items without any summation symbol will ge ignored.
- Items with different summation symbols will be summed up separately.
- In most of the cases a summation symbol will be just placed before the last level (counted in 'l' from left side).
- It is helpful to think about which group of items should be stacked in a stackplot.

An example how a summation symbol placement could look like:

getReportAgMIP 57

```
Toplevel
Toplevel|+|Item 1
Toplevel|+|Item 2
Toplevel|Item 2|+|Subitem 1
Toplevel|Item 2|+|Subitem 1
Toplevel|++|Item A
Toplevel|++|Item B
Toplevel|Item ?
```

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the report in the case that "file" is NULL.

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- getReport(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

getReportAgMIP

getReportAgMIP

Description

Puts together a report for the Agricultural Model Intercom- parison and Improvement Project (Ag-MIP) based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
getReportAgMIP(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  scenario = NULL,
  filter = c(1, 2, 7),
  detail = TRUE,
  dir = ".",
  ...
)
```

58 getReportAgMIP

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.report. If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
scenario	Name of the scenario used for the list-structure of a reporting object (x\$scenario\$MAgPIE). If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
filter	Modelstat filter. Here you have to set the modelstat values for which results should be used. All values for time steps in which the modelstat is different or for which one of the previous modelstats were different are set to NA.
detail	Crop specific (TRUE) or aggregated outputs (FALSE)
dir	for gridded intermediate outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)
• • •	additional arguments for write.report. Will only be taken into account if argument "file" is not NULL.

Details

Reports are organize with 'l' as level delimiter and summation symbols for grouping subcategories into entities e.g. for stackplots. Notice the following hints for the summation symbol placement:

- Every name should just contain one summation symbol (mostly '+').
- The position of the symbol (counted in 'l' from left side) will determine the level.
- Every subitem containing the same summation symbol in the same level with the same supercategory name will be summed.
- Items without any summation symbol will ge ignored.
- Items with different summation symbols will be summed up separately.
- In most of the cases a summation symbol will be just placed before the last level (counted in 'l' from left side).
- It is helpful to think about which group of items should be stacked in a stackplot.

An example how a summation symbol placement could look like:

```
Toplevel
Toplevel|+|Item 1
Toplevel|+|Item 2
Toplevel|Item 2|+|Subitem 1
Toplevel|Item 2|+|Subitem 1
Toplevel|++|Item A
Toplevel|++|Item B
Toplevel|Item ?
```

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the report in the case that "file" is NULL.

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, Isabelle Weindl, Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- getReportAgMIP(gdx)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt getReportDemandStandalone}$

getReportDemandStandalone

Description

Puts together a report based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
getReportDemandStandalone(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  scenario = NULL,
  detail = FALSE,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.report. If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
scenario	Name of the scenario used for the list-structure of a reporting object (x\$scenario\$MAgPIE). If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
detail	Crop specific (TRUE) or aggregated outputs (FALSE)
	additional arguments for write.report. Will only be taken into account if argument "file" is not NULL.

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the report in the case that "file" is NULL.

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- getReportDemandStandalone(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
{\it get Report Dietary Indicators} \\ {\it get Report Dietary Indicators}
```

Description

reports dietary indicators on the country level. These are formatted as data.frames describing: 1. population, anthropometrics, and intake 2. caloric intake by food category (without food waste)

Usage

```
getReportDietaryIndicators(gdx, scenario)
```

Arguments

gdx filepath of the GDX file

scenario character string describing the scenario configuration

Value

list of data.frames for the dietary indicators

Author(s)

Michael Crawford, Felicitas Beier, Benjamin Bodirsky

```
## Not run:
    getReportDietaryIndicators(gdx, scenario)
## End(Not run)
```

```
getReportFableScenathon
```

getReportFableScenathon

Description

Collects outputs from MAgPIE runs for FABLE Scenathon.

Usage

```
getReportFableScenathon(gdx, file = NULL, iso = NULL)
```

Arguments

gdx a GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write report. If 'NULL' the

report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object. For the easier reporting in Sce-

nathon tabs, a .csv file extension is recommenended.

iso country/region selection. Default 'NULL', i.e. all 'regglo' reporting

Author(s)

Miodrag Stevanovic

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- getReportFableScenathon(gdx, file = "magpie2scenathon.csv", iso = "IND")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

getReportFSECAlessandroPassaro

getReportFSECAless and roPass aro

Description

Collects reports for Alessandro Passaro's analysis

Usage

```
getReportFSECAlessandroPassaro(
  magpieOutputDir,
  reportOutputDir = NULL,
  scenario = NULL
)
```

62 getReportFSECCosts

Arguments

magpieOutputDir

a magpie output directory which contains all the files associate with the given

scenario

reportOutputDir

a folder name for the output to be written to. If NULL the report is not saved to

disk, and only returned to the calling function.

scenario the name of the scenario used. If NULL the report is not saved to disk, and only

returned to the calling function.

Value

A list of reports

Author(s)

Michael Crawford

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- getReportFSECAlessandroPassaro(magpieOutputDir)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

getReportFSECCosts

getReportFSECCosts

Description

Reports cost indicators for the FSEC project

Usage

```
getReportFSECCosts(gdx, reportOutputDir = NULL, scenario = NULL)
```

Arguments

gdx a GDX file

reportOutputDir

a folder name for the output to be written to. If NULL the report is not saved to

disk, and only returned to the calling function.

scenario the name of the scenario used. If NULL the report is not saved to disk, and only

returned to the calling function.

Value

A .csv containing the summed output of reportCostsAccounting on the region level

Author(s)

Michael Crawford

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- getReportFSECCosts(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
{\it getReportFSECCropDiversityGrid} \\ {\it getReportFSECCropDiversityGrid}
```

Description

Reports grid cell level crop diversity for the FSEC project

Usage

```
getReportFSECCropDiversityGrid(
  gdx,
  reportOutputDir = NULL,
  magpieOutputDir,
  scenario = NULL
)
```

Arguments

a folder name for the output to be written to. If NULL the report is not saved to disk, and only returned to the calling function.

magpieOutputDir

a magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (clustermap*.rds) for the disaggregation of grid output

scenario

the name of the scenario used. If NULL the report is not saved to disk, and only returned to the calling function.

Value

A list of MAgPIE objects containing the reports

Author(s)

```
Patrick v. Jeetze
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- getReportFSECCropDiversityGrid(gdx, magpieOutputDir)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt getReportFSECPollution}$

getReportFSECPollution

Description

Reports nutrient surplus indicators for the FSEC project

Usage

```
getReportFSECPollution(
  magpieOutputDir,
  reportOutputDir = NULL,
  scenario = NULL
)
```

Arguments

magpieOutputDir

a magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (clustermap*.rds) for the disaggregation of grid output

reportOutputDir

a folder name for the output to be written to. If NULL the report is not saved to disk, and only returned to the calling function.

scenario

the name of the scenario used. If NULL the report is not saved to disk, and only returned to the calling function.

Value

A list of MAgPIE objects containing the reports

Author(s)

Michael Crawford

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- getReportFSECPollution(gdx, magpieOutputDir)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt getReportFSECSimonDietz}$

getReportFSECSimonDietz

Description

Collects reports for Simon Dietz' social welfare function analysis

Usage

```
getReportFSECSimonDietz(
  magpieOutputDir,
  reportOutputDir = NULL,
  scenario = NULL
)
```

Arguments

magpieOutputDir

a magpie output directory which contains all the files associate with the given

reportOutputDir

a folder name for the output to be written to. If NULL the report is not saved to

disk, and only returned to the calling function.

scenario

the name of the scenario used. If NULL the report is not saved to disk, and only

returned to the calling function.

Value

A list of reports

Author(s)

Michael Crawford

```
## Not run:
    x <- getReportFSECSimonDietz(magpieOutputDir)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
{\it getReportFSECStevenLord} \\ {\it getReportFSECStevenLord}
```

Description

Collects reports for Steven Lord's cost of action / cost of inaction analysis.

Usage

```
getReportFSECStevenLord(magpieOutputDir, reportOutputDir, scenario)
```

Arguments

magpieOutputDir

a magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (clustermap*.rds) for the disaggregation of grid output

reportOutputDir

a folder name for the output to be written to. If NULL the report is not saved to

disk, and only returned to the calling function.

scenario

the name of the scenario used. If NULL the report is not saved to disk, and only

returned to the calling function.

Author(s)

Michael Crawford

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- getReportFSECStevenLord(magpieOutputDir)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt getReportGridEmissions}$

getReportGridEmissions

Description

Reports all grid-level emissions available for a magpie scenario

getReportGridINMS 67

Usage

```
getReportGridEmissions(
  magpieOutputDir,
  reportOutputDir = NULL,
  scenario = NULL
)
```

Arguments

magpieOutputDir

a magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (clustermap*.rds) for the disaggregation of grid output

reportOutputDir

a folder name for the output to be written to. If NULL the report is not saved to $% \left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{ 1\right\} =$

disk, and only returned to the calling function.

scenario

the name of the scenario used. If NULL the report is not saved to disk, and only returned to the calling function.

Value

A list of MAgPIE objects containing the reports

Author(s)

Michael Crawford

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- getReportGridEmissions(gdx, magpieOutputDir)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

getReportGridINMS

getReportGridINMS

Description

Generates and saves a list of reports relevant to the INMS context

getReportGridINMS

Usage

```
getReportGridINMS(
  gdx,
  reportOutputDir = NULL,
  magpieOutputDir,
  scenario = NULL,
  filter = c(2, 7),
  version = "v13"
)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file reportOutputDir

Directory in which the reports are to be saved. If NULL, a list of reports (MAg-

PIE objects) is returned instead

magpieOutputDir

Directory containing the MAgPIE run which is to be processed

scenario Name of the scenario used for the list-structure of a reporting object (x\$scenario\$MAgPIE).

If NULL a list of reports (MAgPIE objects) is returned instead.

filter Modelstat filter. Here you have to set the modelstat values for which results

should be used. All values for time steps in which the modelstat is different or

for which one of the previous modelstats were different are set to NA.

version Version number for this analysis

Value

A list of reports (MAgPIE objects)

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Florian Humpenoeder, Michael Crawford

```
## Not run:
x <- getReportGridINMS(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
{\it get} Report Grid Nitrogen Pollution \\ {\it get} Report Grid Nitrogen Pollution
```

Description

Reports nutrient surplus indicators as well as exceedance of the critical nitrogen surplus at the grid level

Usage

```
getReportGridNitrogenPollution(
  magpieOutputDir,
  reportOutputDir = NULL,
  scenario = NULL
)
```

Arguments

magpieOutputDir

a magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (clustermap*.rds) for the disaggregation of grid output

reportOutputDir

a folder name for the output to be written to. If NULL the report is not saved to

disk, and only returned to the calling function.

scenario

the name of the scenario used. If NULL the report is not saved to disk, and only

returned to the calling function.

Value

A list of MAgPIE objects containing the reports

Author(s)

Michael Crawford

```
## Not run:
    x <- getReportGridNitrogenPollution(gdx, magpieOutputDir)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

70 getReportINMS

Description

Puts together a report for the INMS project based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
getReportINMS(
   gdx,
   file = NULL,
   scenario = NULL,
   filter = c(2, 7),
   detail = TRUE,
   dir = ".",
   ...
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.report. If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
scenario	Name of the scenario used for the list-structure of a reporting object (x\$scenario\$MAgPIE). If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
filter	Modelstat filter. Here you have to set the modelstat values for which results should be used. All values for time steps in which the modelstat is different or for which one of the previous modelstats were different are set to NA.
detail	Crop specific (TRUE) or aggregated outputs (FALSE)
dir	directory with spamfiles
•••	additional arguments for write.report. Will only be taken into account if argument "file" is not NULL.

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the report in the case that "file" is NULL.

Author(s)

Benjamin Bodirsky, Florian Humpenoeder

getReportIso 71

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- getReport(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt getReportIso}$

getReportIso

Description

Puts together a report based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
getReportIso(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  scenario = NULL,
  filter = c(1, 2, 7),
  detail = FALSE,
  dir = ".",
   ...
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.report. If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
scenario	Name of the scenario used for the list-structure of a reporting object (x\$scenario\$MAgPIE). If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
filter	Modelstat filter. Here you have to set the modelstat values for which results should be used. All values for time steps in which the modelstat is different or for which one of the previous modelstats were different are set to NA.
detail	Crop specific (TRUE) or aggregated outputs (FALSE)
dir	magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation
	additional arguments for write.report. Will only be taken into account if argument "file" is not NULL.

72 getReportIso

Details

Reports are organize with 'l' as level delimiter and summation symbols for grouping subcategories into entities e.g. for stackplots. Notice the following hints for the summation symbol placement:

- Every name should just contain one summation symbol (mostly '+').
- The position of the symbol (counted in 'l' from left side) will determine the level.
- Every subitem containing the same summation symbol in the same level with the same supercategory name will be summed.
- Items without any summation symbol will ge ignored.
- Items with different summation symbols will be summed up separately.
- In most of the cases a summation symbol will be just placed before the last level (counted in 'l' from left side).
- It is helpful to think about which group of items should be stacked in a stackplot.

An example how a summation symbol placement could look like:

```
Toplevel
Toplevel|+|Item 1
Toplevel|+|Item 2
Toplevel|Item 2|+|Subitem 1
Toplevel|Item 2|+|Subitem 1
Toplevel|++|Item A
Toplevel|++|Item B
Toplevel|Item ?
```

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the report in the case that "file" is NULL.

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

```
## Not run:
x <- getReport(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
{\tt getReportMAgPIE2GAINS} \quad \textit{getReportMAgPIE2GAINS}
```

Description

Puts together a report for the IIASA GAINS model based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
getReportMAgPIE2GAINS(
  gdx,
  folder = NULL,
  scenario = NULL,
  filter = c(2, 7),
  dir = ".",
  ...
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
folder	a folder name the output should be written to using write.report. If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
scenario	Name of the scenario used for the list-structure of a reporting object (x scenario $MAgPIE$). If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
filter	Modelstat filter. Here you have to set the modelstat values for which results should be used. All values for time steps in which the modelstat is different or for which one of the previous modelstats were different are set to NA.
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation
•••	additional arguments for write.report. Will only be taken into account if argument "file" is not NULL.

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the report in the case that "file" is NULL.

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Florian Humpenoeder

```
{\tt getReportMAgPIE2LPJmL} \quad \textit{getReportMAgPIE2LPJmL}
```

Description

Puts together a report for LPJmL or other biophysical models based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
getReportMAgPIE2LPJmL(
   gdx,
   folder = NULL,
   scenario = NULL,
   filter = c(2, 7),
   dir = ".",
   spamfiledirectory = "",
   ...
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
folder	a folder name the output should be written to using write.report. If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
scenario	Name of the scenario used for the list-structure of a reporting object (x scenario $MAgPIE$). If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
filter	Modelstat filter. Here you have to set the modelstat values for which results should be used. All values for time steps in which the modelstat is different or for which one of the previous modelstats were different are set to NA.
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation
spamfiledirecto	pry
	deprecated. please use dir instead
•••	additional arguments for write.report. Will only be taken into account if argument "file" is not NULL.

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the report in the case that "file" is NULL.

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- getReportMAgPIE2LPJmL(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

getReportMAgPIE2REMIND

getReportMAgPIE2REMIND

Description

Based on a MAgPIE gdx file, a report is generated containing only the variables relevant for the coupling with REMIND. Basically a copy of getReport, but calling less 'reportXY()' functions.

Usage

```
getReportMAgPIE2REMIND(gdx, file = NULL, scenario = NULL)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	A file name the output should be written to using write.report. If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
scenario	Name of the scenario used for the list-structure of a reporting object (x\$scenario\$MAgPIE). If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.

Details

Reports are organized with 'l' as level delimiter and summation symbols for grouping subcategories into entities e.g. for stackplots. Notice the following hints for the summation symbol placement:

- Every name should just contain one summation symbol (mostly '+').
- The position of the symbol (counted in 'l' from left side) will determine the level.
- Every subitem containing the same summation symbol in the same level with the same supercategory name will be summed.
- Items without any summation symbol will be silently ignored.
- Items with different summation symbols will be summed up separately.
- In most of the cases a summation symbol will be just placed before the last level (counted in 'l' from left side).
- It is helpful to think about which group of items should be stacked in a stackplot.

An example how a summation symbol placement could look like:

```
Toplevel
Toplevel|+|Item 1
Toplevel|+|Item 2
Toplevel|Item 2|+|Subitem 1
Toplevel|Item 2|+|Subitem 1
Toplevel|++|Item A
Toplevel|++|Item B
Toplevel|Item ?
```

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the report.

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, David Klein

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- getReportMAgPIE2REMIND(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt getReportPB} indicators \quad {\tt getReportPB} indicators$

Description

Puts together all reporting variables for planetary boundary indicators of MAgPIE

```
getReportPBindicators(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  scenario = NULL,
  filter = c(1, 2, 7),
  dir = ".",
  ...
)
```

getReportPBindicators 77

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.report. If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
scenario	Name of the scenario used for the list-structure of a reporting object (x\$scenario\$MAgPIE). If NULL the report is returned instead as a MAgPIE object.
filter	Modelstat filter. Here you have to set the modelstat values for which results should be used. All values for time steps in which the modelstat is different or for which one of the previous modelstats were different are set to NA.
dir	for gridded intermediate outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)
	additional arguments for write.report. Will only be taken into account if argument "file" is not NULL.

Details

Reports are organize with 'l' as level delimiter and summation symbols for grouping subcategories into entities e.g. for stackplots. Notice the following hints for the summation symbol placement:

- Every name should just contain one summation symbol (mostly '+').
- The position of the symbol (counted in 'l' from left side) will determine the level.
- Every subitem containing the same summation symbol in the same level with the same supercategory name will be summed.
- Items without any summation symbol will ge ignored.
- Items with different summation symbols will be summed up separately.
- In most of the cases a summation symbol will be just placed before the last level (counted in 'l' from left side).
- It is helpful to think about which group of items should be stacked in a stackplot.

An example how a summation symbol placement could look like:

```
Toplevel
Toplevel|+|Item 1
Toplevel|+|Item 2
Toplevel|Item 2|+|Subitem 1
Toplevel|Item 2|+|Subitem 1
Toplevel|++|Item A
Toplevel|++|Item B
Toplevel|Item ?
```

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the report in the case that "file" is NULL.

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

78 grassyld

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- getReport(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

grassyld

grassland yields

Description

Calculates grassland yields based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
grassyld(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

A MAgPIE object containing grassland yields values

Author(s)

Marcos Alves

```
## Not run:
x <- grassyld(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

GrowingStock 79

Description

reads woody growing stock out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
GrowingStock(gdx, file = NULL, level = "regglo", indicator = "relative")
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "cell", "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any secdforest aggregation level defined in superAggregate
indicator	If the reported numbers are relative (mio m3/ha) or absolute (mio. m3). Default is relative.

Details

Growing stock for producing woody materials consist of growing stock from plantations (forestry), secondary and primary forest as well as other land (natveg)

Value

Growing stock in m3 per ha

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

```
## Not run:
x <- GrowingStock(gdx)
## End(Not run)
```

80 hourlyLaborCosts

```
harvested\_area\_timber \quad harvested\_area\_timber
```

Description

Reads wood harvest area separated by source (primforest, secdforest, forestry, other) and age classes from a gdx. The data is on cluster level and the unit is Mha per year.

Usage

```
harvested_area_timber(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "cell",
  aggregateAgeClasses = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gdx A fulldata.gdx of a magpie run, usually with endogenous forestry enabled

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "cell", "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo"

(regional and global) or any secdforest aggregation level defined in superAggre-

gate

 ${\tt aggregateAgeClasses}$

If TRUE, age classes are aggregated

Value

Area harvested for wood in Mha per year as a magpie object

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra, Pascal Sauer

hourlyLaborCosts

hourlyLaborCosts

Description

returns hourly labor costs in agriculture from MAgPIE results

```
hourlyLaborCosts(gdx, level = "reg", file = NULL)
```

Hunger 81

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level spatial aggregation to report employment ("iso", "reg", "glo", or "regglo")

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

Value

hourly labor costs in agriculture

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- hourlyLaborCosts(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

Hunger

Hunger

Description

Calculates the share of people living in hunger.

Usage

```
Hunger(
  gdx,
  level = "reg",
  after_shock = TRUE,
  calibrated = FALSE,
  share = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
level	spatial aggregation. can be "iso", "reg", "regglo", "glo"
after_shock	FALSE is using the exogenous real income and the prices before a shock, TRUE is using the endogenous real income that takes into account food price change on real income
calibrated	if calibrated is TRUE, kcal values are calibrated to better match historical years
share	share of population that is undernourished

82 income

Value

magpie object with hunger (mio people) or hunger share

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- Hunger(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

income

income

Description

Calculates income based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
income(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  per_capita = TRUE,
  type = "ppp",
  after_shock = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
per_capita	income per capita or aggregated for the total population
type	ppp for purchase power parity, mer for market exchange rate
after_shock	FALSE is using the exogenous real income, TRUE is using the endogenous real income that takes into account food price change on real income

Intake 83

Value

annual income as MAgPIE object (unit depends on per_capita: US\$2017 MER/cap/yr (TRUE), US\$2017 MER/yr (FALSE))

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, Benjamin Bodirsky, Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- income(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

Intake

Intake

Description

Calculates the per-capita kcal intake from the food demand model

Usage

```
Intake(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  calibrated = TRUE,
  pregnancy = FALSE,
  per_capita = TRUE,
  age = FALSE,
  sex = FALSE,
  bmi_groups = FALSE,
  dir = ".",
  spamfiledirectory = ""
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "iso" ISO country codes, "reg" (regional), "glo" (global)
calibrated	if FALSE, the true regression outputs are used, if TRUE the values calibrated to

the start years are used

84 IntakeDetailed

```
pregnancy if TRUE, adding the intake requirements for lactation and pregnancy

per_capita per capita or aggregated for the population

age if FALSE age and sex is aggregated

sex if TRUE, data is provided by sex

bmi_groups if TRUE data is proided by BMI group

dir for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation

spamfiledirectory

deprecated, please use dir instead
```

Details

Demand definitions are equivalent to FAO Food supply categories

Value

calories as MAgPIE object (unit depends on per_capita: kcal/cap/day (TRUE), kcal/day (FALSE))

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- Intake(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

IntakeDetailed

IntakeDetailed

Description

Calculates detailed or aggregated per-capita kcal intake including exogenous scenarios

```
IntakeDetailed(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  product_aggr = FALSE,
  dir = ".",
  spamfiledirectory = ""
)
```

IntakeDetailedProtein 85

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
product_aggr	aggregate over products or not (boolean)
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)
	for disaggregation
spamfiledirect	ory
	deprecated. please use dir instead

Details

Calculation of kcal food intake is possible for both exogenous diet scenarios and endogenous estimation from food demand model

Value

```
Calories as MAgPIE object (unit: kcal/cap/day)
```

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- IntakeDetailed(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

IntakeDetailedProtein IntakeDetailedProtein

Description

Calculates food-specific per-capita protein intake from magpie results in grams.

```
IntakeDetailedProtein(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  product_aggr = FALSE,
  dir = "."
)
```

86 Kcal

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate

product_aggr aggregate over products or not (boolean)

dir for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)

for disaggregation

Value

Protein intake as MAgPIE object (unit: grams/cap/day)

Author(s)

Vartika Singh, Isabelle Weindl

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- IntakeDetailedProtein(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

Kcal

Kcal

Description

Calculates the per-capita kcal consumption from the food demand model

```
Kcal(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  products = "kfo",
  product_aggr = TRUE,
  after_shock = TRUE,
  calibrated = TRUE,
  magpie_input = FALSE,
  attributes = "kcal",
  per_capita = TRUE,
  dir = ".",
  spamfiledirectory = ""
```

Kcal 87

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
	Level of regional aggregation; "iso" ISO country codes, "reg" (regional), "glo" (global)
	Selection of products (either by naming products, e.g. "tece", or naming a set,e.g. "kcr")
product_aggr	aggregate over products or not (boolean)
;	FALSE is using the exogenous real income and the prices before a shock, TRUE is using the endogenous real income that takes into account food price change on real income
	if FALSE, the true regression outputs are used, if TRUE the values calibrated to the start years are used
	TRUE or FALSE. This setting is only activate if arguments "calibrated" and "after_shock" are set to TRUE and else ignored. If set as TRUE, the per-capita kcal consumption values finally entering MAgPIE as input are used, which drive the behaviour of the MAgPIE model, excluding countries not listed in FAO. If set as FALSE, the per-capita kcal consumption values as calculated in the food demand model are used, including countries not listed in FAO.
	unit: kilocalories per day ("kcal"), g protein per day ("protein"). Mt reactive nitrogen ("nr").
per_capita	per capita or aggregated for the population
	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation
spamfiledirector	
1	deprecated. please use dir instead

Details

Demand definitions are equivalent to FAO Food supply categories

Value

calories as MAgPIE object (unit depends on per_capita: kcal/cap/day (TRUE), kcal/day (FALSE))

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Isabelle Weindl

```
## Not run:
   x <- Kcal(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

88 laborCosts

|--|

Description

reads labor costs for crop and livestock production from gdx file

Usage

```
laborCosts(gdx, products = "kcr", file = NULL, level = "grid", dir = ".")
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
products	products for which labor costs should be reported ("kcr" or "kli", for other products use factor $Costs(\tt))$
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation ("grid" or "iso", for regional/global use factor-Costs()) $$
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation

Value

MAgPIE object containing labor costs [million US\$17]

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

```
## Not run:
x <- laborCosts(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

laborProductivity 89

laborProductivity

laborProductivity

Description

calculates labor productivity in crop sector (kg DM per hour) from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
laborProductivity(gdx, level = "reg", productAggr = TRUE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level spatial aggregation to report productivity ("cell", "reg", "regglo", "glo")

Value

labor productivity in crop sector (kg DM per hour)

Author(s)

Xiaoxi Wang, Ruiying Du, Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- laborProductivity(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

land

land

Description

reads land out of a MAgPIE gdx file

90 land

Usage

```
land(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  types = NULL,
  subcategories = NULL,
  sum = FALSE,
  dir = ".",
  spamfiledirectory = ""
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in gdxAggregate
types	NULL or a vector of strings. If NULL, all land types are used. Options are "crop", "past", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest, "urban", "other", "primother" and "secdother"
subcategories	NULL or vector of strings. If $NULL,$ no subcategories are returned. Meaningful options are "crop, "forestry" and "other"
sum	determines whether output should be land-type-specific (FALSE) or aggregated over all types (TRUE).
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation
spamfiledirectory	

Value

```
land as MAgPIE object (Mha)
```

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich, Florian Humpenoeder, Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Patrick v. Jeetze

deprecated. please use dir instead

See Also

```
{\tt reportLandUse}
```

```
## Not run:
x <- land(gdx)</pre>
```

landCarbonSink 91

```
## End(Not run)
```

landCarbonSink Land Carbon Sink Adjustment Factors

Description

Indirect human-induced emissions in the land use system

Usage

```
landCarbonSink(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  cumulative = FALSE,
  baseyear = 1995,
  source = "Grassi"
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file	
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie	
level	evel level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global).	
cumulative	Logical; Determines if emissions are reported annually (FALSE) or cumulative (TRUE). The starting point for cumulative emissions is y1995.	
baseyear	Baseyear used for cumulative emissions (default = 1995)	
source	Currently only "Grassi", which uses pre-calculated adjustment factors from Grassi et al 2021 (DOI 10.1038/s41558-021-01033-6). Can be extended in the future to also include "PIK", based on data from LPImL.	

Details

Calculates global and regional Land Carbon Sink Adjustment Factors

Value

Land Carbon Sink Adjustment Factors (Mt CO2 per year or cumulative)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

92 landForestry

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- landCarbonSink(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

landForestry

landForestry

Description

reads and compiles forestry land subcategories from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
landForestry(gdx, file = NULL, level = "reg")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional

and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate

Value

land as MAgPIE object (Mha)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

See Also

```
reportLandUse
```

```
## Not run:
    x <- land(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

land_price 93

land_price	land_price	

Description

Calculates MAgPIE MAgPIE land shadow prices based on a gdx file

Usage

```
land_price(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  ignore_lowbound = FALSE,
  absolute = TRUE,
  digits = 4
)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate

ignore_lowbound

Some shadow prices are positive (see Details), corresponding to a lower bound for that pool. TRUE sets them to 0. Default value: FALSE.

absolute Should the absolute value of all the marginals be taken into calculations? TRUE (default) of FALSE. See Details.

digits rounding accuracy for the output

Details

The land price is obtained through marginals of the "oq_cropland" constraint. The majority of these marginals are negative values, and a negligible number of them are positive. This is the consequence of the constraint binding either on upper or lower level. The parameter <code>ignore_lowbound</code> removes all the positive marginals from land price calculation (negligible), and parameter absolute transforms them into negative values (to be all together reported as positive values at the final calculation).

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the land shadow prices (US\$2017/ha).

Author(s)

Markus Bonsch, Misko Stevanovic

94 lastIter

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- land_price(level="regglo", products="kcr")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

lastIter

lastIter

Description

Returns the value of a parameter in the last iteration

Usage

```
lastIter(gdx, param, secondlast = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

param Parameter to be returned

secondlast if TRUE, reads the secondlast iteration. For MAgPIE results, usually there is no

last iteration as the food demand model reaches convergence before MAgPIE

starts.

Value

magpie object

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

```
## Not run:
    x <- lastIter(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

LivestockDemStructure 95

LivestockDemStructure LivestockDemStructure

Description

Calculates the share of different livestock commodities in total livestock product consumption on the basis of chosen attribute

Usage

```
LivestockDemStructure(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  after_shock = TRUE,
  calibrated = TRUE,
  attributes = "kcal",
  fish = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "iso" ISO country codes, "reg" (regional), "glo" (global)
after_shock	FALSE is using the exogenous real income and the prices before a shock, TRUE is using the endogeenous real income that takes into account food price change on real income
calibrated	if FALSE, the true regression outputs are used, if TRUE the values calibrated to the start years are used
attributes	unit: kilocalories per day ("kcal"), g protein per day ("protein"). Mt reactive nitrogen ("nr").
fish	if true, livestock share includes fish, otherwhise not

Value

magpie object with the livestock demand structure in a region or country. Unit is dimensionsless, but value depends on chosen attribute

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

LivestockShare

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- LivestockDemStructure(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

LivestockShare

LivestockShare

Description

Calculates the livestock share from the food demand model

Usage

```
LivestockShare(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  after_shock = TRUE,
  calibrated = TRUE,
  attributes = "kcal",
  fish = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "iso" ISO country codes, "reg" (regional), "glo" (global)
after_shock	FALSE is using the exogenous real income and the prices before a shock, TRUE is using the endogenous real income that takes into account food price change on real income
calibrated	if FALSE, the true regression outputs are used, if TRUE the values calibrated to the start years are used $$
attributes	unit: kilocalories per day ("kcal"), g protein per day ("protein"). Mt reactive nitrogen (" nr ").
fish	if true, livestock share includes fish, otherwhise not

Value

magpie object with the livestock share in a region or country. Unit is dimensionsless, but value depends on chosen attribute

malmquist 97

Author(s)

Benjamin Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- LivestockShare(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt malmquist}$

malmquist

Description

calcluates malmquist index based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
malmquist(gdx, file = NULL)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the malmquist index

Author(s)

Xiaoxi Wang

```
## Not run:
    x <- malmquist(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

98 ManureExcretion

ManureExcretion

ManureExcretion

Description

downscales Manure Excretion

Usage

```
ManureExcretion(
  gdx,
  level = "reg",
  products = "kli",
  awms = c("grazing", "stubble_grazing", "fuel", "confinement"),
  agg = TRUE,
  dir = "."
)
```

directory with spamfiles

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level aggregation level: glo, reg, cell, grid, iso

products livestock products

awms large animal waste management categories: "grazing", "stubble_grazing", "fuel", "confinement"),

agg aggregation over "awms" or over "products".

Value

dir

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

```
## Not run:
    x <- ManureExcretion(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

metadata_comments 99

 $metadata_comments$

 $metadata_comments$

Description

set metadata comments to magpie4 objects

Usage

```
metadata_comments(x, unit, description, comment, note)
```

Arguments

x magpie object (magpie4)

unit provide unit

description provide short description

comment optional comment

note optional note

Value

vector of comments following order of input (unit, description, comment, note - further: origin, creation data)

Author(s)

Benjamin Bodirsky, Jannes Breier

```
## Not run:
    x <- metadata_comments(x,unit,description,comment,note)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

100 m_yeardiff

modelstat

modelstat

Description

MAgPIE model stat of all optimizations - main optimization and (if used) presolve optimization.

Usage

```
modelstat(gdx, file = NULL)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

file

a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the modelstat

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- modelstat(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

m_yeardiff

m_yeardiff

Description

Calculates the parameter m_yeardiff, which is a macro within MAgPIE.

Usage

```
m_yeardiff(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

NetForestChange 101

Value

a magpie object with the length of each timestep

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- m_yeardiff(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

NetForestChange

NetForestChange

Description

Calculates net forest change based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
NetForestChange(gdx, file = NULL, level = "cell", lowpass = 3)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional

and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate

lowpass number of lowpass filter iterations (default = 3)

Value

Net Forest Change as MAgPIE object (Mha per year)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

```
## Not run:
x <- NetForestChange(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

NitrogenBudget

NitrogenBudget

NitrogenBudget

Description

calculates projections of Nitrogen Budgets for Croplands (Tg Nr per) from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
NitrogenBudget(
  gdx,
  include_emissions = FALSE,
  level = "reg",
  dir = ".",
  debug = FALSE,
  cropTypes = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} $\sf gdx$ & $\sf GDX$ file \\ $\sf include_emissions $\end{tabular}$

TRUE also divides the N surplus into different emissions

level aggregation level, reg, glo or regglo, cell, iso or grid

dir for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)

for disaggregation

debug mode TRUE makes some consistency checks between estimates for dif-

ferent resolutions.

cropTypes FALSE for aggregate results; TRUE for crop-specific results

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Michael Crawford, Edna J. Molina Bacca, Florian Humpenoeder

```
## Not run:
x <- NitrogenBudget(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

NitrogenBudgetNonagland

NitrogenBudgetNonagland

Description

calculates projections of Nitrogen Budgets for non-agricutlural land from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
NitrogenBudgetNonagland(gdx, level = "reg", dir = ".")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level aggregation level, reg, glo or regglo

dir for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)

for disaggregation

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Edna J. Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- NitrogenBudgetNonagland(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt NitrogenBudgetPasture} \ \ {\it NitrogenBudgetPasture}$

Description

calculates projections of Nitrogen Budgets for Croplands from a MAgPIE gdx file

```
NitrogenBudgetPasture(gdx, include_emissions = FALSE, level = "reg", dir = ".")
```

Arguments

```
GDX file
include_emissions
```

TRUE also divides the N surplus into different emissions

level aggregation level, reg, glo or regglo, cell, grid, iso

dir for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)

for disaggregation

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Edna J. Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- NitrogenBudgetPasture(gdx)</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

NitrogenBudgetWithdrawals

NitrogenBudgetWithdrawals

Description

calculates projections of Nitrogen Budgets withdrawals for Croplands from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
NitrogenBudgetWithdrawals(
  gdx,
  kcr = "sum",
  net = TRUE,
  level = "reg",
  dir = "."
)
```

Arguments gdx

kcr	"sum" provides the totals over all crops, "kcr" provides outputs by kcr
net	TRUE only provides total net-withdrawals, otherwise all categories are returned
	(fixation and seed are returned positive, not negative)

level aggregation level, reg, glo or regglo, cell, grid or iso

dir for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)

for disaggregation

GDX file

out 105

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Michael Crawford

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- NitrogenBudgetWithdrawals(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

out

out

Description

Function to safely returns parameters. Function returns either the output or writes it to a file. Please use this function when you write own GDX output functions.

Usage

```
out(x,file)
```

Arguments

x an object that can be converted to a MAgPIE object

file file name of a file it should be written to. NULL, if x should be returned instead

to be written to a file.

Value

```
NULL or x as MAgPIE object
```

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich

106 outputPerWorker

outputCheck

outputCheck

Description

Function to check a MAgPIE gdx file for known problems (e.g. non-zero dummy variables). The function will throw warnings for problem found in the outputs.

Usage

```
outputCheck(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich

Examples

```
## Not run:
outputCheck(gdx)
## End(Not run)
```

outputPerWorker

outputPerWorker

Description

returns output per worker in crop+livestock production

Usage

```
outputPerWorker(gdx, level = "reg", file = NULL)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level spatial aggregation to report employment ("reg", "glo", or "regglo") file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

Value

output per worker as magpie object

PeatlandArea 107

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- outputPerWorker(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

PeatlandArea

PeatlandArea

Description

reads peatland area out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
PeatlandArea(gdx, file = NULL, level = "cell", sum = TRUE)
```

Arguments

)X	file
)X

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "cell", "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo"

(regional and global) or any aggregation level defined in superAggregate. In addition "climate" for the 3 climate regions tropical, temperate and boreal is

available.

sum over land types TRUE (default) or FALSE

Details

Intact, degraded and rewettet peatland area

Value

Peatland area in Mha

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

```
## Not run:
    x <- PeatlandArea(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

108 PeatlandEmissions

PeatlandEmissions

PeatlandEmissions

Description

reads peatland GHG emissions out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
PeatlandEmissions(
   gdx,
   file = NULL,
   level = "cell",
   unit = "gas",
   cumulative = FALSE,
   baseyear = 1995,
   lowpass = 0,
   sum = TRUE,
   intact = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "cell", "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo"

(regional and global) or any aggregation level defined in superAggregate. In addition "climate" for the 3 climate regions tropical, temperate and boreal is

available.

unit global warming potential (gwp) or gas (gas)

cumulative FALSE (default) or TRUE

baseyear used for cumulative emissions (default = 1995)

lowpass number of lowpass filter iterations (default = 0) sum sum over land types TRUE (default) or FALSE

intact report GHG emissions from intact peatlands FALSE (default) or TRUE

Details

Peatland GHG emissions: CO2, DOC, CH4 and N2O

Value

Peatland GHG emissions in Mt CO2eq (if unit="gwp") or Mt of the respective gas (if unit="gas")

PlantationEstablishment 109

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- PeatlandArea(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

PlantationEstablishment

PlantationEstablishment

Description

reads carbon stocks in harvested timber out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
PlantationEstablishment(gdx, file = NULL, level = "cell")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "cell", "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo"

(regional and global) or any secdforest aggregation level defined in superAggre-

gate

Details

Area newly established in current time step for future timber production

Value

Area newly for timber production

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

```
## Not run:
    x <- PlantationEstablishment(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

population population

population

population

Description

reads population out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
population(
   gdx,
   file = NULL,
   level = "reg",
   age = FALSE,
   sex = FALSE,
   bmi_groups = FALSE,
   dir = ".",
   spamfiledirectory = ""
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
age	if TRUE, population is split up by age groups
sex	if TRUE, population is split up by sex
bmi_groups	if TRUE, the population will be split up in body-mass-index groups.
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation
spamfiledirect	ory
	deprecated. please use dir instead

Value

```
population as MAgPIE object (million people)
```

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, Benjamin Bodirsky, Isabelle Weindl

See Also

```
reportPopulation
```

PriceElasticities 111

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- population(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

PriceElasticities

PriceElasticities

Description

Calculates the physical elasticity for food demand

GDX file

according to the scenario.

Usage

```
PriceElasticities(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  calibrated = TRUE,
  products = "kfo"
)
```

Arguments gdx

_	
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "iso" ISO country codes, "reg" (regional), "glo" (global)
calibrated	if FALSE, the true regression outputs are used, if TRUE the values calibrated to the start years are used
products	set of the products for which the elasticity should be estimated. Please note that this stills remains an elasticity relative to total food expenditure. So its the change in consumption of one good when the prices of all products change

Value

magpie object with the livestock share in a region or country. Unit is dimensionsless, but value depends on chosen attribute

Author(s)

Benjamin Bodirsky

112 PriceGHG

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- PriceElasticities(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

PriceGHG

PriceGHG

Description

reads GHG emission prices out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
PriceGHG(gdx, file = NULL, level = "reg", aggr = "max")
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
aggr	aggregation used for global value; "max" (maxium value accross regions) or

"weight" (weighted by population)

Value

GHG emission prices as MAgPIE object (US\$2017/tCO2, US\$2017/tN2O, US\$2017/tCH4)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, Amsalu W. Yalew

See Also

```
reportPriceGHG
```

```
## Not run:
    x <- PriceGHG(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

priceIndex 113

Description

calcluates price indicies based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
priceIndex(
   gdx,
   file = NULL,
   level = "reg",
   products = "kall",
   index = "lasp",
   chain = FALSE,
   baseyear = "y2005",
   round = TRUE,
   type = "consumer",
   product_aggr = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
products	Selection of products (either by naming products, e.g. "tece", or naming a set,e.g. "kcr")
index	"lasp" (Laspeyres-Index: baseyear weighting), "paas" (Paasche-Index: current weighting), "fish" (Fisher-Index: geometric mean of "lasp" and "paas")
chain	Chain Index: if true, the base period for each time period is the immediately preceding time period. Can be combined with all of the above indices
baseyear	baseyear of the price index
round	shall the results be rounded?
type	For whom are the prices important? "producer" are the prices that farmer face, as they also produce intermediate products (seed, feed). "consumer" are the prices for the end consumer faces (supermarket, bioenergy plant). Currently, the only difference is the basket composition (ideally, also prices should differ between regions)
product_aggr	aggregate over products or not (boolean)

114 priceIndexFood

Value

A MAgPIE object containing price indices for consumers or producers (depending on type)

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich, Florian Humpenoeder, Benjamin Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- priceIndex(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

priceIndexFood

priceIndexFood

Description

calcluates price indicies based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
priceIndexFood(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  index = "lasp",
  chain = FALSE,
  baseyear = "y2005",
  round = TRUE,
  product_aggr = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
index	"lasp" (Laspeyres-Index: baseyear weighting), "paas" (Paasche-Index: current weighting), "fish" (Fisher-Index: geometric mean of "lasp" and "paas")
chain	Chain Index: if true, the base period for each time period is the immediately preceding time period. Can be combined with all of the above indices

prices 115

baseyear of the price index. type model to take baseyear 2010 with literature

prices

round shall the results be rounded?

product_aggr aggregate over products or not (boolean)

Value

A MAgPIE object containing price indices for consumers or producers (depending on type)

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich, Florian Humpenoeder, Benjamin Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- priceIndexFood(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

prices

prices

Description

calcluates prices based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
prices(
   gdx,
   file = NULL,
   level = "reg",
   products = "kall",
   product_aggr = FALSE,
   attributes = "dm",
   type = "consumer",
   glo_weight = "production"
)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional

and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate

116 PrimSecdOtherLand

products Selection of products (either by naming products, e.g. "tece", or naming a

set,e.g."kcr")

product_aggr aggregate over products or not (boolean)

attributes USD05MER per ton X (dm,nr,p,k,wm) except gross energy (ge) where it is

USD05MER per GJ

type "consumer" or "producer" prices. Producers' prices are calculated on the re-

gional level as a sum of regional trade equation marginal values and respective global trade equation marginal values. For the non traded commodities, both

global and regional producers prices are set to zero instead of NaN.

glo_weight Decides the calculation of global prices. Weighting schemes are applied for es-

timation of global producer price. If "export" prices are calculated as average of regional exporters' prices, weighted by the export volumes. If "production" (default), prices are calculated as average of regional prices weighted by regional production. If "free_trade", the global prices are directly taken from the shadow prices of the global trade constraint, and no averaging is performed.

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the consumer's or producers' prices (unit depends on attributes)

Author(s)

Misko Stevanovic, Florian Humpenoeder, Jan Philipp Dietrich, Xiaoxi Wang, Edna J. Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- prices(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

PrimSecdOtherLand

PrimSecdOtherLand

Description

Calculates share of primary and secondary non-forest vegetation for different aggregation levels based on gridded magpie output and initial shares of primary and secondary non-forest vegetation.

Usage

```
PrimSecdOtherLand(
    x,
    ini_file,
    ini_year = "y1995",
    file = NULL,
```

PrimSecdOtherLand 117

```
level = "grid",
unit = "Mha"
)
```

Arguments

X	Time series of land pools (model output) containing only one aggregated class for other land. Can be a file or magclass object.
ini_file	Initialisation file for primary and secondary other land (e.g. based on 1995 MAgPIE land-use initialisation values). Must have the same spatial resolution as x.
ini_year	Reference year for estimating primary and secondary other land shares, must be included in ini_file.
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate. The unit of output for the cases above is Mha. If level "grid" is specified the unit of output can be chosen between "share" and "Mha".
unit	"Mha" or "share". Defines the unit of the gridded output, see also level.

Value

x including land area for primary and secondary non-forested vegetation in MAgPIE (other land) as MAgPIE object; either as unit of area (Mha) or as fraction of total land per grid cell (share).

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze, Kristine Karstens

```
## Not run:
x <- "./cell.land_0.5.nc"
land <- PrimSecdOtherLand(x)

# direct use of disaggregation output
land <- PrimSecdOtherLand(land_hr)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

118 processing

Description

Calculates MAgPIE disaggregated processing out of a gdx file

Usage

```
processing(
  gdx,
  level = "reg",
  product_aggr = FALSE,
  attributes = "dm",
  type = NULL,
  indicator = "secondary_from_primary"
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
level	Level of regional aggregation ("reg", "glo", "regglo")
product_aggr	aggregate over products or not (boolean)
attributes	dry matter: Mt ("dm"), gross energy: PJ ("ge"), reactive nitrogen: Mt ("nr"), phosphor: Mt ("p"), potash: Mt ("k"), wet matter: Mt ("wm"). Can also be a vector.
type	Demand type(s): "Food", "Feed", "Processing", "Material", "Bioenergy", "Seed", "Supply chain loss", "Domestic Balanceflow"; NULL returns all types
indicator	process or secondary product output

Details

Demand definitions are equivalent to FAO CBS categories

Value

```
processing as MAgPIE object (Unit depends on attributes)
```

Author(s)

David Chen, Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

production 119

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- processing(gdx = gdx, level="regglo", products="kcr", indicator="primary_to_process")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

production

production

Description

reads production out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
production(
   gdx,
   file = NULL,
   level = "reg",
   products = "kall",
   product_aggr = FALSE,
   attributes = "dm",
   water_aggr = TRUE,
   dir = ".",
   cumulative = FALSE,
   baseyear = 1995
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in gdxAggregate
products	Selection of products (either by naming products, e.g. "tece", or naming a set,e.g. "kcr")
product_aggr	aggregate over products or not (boolean)
attributes	dry matter: Mt ("dm"), gross energy: PJ ("ge"), reactive nitrogen: Mt ("nr"), phosphor: Mt ("p"), potash: Mt ("k"), wet matter: Mt ("wm"). Can also be a vector.
water_aggr	aggregate irrigated and non-irriagted production or not (boolean).
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation
cumulative	Logical; Determines if production is reported annually (FALSE, default) or cumulative (TRUE)
baseyear	Baseyear used for cumulative production (default = 1995)

120 productionProfit

Value

production as MAgPIE object (unit depends on attributes and cumulative)

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

```
reportProduction, demand
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- production(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt productionProfit}$

productionProfit

Description

calcluates aggregate producer profit based on a MAgPIE gdx file.

Usage

```
productionProfit(gdx, file = NULL, level = "reg", dir = ".")
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation

Value

A MAgPIE object containing producers profit in million \$US.

Author(s)

Miodrag Stevanovic

productionRevenue 121

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- productionProfit(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

productionRevenue

productionRevenue

Description

calcluates production revenue based on a MAgPIE gdx file.

Usage

```
productionRevenue(
   gdx,
   file = NULL,
   level = "reg",
   products = "kall",
   product_aggr = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional

and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate

products Selection of products (either by naming products, e.g. "tece", or naming a

set,e.g."kcr")

Value

A MAgPIE object containing prodcution revenues.

Author(s)

Miodrag Stevanovic

```
## Not run:
    x <- productionRevenue(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

122 protectedArea

Description

reads protectedArea out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
protectedArea(gdx, file = NULL, level = "cell", sum = FALSE, dir = ".")
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file	
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie	
level	Level of regional aggregation; "cell", "grid", "iso, "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any secdforest aggregation level defined in superAggregate	
sum	sum over land pools (default = FALSE)	
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation	

Details

protected areas in primforest, secdforest and other land

Value

protected area in Mha

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, Patrick v. Jeetze

```
## Not run:
x <- protectedArea(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
relative Hourly Labor Costs
```

relative Hourly Labor Costs

Description

calculates labor costs per ag. worker in relation to GDP pc

Usage

```
relativeHourlyLaborCosts(gdx, level = "reg", file = NULL)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level spatial aggregation to report ("iso", "reg", "glo", or "regglo")
file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

Value

labor costs per ag. worker in relation to GDP pc

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- relativeHourlyLaborCosts(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportAAI

reportAAI

Description

reports area actually irrigated

Usage

```
reportAAI(gdx)
```

124 reportAEI

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

Area actually irrigated as MAgPIE object. Unit: see names

Author(s)

Stephen Wirth, Anne Biewald

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportAEI(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportAEI

reportAEI

Description

reports Area equipped for Irrigation

Usage

```
reportAEI(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

Area equipped for Irrigation as MAgPIE object. Unit: see names

Author(s)

Stephen Wirth

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportAEI(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportAgEmployment 125

reportAgEmployment

reportAgEmployment

Description

reports employment in crop+livestock production from MAgPIE results

Usage

```
reportAgEmployment(
  gdx,
  type = "absolute",
  detail = FALSE,
  level = "regglo",
  dir = "."
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file	
type	"absolute" for total number of people employed, "share" for share out of working age population	
detail	if TRUE, employment is disaggregated to crop and livestock production, if FALSE only aggregated employment is reported	
level	spatial aggregation: "reg", "glo", "regglo", "iso"	
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation	

Value

agricultural employment as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportAgEmployment(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportAgGDP

reportAgGDP

Description

```
reports MAgPIE Agricultural GDP Mio. USD05 MER
```

Usage

```
reportAgGDP(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

Magpie object

Author(s)

Edna J. Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportAgGDP(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportAgriResearchIntensity

 ${\it reportAgriResearch Intensity}$

Description

reports Agricultural Research Intensity as

Usage

```
reportAgriResearchIntensity(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

reportAnthropometrics 127

Value

magpie object

Author(s)

David Chen

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportAgriResearchIntensity(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportAnthropometrics} \ \ \textit{reportAnthropometrics}$

Description

reports Underweight, Normalweight, Overweight and Obesity as well as body height for males and females

Usage

```
reportAnthropometrics(gdx, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level spatial aggregation: "reg", "glo", "regglo", "iso"

Value

Magpie object

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

```
## Not run:
x <- reportBodyweight(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportBII

reportBII

Description

reports biodiversity intactness index

Usage

```
reportBII(gdx, dir = ".")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

dir magpie output directory that contains gridded BII data

Value

Biodiversity intactness index as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze, Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportBII(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportBioplasticDemand

reportBioplasticDemand

Description

reports demand for bioplastic and demand for substrate for bioplastic production from MAgPIE results

Usage

```
reportBioplasticDemand(gdx, detail = TRUE, level = "regglo")
```

reportCarbonstock 129

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail only relevant for substrate demand. If TRUE, substrate demand is disaggregated

by crop type, if FALSE only the aggregated demand is reported.

level spatial aggregation to report bioplastic/substrate demand (only "reg" or "regglo")

Value

bioplastic and bioplastic substrate demand as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportBioplasticDemand(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportCarbonstock

reportCarbonstock

Description

Reports the carbon stocks for future MAgPIE projections

Usage

```
reportCarbonstock(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportSOM(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportConsumVal

reportConsumVal

Description

reports MAgPIE consumption value

Usage

```
reportConsumVal(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

Magpie object associated with the consumption value

Author(s)

Edna J. Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportConsumVal(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportCostCapitalInvestment

reportCostCapitalInvestment

Description

```
reports MAgPIE capital investments
```

Usage

```
reportCostCapitalInvestment(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

Magpie object associated with overall costs and value of production

Author(s)

Edna J. Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportCostCapitalInvestment(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportCostCapitalStocks

reportCostCapitalStocks

Description

reports MAgPIE capital stocks

Usage

```
reportCostCapitalStocks(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

Magpie object associated with overall costs and value of production

Author(s)

Edna J. Molina Bacca

```
## Not run:
x <- reportCostCapitalStocks(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportCostOverall

 $reportCostInputsCrop \quad \textit{reportCostInputsCrop}$

Description

reports MAgPIE costs

Usage

```
reportCostInputsCrop(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

Magpie object associated with overall costs and value of production

Author(s)

Edna J. Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportCostInputsCrop(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportCostOverall

reportCostOverall

Description

```
reports MAgPIE costs
```

Usage

```
reportCostOverall(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

reportCosts 133

Value

Magpie object associated with overall costs and value of production

Author(s)

Edna J. Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportCostOverall(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportCosts

reportCosts

Description

```
reports MAgPIE costs
```

Usage

```
reportCosts(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

consumption value as MAgPIE object Unit: see names

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportCosts(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportCostsAEI

reportCostsAccounting reportCostsAccounting

Description

reports MAgPIE costs including total investments

Usage

```
reportCostsAccounting(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

Costs accounting including total investments

Author(s)

Edna J. Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportCostsAccounting(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportCostsAEI}$

reportCostsAEI

Description

```
reports MAgPIE AEI costs
```

Usage

```
reportCostsAEI(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

reportCostsFertilizer 135

Value

magpie object containing AEI costs

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportCostsAEI(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportCostsFertilizer} \ \ \textit{reportCostsFertilizer}$

Description

reports MAgPIE nitrogen fertilizer costs disaggregated to crop categories

Usage

```
reportCostsFertilizer(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

magpie object with fertilizer costs

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportCostsFertilizer(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportCostsMACCS

```
reportCostsInputFactors
```

reportFactorCosts

Description

reports MAgPIE factor costs (split into labor and capital for sticky realization)

Usage

```
reportCostsInputFactors(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

magpie object with factor costs

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportCostsInputFactors(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportCostsMACCS

reportCostsMACCS

Description

reports MAgPIE mitigation costs disaggregated into labor and capital

Usage

```
reportCostsMACCS(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

reportCostsPresolve 137

Value

magpie object with mitigation costs

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportCostsMACCS(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportCostsPresolve

reportCostsPresolve

Description

```
reports MAgPIE costs
```

Usage

```
reportCostsPresolve(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

consumption value as MAgPIE object Unit: see names

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportCostsPresolve(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

138 reportCostsWholesale

```
reportCostsProductionCrops
```

reportCostsProductionCrops

Description

reports costs about production crops

Usage

```
reportCostsProductionCrops(gdx, type = "investment")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

type Type of reporting, either "annuity" or total "investments"

Value

costs related to crops production, (million US\$17/yr/tDM)

Author(s)

Edna J. Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportCostsProductionCrops(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportCostsWholesale} \quad \textit{reportCostsWholesale}$

Description

Reads data to calculate wholesale costs

Usage

```
reportCostsWholesale(gdx, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional

and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate

Value

A MAgPIE object containing values related with costs wholesale trade [million US\$17/tDM]

Author(s)

David M Chen

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportCostsWholesale(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportCostsWithoutIncentives

reportCostsWithoutIncentives

Description

```
reports Costs Without Incentives
```

Usage

```
reportCostsWithoutIncentives(gdx, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level spatial aggregation: "reg", "glo", "regglo"

Value

magpie object

Author(s)

David Chen

reportCostTC

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportCostsWithoutIncentives(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportCostTC

reportCostTC

Description

```
reports MAgPIE TC costs
```

Usage

```
reportCostTC(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

magpie object with TC costs

Author(s)

David Chen

```
## Not run:
x <- reportCostTC(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportCostTransport 141

 ${\tt reportCostTransport}$

reportCostTransport

Description

reports MAgPIE costs

Usage

```
reportCostTransport(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

consumption value as MAgPIE object Unit: see names

Author(s)

David Chen

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportCostTransport(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportCroparea

reportCroparea

Description

reports croparea

Usage

```
reportCroparea(gdx, detail = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if detail=FALSE, the subcategories of groups are not reported (e.g. "soybean"

within "oilcrops")

reportCropareaGrid

Value

Croparea as MAgPIE object (million Ha/yr)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportCroparea(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportCropareaGrid

reportCropareaGrid

Description

reports croparea

Usage

```
reportCropareaGrid(gdx, dir = ".", spamfiledirectory = "")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

dir for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)

for disaggregation

spamfiledirectory

deprecated. please use dir instead

Value

Croparea as MAgPIE object (million ha/yr)

Author(s)

Benjamin Bodirsky

```
## Not run:
x <- reportCropareaGrid(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportCropDiversity 143

reportCropDiversity	reportCropDiversity

Description

reports crop diversity

Usage

```
reportCropDiversity(gdx, grid = FALSE, dir = ".")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

grid Set to TRUE, if outputs should be reported on 0.5 degree grid level

dir for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)

for disaggregation

Value

Crop diversity as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportCropDiversity(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportDemand reportDemand

Description

reports Demand for Food, Feed, Processing, Material, Bioenergy, Seed and Supply Chain Loss

Usage

```
reportDemand(gdx, detail = FALSE, agmip = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if detail=F, the subcategories of groups are not reported (e.g. "soybean" within

"oilcrops")

agmip if agmip=T, additional sector aggregates required for agmip are reported (e.g.

"AGR")

Value

```
demand as MAgPIE object (Mt DM)
```

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Isabelle Weindl

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportDemand()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportDemandBioenergy reportDemandBioenergy

Description

reports Bioenergy Demand in EJ/yr

Usage

```
reportDemandBioenergy(gdx, detail = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if detail=F, the subcategories of groups are not reported (e.g. "soybean" within

"oilcrops")

Value

Bioenergy demand as MAgPIE object (EJ/yr)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, Kristine Karstens

reportDemandNr 145

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportDemandBioenergy()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportDemandNr

reportDemandNr

Description

Similar to reportDemand, but for nitrogen. reports Demand for Food, Feed, Processing, Material, Bioenergy, Seed and Supply Chain Loss

Usage

```
reportDemandNr(gdx, detail = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if detail=F, the subcategories of groups are not reported (e.g. "soybean" within

"oilcrops")

Value

```
demand as MAgPIE object (Mt DM)
```

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportDemand()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportEmissions

|--|--|--|

Description

reports GHG emissions

Usage

reportEmissions(gdx, storageWood = TRUE)

Arguments

gdx GDX file

storageWood Accounting for long term carbon storage in wood products. Default is TRUE.

Value

GHG emissions as MAgPIE object (Unit: Mt CO2/yr, Mt N2O/yr, and Mt CH4/yr, for cumulative emissions Gt CO2)

Tier-1 variables

low pass filter = 3

Name	Unit	Meta
Emissions CO2 + Land	Mt CO2/yr	direct and indirect human-induced CO2 emissions from la
Emissions CO2 Land + Indirect	Mt CO2/yr	indirect human-induced CO2 emissions from land use (lar
Emissions CO2 Land + Land-use Change	Mt CO2/yr	direct human-induced CO2 emissions from land use change
Emissions CO2 Land Land-use Change + Regrowth	Mt CO2/yr	negative CO2 emissions from regrowth

Tier-2 variables

raw data; no low pass filter applied

Name	Unit	Meta
Emissions CO2 + Land RAW	Mt CO2/yr	direct and indirect human-induced CO2 emissions from land u
Emissions CO2 Land + Indirect RAW	Mt CO2/yr	indirect human-induced CO2 emissions from land use (land ca
Emissions CO2 Land + Land-use Change RAW	Mt CO2/vr	direct human-induced CO2 emissions from land use change, h

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Michael Crawford

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportEmissions(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 $report {\it Emissions Before Technical Mitigation} \\ {\it report Emissions Before Technical Mitigation}$

Description

reports GHG emissions before technical mitigation. Technical abatement includes all abatement done in the MACC curves, but exclude endogenous mitigation. These emissions are NOT the standard reporting emissions, but used for special purposes like remind-magpie coupling.

Usage

reportEmissionsBeforeTechnicalMitigation(gdx)

Arguments

gdx GDX file

Value

MAgPIE object (Unit: Mt CO2/yr, Mt N2O/yr and Mt CH4/yr)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportEmissionsBeforeTechnicalMitigation(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportExpenditureFoodIndex

reportExpenditureFoodIndex

Description

reports food expenditure index and food expenditure index corrected for emission costs

Usage

```
reportExpenditureFoodIndex(gdx, baseyear = "y2010", basketyear = "y2010")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

baseyear of the price index

basketyear Year of reference food basket (should be in the past for comparison of different

runs to have identical and comparable food basket)

Value

Food expenditure index as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportPriceFoodIndex(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportFactorCostShares

reportFactorCostShares

Description

reports labor and capital cost share out of factor costs from MAgPIE results

```
reportFactorCostShares(gdx, type = "optimization", level = "regglo")
```

reportFeed 149

Arguments

gdx GDX file

• "requirements": shares from factor requirements

• "optimization": cost shares between labor and capital costs in optimization

• "accounting": cost shares based on accounting of labor and capital costs

level spatial aggregation: "reg", "glo", "regglo"

Value

labor and capital cost shares as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportFactorCostShares(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportFeed

reportFeed

Description

reportes feed demand by animal type

Usage

```
reportFeed(gdx, detail = T)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if detail=F, the subcategories of groups are not reported (e.g. "soybean" within

"oilcrops")

Value

feed demand as MAgPIE object (Mt DM)

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

150 reportFeedConversion

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportFeed()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportFeedConversion} \quad \textit{reportFeedConversion}$

Description

reportes feed demand by animal type

Usage

```
reportFeedConversion(gdx, livestockSystem = TRUE, balanceflow = FALSE)
```

Arguments

```
gdx GDX file
livestockSystem
if TRUE, ruminant products and poultry products are aggregated
```

balanceflow If true, feed includes the calibration balanceflow

Value

```
feed demand as MAgPIE object (Mt DM)
```

Author(s)

Benjamin Bodirsky

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportFeed()
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportFertilizerNitrogen

```
reportFertilizerNitrogen
```

reportFertilizerNitrogen

Description

Reports inorganic nitrogen application on crops

Usage

```
reportFertilizerNitrogen(gdx, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level level of output

Author(s)

David M Chen

See Also

NitrogenBudget

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportFertilizerNitrogen(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportFit

reportFit

Description

reports fit and error indicators compared to initial values

```
reportFit(gdx, type = "MAPE", level = "cell")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

type type of indicator. Options: R2, MAE, MPE (mean percentage error - bias),

MAPE (mean absolute percentage error)

level at which the regional and global bias should be reported. Options "cell" or

"grid"

Value

Selected error indicator

Author(s)

Edna Molina Bacca, Patrick v. Jeetze

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportFit(gdx,type)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportFoodExpenditure} \ \ {\tt \it reportFoodExpenditure}$

Description

reports per-capita calories food supply (including household waste)

Usage

```
reportFoodExpenditure(gdx, detail = FALSE, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if detail=F, the subcategories of groups are not reported (e.g. "soybean" within

"oilcrops")

level spatial aggregation: "reg", "glo", "regglo", "iso"

Value

per-capita calories as MAgPIE object (kcal/cap/day)

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

reportForestYield 153

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportFoodExpenditure(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportForestYield

reportForestYield

Description

reports MAgPIE harvested area for timber.

Usage

```
reportForestYield(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

Yield from Forests for timber production

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportForestYield(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportGraslandSoilCarbon}$

report Grasl and Soil Carbon

Description

reports cattle related numbers

Usage

```
reportGraslandSoilCarbon(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

Cattle values as magpie objetc

Author(s)

Marcos Alves

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportGraslandSoilCarbon(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportGrasslandManagement

reportGrasslandManagement

Description

reports cattle related numbers

Usage

reportGrasslandManagement(gdx)

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

reportGrasslandYields 155

Value

Cattle values as magpie objetc

Author(s)

Marcos Alves

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportGrasslandManagement(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 $report Grassland Yields \ \textit{report Grassland Yields}$

Description

report Grassland Yields

Usage

```
reportGrasslandYields(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

```
yield as MAgPIE object (Mt DM/ha)
```

Author(s)

Marcos Alves

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportGrasslandYields(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

156 reportGridCroparea

reportGrassStats

reportGrassStats

Description

report evaluation values for pasture management implementation

Usage

```
reportGrassStats(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

magpie object

Author(s)

Marcos Alves

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportGrassStats(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportGridCroparea}$

reportGridCroparea

Description

reports Croparea from gridded (disaggregated) output

```
reportGridCroparea(gdx, dir = ".", spamfiledirectory = "")
```

reportGridLand 157

Arguments

gdx GDX file

dir for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)

for disaggregation

spamfiledirectory

deprecated. please use dir instead

Value

area of cropland as MAgPIE object (million ha)

Author(s)

Jannes Breier

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportGridCroparea(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportGridLand

reportGridLand

Description

reports land-use from gridded (disaggregated) output

Usage

```
reportGridLand(gdx, dir = ".", spamfiledirectory = "")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

dir for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)

for disaggregation

 ${\tt spamfiledirectory}$

deprecated. please use dir instead

Value

land-use as MAgPIE object (million ha)

Author(s)

Jannes Breier

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportGridLand(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportGridManureExcretion

reportGridManureExcretion

Description

reports Manure with reprting names on grid level.

Usage

```
reportGridManureExcretion(gdx, dir = ".", spamfiledirectory = "")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

dir for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)

for disaggregation

spamfiledirectory

deprecated. please use dir instead

Value

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

```
## Not run:
x <- reportGridManureExcretion(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportGrowingStock 159

 $reportGrowingStock \\ reportGrowingStock \\$

Description

reports Growing stocks for woody materials

Usage

```
reportGrowingStock(gdx, indicator = "relative", detail = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

indicator If the reported numbers are relative (mio m3/ha) or absolute (mio. m3). Default

is relative.

detail if detail=FALSE, the subcategories of groups are not reported.

Value

```
production as MAgPIE object. Unit: see names
```

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportGrowingStock(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
reportharvested_area_timber
```

reportharvested_area_timber

Description

reports MAgPIE harvested area for timber.

```
reportharvested_area_timber(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

Value

Area harvested for timber production

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportharvested_area_timber(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportHourlyLaborCosts}$

reportHourlyLaborCosts

Description

reports hourly labor costs in agriculture from MAgPIE results

Usage

```
reportHourlyLaborCosts(gdx, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level spatial aggregation: "reg", "glo", "regglo"

Value

hourly labor costs as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

reportHunger 161

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportHourlyLaborCosts(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportHunger

reportHunger

Description

Calculates the share of people living in hunger.

Usage

```
reportHunger(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

magpie object with hunger (mio people) or hunger share

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportHunger(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

162 reportIntakeDetailed

reportIncome

reportIncome

Description

reports income

Usage

```
reportIncome(gdx, type = "ppp", level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

type ppp for purchase power parity, mer for market exchange rate

level spatial aggregation: "reg", "glo", "regglo", "iso"

Value

Annual per capita and total income as MAgPIE object (US\$2017 MER/cap/yr and million US\$17 PPP/yr)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, Isabelle Weindl, Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportIncome(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportIntakeDetailed reportIntakeDetailed

Description

reports detailed or aggregated per-capita kcal intake including exogenous scenarios

```
reportIntakeDetailed(gdx, detail = TRUE, level = "regglo")
```

reportKcal 163

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if detail=F, the subcategories of groups are not reported (e.g. "soybean" within

"oilcrops")

level spatial aggregation: "reg", "glo", "regglo", "iso"

Value

per-capita calorie intake as MAgPIE object (kcal/cap/day)

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportIntakeDetailed(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportKcal

reportKcal

Description

reports per-capita calories food supply (including household waste)

Usage

```
reportKcal(gdx, detail = FALSE, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if detail=F, the subcategories of groups are not reported (e.g. "soybean" within

"oilcrops")

level spatial aggregation: "reg", "glo", "regglo", "iso"

Value

per-capita calories as MAgPIE object (kcal/cap/day)

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Kristine karstens, Abhijeet Mishra

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportKcal(gdx)</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

 ${\tt reportLaborCostsEmpl} \quad \textit{reportLaborCostsEmpl}$

Description

reports MAgPIE labor costs that go into employment calculation

Usage

```
reportLaborCostsEmpl(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

magpie object with labor costs

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportLaborCostsEmpl(gdx)</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

```
reportLaborProductivity
```

reportLaborProductivity

Description

reports labor productivity in crop production

Usage

```
reportLaborProductivity(
  gdx,
  productAggr = TRUE,
  type = "physical",
  level = "regglo"
)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

productAggr Aggregate over products or not (boolean)

type type of labor productivity, so far only physical (kg DM / h)

level spatial aggregation: "reg", "glo", "regglo", "iso"

Value

labor productivity as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportLaborProductivity(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportLandUse

reportLandUse

Description

reports land-use

Usage

```
reportLandUse(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

land-use as MAgPIE object (million ha)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, Kristine Karstens, Isabelle Weindl

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportLandUse(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportLandUseChange

reportLandUseChange

Description

reports land-use change

Usage

```
reportLandUseChange(gdx, baseyear = 1995)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

baseyear for calculating land-use change

Value

land-use change as MAgPIE object (million ha wrt to baseyear)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportLandUseChange(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportLandUseForSEALS reportLandUseForSEALS

Description

Writes MAgPIE land use projections to a specific NetCDF that can be read by the Spatial Economic Allocation Landscape Simulator (SEALS) model for generating high resolution land use maps.

Usage

```
reportLandUseForSEALS(
  magCellLand = "cell.land_0.5_share.mz",
  outFile = "cell.land_0.5_SEALS.nc",
  scenName = NULL,
  dir = ".",
  selectyears = c(2020, 2030, 2050)
)
```

Arguments

magCellLand Disaggregated land use (grid-cell land area share) as magclass object or file (.mz) from a MAgPIE run.

outFile a file name the output should be written to using ncdf4::nc_create and ncdf4::ncvar_put scenName Optional scenario name output directory which contains cellular magpie output selectyears Numeric vector of years to provide data for.

Value

Proportions of different land use classes per grid sell in a NetCDF format.

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportLandUseForSEALS(
   magCellLand = "cell.land_0.5_share.mz",
   outFile = "cell.land_0.5_SEALS.nc",
   selectyears = c(2020, 2030, 2050)
)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportLivestockDemStructure

reportLivestockDemStructure

Description

reports the share of different livestock products (excluding fish) in total livestock calorie food supply

Usage

```
reportLivestockDemStructure(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

livestock demand structure as MAgPIE object (kcal/kcal)

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportLivestockDemStructure(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportLivestockShare 169

```
{\it reportLive stock Share} \quad \textit{reportLive stock Share}
```

Description

reports the share of livestock products (including fish) in total calorie food supply

Usage

```
reportLivestockShare(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

per-capita calories as MAgPIE object (kcal/cap/day)

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportLivestockShare(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportLSUGrasslands}$

reportLSUG rasslands

Description

```
reportLSUG rasslands \\
```

Usage

```
reportLSUGrasslands(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

170 reportManure

Value

Livestock eq. denstity as a magpie object (Mt DM/ha) (1 LSU eq. = 8.9 kg DM/day)

Author(s)

Marcos Alves

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportGrasslandYields(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportManure

reportManure

Description

Reports the Nitrogen in Manure of all animals for future MAgPIE projections Reports the Nitrogen in Manure of all animals for future MAgPIE projections

Usage

```
reportManure(gdx, nutrient = "nr")
reportManure(gdx, nutrient = "nr")
```

Arguments

```
\begin{array}{ll} \text{gdx} & & \text{GDX file} \\ \text{nutrient} & & \text{nr, p, c...} \end{array}
```

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportManure(gdx)

## End(Not run)

## Not run:
    x <- reportManure(gdx)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportNetForestChange

reportNetForestChange

Description

reports Net Forest Change

Usage

```
reportNetForestChange(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

NetForestChange as magclass object (Mha per year)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportNetForestChange(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportNitrogenBudgetCropland}$

reportNitrogenBudgetCropland

Description

Reports the Nitrogen Budgets of Croplands for future MAgPIE projections

```
reportNitrogenBudgetCropland(
  gdx,
  include_emissions = FALSE,
  grid = FALSE,
  dir = "."
)
```

Arguments

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{gdx} & \text{GDX file} \\ \text{include_emissions} \end{array}$

TRUE also divides the N surplus into different emissions

grid grid provides outputs on grid level of 0.5 degree

dir for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)

for disaggregation

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

NitrogenBudget

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportNitrogenBudgetCropland(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportNitrogenBudgetNonagland

reportNitrogenBudgetNonagland

Description

Reports the Nitrogen Budgets of non-agricultural lands for future MAgPIE projections

Usage

```
reportNitrogenBudgetNonagland(gdx, grid = FALSE, dir = ".")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

grid if TRUE, disaggregate to grid level

dir for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)

for disaggregation

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

NitrogenBudget

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportNitrogenBudgetNonagland(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportNitrogenBudgetPasture

reportNitrogenBudgetCropland

Description

Reports the Nitrogen Budgets of Croplands for future MAgPIE projections

Usage

```
reportNitrogenBudgetPasture(
  gdx,
  include_emissions = FALSE,
  grid = FALSE,
  dir = "."
)
```

Arguments

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} $\sf gdx$ & $\sf GDX$ file \\ $\sf include_emissions $\end{tabular}$

TRUE also divides the N surplus into different emissions

grid if TRUE, disaggregate to grid level

dir for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)

for disaggregation

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

NitrogenBudget

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportNitrogenBudgetCropland(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportNitrogenEfficiencies}$

reportNitrogenEfficiencies

Description

Reports different nitrogen use efficiency indicators

Usage

```
reportNitrogenEfficiencies(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

 ${\tt reportNitrogenEfficiencies}$

```
## Not run:
x <- reportNitrogenEfficiencies(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportNitrogenPollution 175

```
reportNitrogenPollution
```

reportNitrogenPollution

Description

Reports total Nitrogen Pollution as the sum of surplus from cropland, pasture, awms, consumption and non-agricutlural land

Usage

```
reportNitrogenPollution(gdx, dir = ".")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

dir magpie output directory that contains gridded Nitrogen Data

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

NitrogenBudget

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportNitrogenPollution(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportOutputPerWorker reportOutputPerWorker

Description

reports output per worker in crop+livestock production from MAgPIE results

```
reportOutputPerWorker(gdx)
```

176 reportPastSoilCarbon

```
Arguments
```

gdx

GDX file

Value

output per worker as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportOutputPerWorker(gdx)</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

 $report Past Soil Carbon \\ report Past Soil Carbon$

Description

reports pasture soil carbon

Usage

```
reportPastSoilCarbon(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

Soil carbon values as magpie objetc

Author(s)

Marcos Alves

```
## Not run:
x <- reportPastSoilCarbon(gdx)</pre>
## End(Not run)
```

reportPBbiosphere 177

reportPBbiosphere

reportPBbiosphere

Description

reports biosphere planetary boundary: Share of intact land relative to total land area (unitless) Share of intact land covered by areas within Global Safety Net (unitless) Share of land area that satisfies landscape target (unitless)

Usage

```
reportPBbiosphere(
  gdx,
  level = "regglo",
  dir = ".",
  intactnessRule = "carbon:0.95"
)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level of aggregation (regglo: regions and global)

dir directory with required spatial data

intactnessRule rule for intact land can be based on percentage of potential carbon density

reached or on age classes for secondary forests, planted forest and other natural land. The argument is split into two components: rule: carbon or ageclass threshold: share of carbon density reached to be classified as intact or threshold in years can be set via this argument Example: "carbon:0.95" or "ageclass:70"

Value

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Patrick von Jeetze, Felicitas Beier

```
## Not run:
x <- reportPBbiosphere(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

178 reportPBnitrogen

reportPBland

reportPBland

Description

reports land planetary boundary: forest area as percentage of original forest area

Usage

```
reportPBland(gdx, level = "regglo", dir = ".", foresttype = "all")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level of aggregation (regglo: regions and global)

dir directory with required spatial data

foresttype managed forest types that are included in the calculation of the forest area (all:

all managed forests, noTimber: timber plantations are not counted)

Value

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier, Patrick von Jeetze

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportPBland(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportPBnitrogen

reportPBnitrogen

Description

reports nitrogen planetary boundary

```
reportPBnitrogen(gdx, level = "regglo", dir = ".")
```

reportPBwater 179

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level level of aggregation (regglo: regions and global)

dir directory with required spatial data

Value

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier, Mike Crawford

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportPBnitrogen(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportPBwater

reportPBwater

Description

reports water planetary boundaries

Usage

```
reportPBwater(gdx, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level level of aggregation (regglo: regions and global)

Value

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier, Jens Heinke

180 reportPeatland

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportPBwater(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportPeatland

reportPeatland

Description

reports peatland area

Usage

```
reportPeatland(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

peatland area as magclass object (million ha)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportPeatland(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
reportPlantationEstablishment
```

reportPlantationEstablishment

Description

reports MAgPIE harvested area for timber.

Usage

```
reportPlantationEstablishment(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

Area harvested for timber production

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportPlantationEstablishment(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportPopulation

reportPopulation

Description

```
reports Population
```

Usage

```
reportPopulation(gdx, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level spatial aggregation: "reg", "glo", "regglo", "iso"

Value

```
population as MAgPIE object
```

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportPopulation(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportPriceAgriculture

reportPriceAgriculture

Description

reports food commodity prices

Usage

```
reportPriceAgriculture(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

agricultural commodity prices as MAgPIE object (USD)

Author(s)

Mishko Stevanovic

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportPriceAgriculture(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportPriceBioenergy 183

```
{\tt reportPriceBioenergy} \quad \textit{reportPriceBioenergy}
```

Description

reports bioenergy prices

Usage

```
reportPriceBioenergy(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

bioenergy price as MAgPIE object Unit: see names

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportPriceBioenergy(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
reportPriceElasticities
```

reportHunger

Description

Calculates the share of people living in hunger.

Usage

```
reportPriceElasticities(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

reportPriceFoodIndex

Value

magpie object with hunger (mio people) or hunger share

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportHunger(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportPriceFoodIndex

Description

reports food price index

Usage

```
reportPriceFoodIndex(gdx, baseyear = "y2020")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

baseyear of the price index

Value

Food price index as MAgPIE object Unit: see names

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, Felicitas Beier

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportPriceFoodIndex(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportPriceGHG 185

 ${\tt reportPriceGHG}$

reportPriceGHG

Description

reports GHG emission prices

Usage

```
reportPriceGHG(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

GHG emission prices as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, Amsalu W. Yalew

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportPriceGHG(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportPriceLand}$

reportPriceLand

Description

```
reports land prices (land rent)
```

Usage

```
reportPriceLand(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

186 reportPriceShock

Value

```
land prices as MAgPIE object Unit: see names
```

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportPriceLand(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportPriceShock

reportPriceShock

Description

Reports the change in consumption and expenditure due to higher or lower food prices

Usage

```
reportPriceShock(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

magpie object

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportPriceShock(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportPriceWater 187

reportPriceWater

reportPriceWater

Description

reports water prices

Usage

```
reportPriceWater(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

water usage as MAgPIE object Unit: see names

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportPriceWater(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportPriceWoodyBiomass

reportPriceWoodyBiomass

Description

```
reports woody biomass prices (land rent)
```

Usage

```
reportPriceWoodyBiomass(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

188 reportProcessing

Value

land prices as MAgPIE object Unit: see names

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportPriceWoodyBiomass(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportProcessing

reportProcessing

Description

reportes processing input and output quantities primary-to-process or primary-to-secondary

Usage

```
reportProcessing(gdx, detail = TRUE, indicator = "primary_to_process")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if detail=FALSE, the subcategories of groups are not reported (e.g. "soybean"

within "oilcrops")

indicator "primary_to_process" for process or "secondary_from_primary" for secondary

product output

Value

processing demand as MAgPIE object (Mt DM)

Author(s)

David Chen, Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

```
## Not run:
x <- reportProcessing(gdx = gdx, detail = TRUE, indicator = "primary_to_process")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

```
reportProducerPriceIndex
```

reportProducerPriceIndex

Description

reports producer price index

Usage

```
reportProducerPriceIndex(gdx, prod_groups = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

prod_groups whether to return only product groups

Value

Producer price index as MAgPIE object Unit: see names

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl, David M CHen

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportProducerPriceIndex(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportProduction

reportProduction

Description

reports production

Usage

```
reportProduction(gdx, detail = FALSE, agmip = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if detail=FALSE, the subcategories of groups are not reported (e.g. "soybean"

within "oilcrops")

agmip if agmip = TRUE, additional sector aggregates required for AgMIP are reported

(e.g. "AGR")

Value

production as MAgPIE object. Unit: see names

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Isabelle Weindl

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportProduction(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportProductionBioenergy

reportProductionBioenergy

Description

reports 2nd gen bioenergy production

Usage

```
reportProductionBioenergy(gdx, detail = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if detail=FALSE, the subcategories of groups are not reported (e.g. "soybean"

within "oilcrops")

Value

production as MAgPIE object. Unit: see names

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

reportProductionGrowth 191

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportProductionBioenergy(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportProductionGrowth

reportProductionGrowth

Description

reports production growth rate

Usage

```
reportProductionGrowth(gdx, detail = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if true, provides results for all commodities, otherwhise aggregates some groups

Value

Production growth rates (index)

Author(s)

Xiaoxi Wang

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportProductionGrowth(gdx="fulldata.gdx",detail=TRUE)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

192 reportProtectedArea

reportProductionNr

reportProductionNr

Description

reports production in Nr analogous to reportProduction

Usage

```
reportProductionNr(gdx, detail = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if detail = FALSE, the subcategories of groups are not reported (e.g. "soybean"

within "oilcrops")

Value

production as MAgPIE object. Unit: see names

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportProductionNr(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportProtectedArea}$

reportProtectedArea

Description

reports protected areas

Usage

```
reportProtectedArea(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

reportProtein 193

Value

protected area in Mha

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportProtectedArea(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportProtein

reportProtein

Description

reports per-capita protein food supply (including household waste)

Usage

```
reportProtein(gdx, detail = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if detail=F, the subcategories of groups are not reported (e.g. "soybean" within

"oilcrops")

Value

```
per-capita protein as MAgPIE object (protein/cap/day)
```

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Kristine Karstens, Abhijeet Mishra, Florian Humpenoeder

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportKcal(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

194 reportResidues

```
report Relative Hourly Labor Costs \\ report Relative Hourly Labor Costs
```

Description

reports labor costs per ag. worker in relation to GDP pc from MAgPIE results

Usage

```
reportRelativeHourlyLaborCosts(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

labor costs per ag. worker in relation to GDP pc as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportRelativeHourlyLaborCosts(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportResidues

reportSOM

Description

Report soil organic carbon stock size for future MAgPIE projections

Usage

```
reportResidues(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

reportRotationLength 195

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportSOM(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportRotationLength reportRotationLength

Description

reports Forest rotation length.

Usage

```
reportRotationLength(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

Value

Forest rotation length

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportRotationLength(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportRuralDemandShares

reportRuralDemandShares

Description

reports rural demand and production shares based on local consumption

Usage

```
reportRuralDemandShares(gdx, type = "tradOnly", level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

type Type of ratio that should be calculated

- all: How much rural & trad demand as a share of all demand is satisfied locally
- tradOnly: How much rural & trad demand as a share of rural & trad demand is satisfied locally
- potential: How much total gridded demand is potentially satisfied by gridded production

level spatial aggregation: "reg", "glo", "regglo"

Value

share of food demand at disaggregated level coming from local production as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

David M Chen

```
## Not run:
x <- reportruralDemandShares(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportSDG1 197

reportSDG1

reportSDG1

Description

reports all SDG indicators relevant for SDG1 - Poverty

Usage

```
reportSDG1(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Benjamin Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportSDG3(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportSDG12}$

reportSDG12

Description

reports all SDG indicators relevant for SD12 - Sustainable Production and Consumption

Usage

```
reportSDG12(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

reportSDG15

Value

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Benjamin Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportSDG12(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportSDG15

reportSDG15

Description

reports all SDG indicators relevant for SD15 - Life on Land

Usage

```
reportSDG15(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Benjamin Bodirsky, Isabelle Weindl

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportSDG15(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportSDG2

reportSDG2

reportSDG2

Description

reports all SDG indicators relevant for SD2 - Hunger

Usage

```
reportSDG2(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Benjamin Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportSDG2(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportSDG3}$

reportSDG3

Description

reports all SDG indicators relevant for SDG3 - Health

Usage

```
reportSDG3(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

200 reportSDG6

Value

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Benjamin Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportSDG3(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportSDG6

reportSDG6

Description

reports all SDG indicators relevant for SDG6 - Access to Water

Usage

```
reportSDG6(gdx, level = "regglo", outputdir = ".")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level level of aggregation (cluster: "cell", regional: "regglo")

outputdir output directory

Value

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier, Isabelle Weindl

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportSDG6(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportSDG9 201

reportSDG9

reportSDG9

Description

reports all SDG indicators relevant for SD9 - Industrial innovation and infrastructure

Usage

```
reportSDG9(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportSDG9(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportSOM

reportSOM

Description

Report soil organic carbon stock size for future MAgPIE projections

Usage

```
reportSOM(gdx, baseyear = 1995)
```

GDX file

Arguments

gdx

baseyear

baseyear for calculating carbon stock change

202 reportSOM2

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportSOM(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportSOM2

reportSOM2

Description

Report soil organic carbon stock size for future MAgPIE projections (new som realization)

Usage

```
reportSOM2(gdx, baseyear = 1995)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

baseyear for calculating carbon stock change

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportSOM2(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportTau 203

 ${\tt reportTau}$

reportTau

Description

reports Tau

Usage

```
reportTau(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

tau values as MAgPIE object (Index)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportTau(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportTc

reportTc

Description

reports Tc

Usage

reportTc(gdx)

Arguments

gdx

204 reportTimber

Value

```
tc values as MAgPIE object (
```

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportTc(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportTimber

reportTimber

Description

reports MAgPIE demand for timber.

Usage

```
reportTimber(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

Timber demand

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportTimber(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportTimberDemand 205

reportTimberDemand

reportTimberDemand

Description

reports MAgPIE demand for timber.

Usage

```
reportTimberDemand(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

Timber demand

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportTimberDemand(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportTimberDemandVolumetric

reportTimberDemandVolumetric

Description

reports MAgPIE demand for timber.

Usage

```
reportTimberDemandVolumetric(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

Value

Timber demand

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportTimberDemandVolumetric(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportTimberProductionVolumetric}$

report Timber Production Volumetric

Description

reports MAgPIE production for timber.

Usage

reportTimberProductionVolumetric(gdx)

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

Timber demand

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportTimberProductionVolumetric(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportTotalHoursWorked

reportTotalHoursWorked

Description

reports total hours worked in crop+livestock production (and maccs) from MAgPIE results

Usage

```
reportTotalHoursWorked(gdx, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level spatial aggregation: "reg", "glo", "regglo"

Value

total hours worked as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportTotalHoursWorked(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportTrade

reportTrade

Description

reports trade

Usage

```
reportTrade(gdx, detail = FALSE)
```

208 reportTradeGrowth

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if true, provides estimates for all commodities, otherwise aggregates some groups

Value

Net-Exports and self sufficiency (exports/domestic supply) as MAgPIE object. Unit: see names

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Mishko Stevanovic

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportTrade(gdx="fulldata.gdx",detail=TRUE)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportTradeGrowth

reportTradeGrowth

Description

reports trade growth rate

Usage

```
reportTradeGrowth(gdx, detail = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if true, provides results for all commodities, otherwhise aggregates some groups

Value

Trade growth rates (index)

Author(s)

Xiaoxi Wang

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportTradeGrowth(gdx="fulldata.gdx",detail=TRUE)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportValueMaterialDemand

reportValueMaterialDemand

Description

reports value of material demand

Usage

reportValueMaterialDemand(gdx)

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

magpie object

Author(s)

David Chen

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportValueMaterialDemand(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportValueTrade

reportValueTrade

Description

reports trade value

Usage

```
reportValueTrade(gdx, detail = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if true, provides estimates for all commodities, otherwhise aggregates some

groups

210 reportVegfruitShare

Value

```
trade value as MAgPIE object Unit: see names
```

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportValueTrade(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportVegfruitShare

reportVegfruitShare

Description

reports the share of livestock products (including fish) in total calorie food supply

Usage

```
reportVegfruitShare(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

per-capita calories as MAgPIE object (kcal/cap/day)

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportLivestockShare(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportWageDevelopment reportWageDevelopment

Description

reports indicator on wage development: hourly labor costs in each time step relative to hourly labor costs in 2000

Usage

```
reportWageDevelopment(gdx, baseYear = 2000, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

baseYear year relative to which the wage development should be calculated

level spatial aggregation: "reg", "glo", "regglo"

Value

indicator on wage development as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportWageDevelopment(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportWaterAvailability

reportWaterAvailability

Description

reports water availability

Usage

reportWaterAvailability(gdx)

212 reportWaterIndicators

```
Arguments
```

gdx

GDX file

Value

water availability as MAgPIE object Unit: see names

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportWaterAvailability(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportWaterIndicators reportWaterIndicators

Description

reports a set of water indicators

Usage

```
reportWaterIndicators(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

```
## Not run:
x <- reportWaterIndicators(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportWaterUsage 213

reportWaterUsage rep

reportWaterUsage

Description

reports water usage for agricultural sector, crops and livestock and non-agricultural sector

Usage

```
reportWaterUsage(gdx, detail = TRUE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail logical. Setting to FALSE reports for agricultural sector, TRUE reports for com-

bined, crops and livestock separately

Value

water usage as MAgPIE object Unit: see names

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, Vartika Singh, Miodrag Stevanovic, Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportWaterUsage(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportWorkingAgePopulation

reportWorkingAgePopulation

Description

reports working age population

Usage

```
reportWorkingAgePopulation(gdx, level = "regglo")
```

214 report Yields

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level spatial aggregation: "reg", "glo", "regglo", "iso"

Value

working age population as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportWorkingAgePopulation(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportYields

reportYields

Description

reports yields

Usage

```
reportYields(gdx, detail = FALSE, physical = TRUE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if detail=FALSE, the subcategories of groups are not reported (e.g. "soybean"

within "oilcrops")

physical if true (default) physical area (croparea) used for yield calculation; if false har-

vested area used for yield calculation

Value

```
yield as MAgPIE object (Mt DM/ha)
```

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder, Xiaoxi Wang, Kristine Karstens, Abhijeet Mishra, Felicitas Beier

report Yields Crop Calib 215

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportYields(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt reportYieldsCropCalib} \ \ \textit{reportYieldsCropCalib}$

Description

reports potential yields after calibration

Usage

```
reportYieldsCropCalib(gdx, detail = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if detail=FALSE, the subcategories of groups are not reported (e.g. "soybean"

within "oilcrops")

Value

```
yield as MAgPIE object (Mt DM/ha)
```

Author(s)

Edna J. Molina Bacca

```
## Not run:
x <- reportYieldsCropCalib(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

216 report Yield Shifter

reportYieldsCropRaw reportYieldsCropRaw

Description

reports potential yields before calibration

Usage

```
reportYieldsCropRaw(gdx, detail = FALSE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

detail if detail=FALSE, the subcategories of groups are not reported (e.g. "soybean"

within "oilcrops")

Value

```
yield as MAgPIE object (Mt DM/ha)
```

Author(s)

Edna J. Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- reportYieldsCropRaw(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

reportYieldShifter reportYieldShifter

Description

Reports the Crop model input yield shifter

report Yield Shifter 217

Usage

```
reportYieldShifter(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  baseyear = "y2000",
  relative = TRUE,
  dir = ".",
  spamfiledirectory = ""
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
baseyear	baseyear for the yield shifter. Also fixes land patterns for aggregation to baseyear.
relative	relative or absolute changes to baseyear
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation
snamfiledirecto	nrv

Value

crop yield as MAgPIE object (unit depends on attributes)

deprecated. please use dir instead

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

```
reportYieldShifter
```

```
## Not run:
    x <- reportYieldShifter(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

218 ResidueBiomass

ResidueBiomass ResidueBiomass

Description

reads Crop Residue Biomass out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
ResidueBiomass(
  gdx,
  level = "reg",
  dir = ".",
  spamfiledirectory = "",
  products = "kcr",
  product_aggr = FALSE,
  attributes = "dm",
  water_aggr = TRUE,
  plantpart = "both"
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file	
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate	
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation	
spamfiledirectory		
	deprecated. please use dir instead	
products	Selection of products (either by naming products, e.g. "tece", or naming a set,e.g. "kcr")	
product_aggr	aggregate over products or not. Usually boolean, but here also the value "kres" is allowed, which provides kcr aggregated to kres	
attributes	dry matter: Mt ("dm"), gross energy: PJ ("ge"), reactive nitrogen: Mt ("nr"), phosphor: Mt ("p"), potash: Mt ("k"), wet matter: Mt ("wm"). Can also be a vector.	
water_aggr	aggregate irrigated and non-irriagted production or not (boolean).	
plantpart	both ag or bg	

Value

production as MAgPIE object (unit depends on attributes)

Residues 219

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

reportProduction, demand

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- production(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

Residues

Residues

Description

reads various crop residue (carbon) outputs out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
Residues(
   gdx,
   level = "regglo",
   products = "kres",
   waterAggr = TRUE,
   output = "all"
)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional

and global)

products Selection of products (either "kcr" or "kres")

waterAggr Aggregate irrigated and non-irriagted production or not (boolean).

output Switch between different outputs: "biomass", "fieldBalance", "resDemand", all

Value

production as MAgPIE object (unit depends on attributes)

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens, Michael Crawford

220 ResidueUsage

See Also

ResidueBiomass

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- Residues(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

ResidueUsage

Residue Usage

Description

reads Crop Residue Usage out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
ResidueUsage(
  gdx,
  level = "reg",
  dir = ".",
  products = "kcr",
  product_aggr = FALSE,
  attributes = "dm",
  water_aggr = TRUE,
  spamfiledirectory = ""
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation
products	Selection of products (either by naming products, e.g. "tece", or naming a set,e.g. "kcr")
product_aggr	aggregate over products or not. Usually boolean, but here also the value "kres" is allowed, which provides kcr aggregated to kres
attributes	dry matter: Mt ("dm"), gross energy: PJ ("ge"), reactive nitrogen: Mt ("nr"), phosphor: Mt ("p"), potash: Mt ("k"), wet matter: Mt ("wm"). Can also be a vector.
water_aggr	aggregate irrigated and non-irriagted production or not (boolean).
spamfiledirect	ory
	deprecated. please use dir instead

RotationLength 221

Value

```
production as MAgPIE object (unit depends on attributes)
```

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens, Michael Crawford

See Also

ResidueBiomass

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- ResidueUsage(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

RotationLength

RotationLength

Description

reads rotation length out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
RotationLength(gdx, file = NULL, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "cell", "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo"

(regional and global) or any secdforest aggregation level defined in superAggre-

gate

Details

Forest rotation length

Value

Forest rotation length

222 ruralDemandShares

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- RotationLength(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

ruralDemandShares

ruralDemandShares

Description

reports rural demand shares based on local consumption

Usage

```
ruralDemandShares(
  gdx,
  type = "tradOnly",
  level = "reg",
  product_aggr = TRUE,
  file = NULL
)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

type Type of ratio that should be calculated

- all: How much rural & trad demand as a share of all demand is satisfied locally
- tradOnly: How much rural & trad demand as a share of rural & trad demand is satisfied locally
- potential: How much total gridded demand is potentially satisfied by gridded production

level spatial aggregation to report employment ("reg", "glo" or "regglo")
product_aggr sum over products if TRUE

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

Value

share of food consumed locally

Seed 223

Author(s)

David M Chen

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- localDemandShares(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

Seed

Seed

Description

Calculates MAgPIE demand for Seed out of a gdx file

Usage

```
Seed(gdx, level = "reg", attributes = "dm", dir = ".", spamfiledirectory = "")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level Level of regional aggregation ("reg", "glo", "regglo")

attributes dry matter: Mt ("dm"), gross energy: PJ ("ge"), reactive nitrogen: Mt ("nr"),

phosphor: Mt ("p"), potash: Mt ("k"), wet matter: Mt ("wm"). Can also be a

vector

dir for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)

for disaggregation

spamfiledirectory

deprecated. please use dir instead

Details

Demand definitions are equivalent to FAO CBS categories

Value

demand as MAgPIE object (Unit depends on attributes)

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

224 SOM

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- demand(level="regglo", products="kcr")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

SOM

SOM

Description

Calculates soil organic carbon stock size based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
SOM(
   gdx,
   file = NULL,
   type = "stock",
   reference = "actual",
   level = "reg",
   noncrop_aggr = TRUE,
   dir = ".",
   spamfiledirectory = ""
)
```

Arguments

GDX file gdx file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie "stock" (default) for absoulte values, "density" for per hectar values type reference default is "actual" (cshare in actual carbon stocks). Other option is "target" (cshare in target carbon stocks). level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate aggregate non cropland types to 'noncropland' (if FALSE all land types of noncrop_aggr pools59 will be reported) for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) dir for disaggregation spamfiledirectory

deprecated. please use dir instead

Value

A MAgPIE object containing som values

SOM2 225

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- SOM(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

SOM2

SOM2

Description

Calculates soil organic carbon stock size based on a MAgPIE gdx file (for threepool realization)

Usage

```
SOM2(gdx, type = "stock", level = "regglo", noncropAggr = TRUE)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

type "stock" (default) for absoulte values, "density" for per hectar values

level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional

and global)

noncropAggr aggregate non cropland types to 'noncropland' (if FALSE all land types of

pools59 will be reported)

Value

A MAgPIE object containing som values

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens

```
## Not run:
    x <- SOM2(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

226 submitCalibration

submitCalibration

submitCalibration

Description

Submits Calibration Factors of current run to calibration archive. Currently covers calibration factors for yields and land conversion costs. This is useful to make runs more comparable to each other. The function can be also used as part of a script running a collection of runs.

Usage

```
submitCalibration(
  name,
  file = c("modules/14_yields/input/f14_yld_calib.csv",
      "modules/39_landconversion/input/f39_calib.cs3"),
  archive = "/p/projects/landuse/data/input/calibration"
)
```

Arguments

name	name under which the calibration should be stored. Should be as self-explaining as possible. The total file name has the format calibration_ <name>_<date>.tgz.</date></name>
file	path to a f14_yld_calib.csv and f39_calib.cs3 (older version f39_calib.csv) file (in this order). Alternatively a fulldata.gdx file containing the calibration factors can be used. Supported file types are "csv", "cs3" and "gdx".
archive	path to the archive the calibration factors should be stored

Value

file name of the stored calibration factors (useful for scripts in which you might want to re-use a calibration setting at a later stage again)

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich, Florian Humpenoeder, Patrick v. Jeetze

```
## Not run:
fname <- submitCalibration("TestCalibration", file = "fulldata.gdx")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

superAggregateX 227

Description

drop-in replacement for superAggregate based on toolAggregate

Usage

```
superAggregateX(
  data,
  aggr_type,
  level = "reg",
  weight = NULL,
  crop_aggr = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

data An MAgPIE

aggr_type Aggregation Type. Can be any function for one or two objects (data and weight)

of the same size. Currently pre-supported functions: "sum", "mean", "weighted_mean".

level Allowed level types are global "glo", regional "reg" and "regglo"

weight Currently only used for weighted_mean

crop_aggr determines whether output should be crop-specific (FALSE) or aggregated over

all crops (TRUE). The method used for aggregation is set by aggr_type

Value

returns a MAgPIE object.

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich

|--|--|

Description

calculates aggregate change in economic surplus in mio.US\$ based on a MAgPIE gdx files from two different scenarios.

228 tau

Usage

```
surplusChange(gdx1, gdx2, file = NULL, level = "reg", type = "consumer")
```

Arguments

gdx1	GDX file from benchmark scenario
gdx2	GDX file from the analyzed scenario
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
type	Economic surplus type: "consumer" (default), "producer" or "welfare"

Value

A MAgPIE object containing aggregate changes in producer surplus, consumer surplus and aggregate economic welfare between an analyzed scenario and a benchmark scenario, in million \$US.

Author(s)

Miodrag Stevanovic

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- surplusChange(gdx1, gdx2)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

tau *tau*

Description

Calculates Landuse intensity indicator tau based on a MAgPIE gdx file

```
tau(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  start_value = FALSE,
  digits = 4,
  prev_year = "y1985",
  type = "crop"
)
```

taxRevenueRotations 229

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
start_value	If TRUE, the initial values are added under the year prev_year
digits	The result will be rounded to this number of digits
prev_year	Year to store the initialization tau information in
type	type of tc 'pastr' or 'crop'; or "both" if both are needed

Value

A MAgPIE object containing tau values (index)

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- tau(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt taxRevenueRotations}$

taxRevenueRotations

Description

calculates taxes of crop rotations as difference between the selected scenario and the baseline scenario that shall capture the internalized incentives for crop rotations.

```
taxRevenueRotations(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "regglo",
  dir = ".",
  penalty = "onlyTaxRevenue"
)
```

230 tc

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level aggregation level, reg, glo or regglo

dir spamfiledirectory

penalty "OnlyTaxRevenue" provides the tax Revenues from a rotation tax/subsidy. "On-

lyInternalizedServices" provides the penalty by foregone Ecosystem Services, the part of the externality which is internalized by the farmer independent of the tax. "FullPenalty" provides the sum of both, which is what the model sees.

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- wageRent(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

tc tc

Description

Calculates TC rates based on a MAgPIE gdx file

```
tc(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  annual = TRUE,
  avrg = FALSE,
  baseyear = 1995,
  type = "crop"
)
```

Timber 231

Arguments

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie level Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate	onal
and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate	onal
ICEDITE	
annual If TRUE, annual values are reported. If FALSE, the values for the whole timest are reported. If FALSE, avrg has no effect	step
avrg If FALSE the annual to rates of the current period are returned, otherwise t average annual to rate for the period thase to the seturned. these defaults to t first timestep (see baseyear)	
Determines the base year timestep for annual to calculation. Average to rates for later timesteps are calculated with respect to baseyear. No to rates for timestep before baseyear are returned)	
type type of tc 'pastr' or 'crop'	

Value

A MAgPIE object containing to rates. Annual ones if annual=TRUE, for the whole timestep if annual=FALSE.

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- tc(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

Timber

Description

reads timber demand out of a MAgPIE gdx file

```
Timber(gdx, file = NULL, level = "regglo")
```

232 TimberDemand

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "cell", "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo"

(regional and global) or any secdforest aggregation level defined in superAggre-

gate

Details

Forest demandfor timber production

Value

Forest demandfor timber production

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- Timber(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

TimberDemand

TimberDemand

Description

reads timber demand out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
TimberDemand(gdx, file = NULL, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

level

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

Level of regional aggregation; "cell", "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo"

(regional and global) or any secdforest aggregation level defined in superAggre-

gate

Details

Forest demandfor timber production

TimberDemandVolumetric 233

Value

Forest demandfor timber production

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- TimberDemand(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

TimberDemandVolumetric

TimberDemandVolumetric

Description

reads timber demand out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
TimberDemandVolumetric(gdx, file = NULL, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation; "cell", "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo"

(regional and global) or any secdforest aggregation level defined in superAggre-

gate

Details

Forest demandfor timber production

Value

Forest demandfor timber production

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- TimberDemandVolumetric(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

TimberProductionVolumetric

TimberProductionVolumetric

Description

reads timber production out of a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
TimberProductionVolumetric(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "regglo",
  sumProduct = FALSE,
  sumSource = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "cell", "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any secdforest aggregation level defined in superAggregate
sumProduct	sum over wood and woodfuel (TRUE/FALSE)
sumSource	sum over timber sources: timber plantations, primary forest, secondary forest and non-forest land (woodfuel only) (TRUE/FALSE)

Details

Annual timber production from timber plantations, primary forest, secondary forest and non-forest land (woodfuel only). Converted from mio. ton DM per year to mio. m3 per year using volumetric conversion factors.

Value

Timber production in mio. m3 per year

timePeriods 235

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra, Florian Humpenoeder

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- TimberProductionVolumetric(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

timePeriods

timePeriods

Description

Calculates MAgPIE time period lengths between each two timesteps

Usage

```
timePeriods(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

GDX file

Value

magpie time periods as MAgPIE object as a number of years

Author(s)

Mishko Stevanovic

```
## Not run:
    x <- timePeriods(gdx=gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

236 trade

totalHoursWorked

totalHoursWorked

Description

returns total hours worked per year in crop+livestock production from MAgPIE results

Usage

```
totalHoursWorked(gdx, level = "reg", file = NULL)
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

level spatial aggregation to report employment ("reg", "glo", or "regglo")

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

Value

total hours worked in agriculture per year

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- totalHoursWorked(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

trade

trade

Description

Calculates MAgPIE trade or self-sufficiencies out of a gdx file

trade 237

Usage

```
trade(
   gdx,
   file = NULL,
   level = "reg",
   products = "k_trade",
   product_aggr = FALSE,
   attributes = "dm",
   weight = FALSE,
   relative = FALSE,
   type = "net-exports"
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation ("reg", "glo", "regglo")
products	Selection of products (either by naming products, e.g. "tece", or naming a set,e.g. "kcr")
product_aggr	aggregate over products or not (boolean)
attributes	dry matter: Mt ("dm"), gross energy: PJ ("ge"), reactive nitrogen: Mt ("nr"), phosphor: Mt ("p"), potash: Mt ("k"), wet matter: Mt ("wm"). Can also be a vector.
weight	in case relative=T also the weighting for the self sufficiencies is provided as it is an intensive parameter
relative	if relative=TRUE, self sufficiencies are reported, so the amount of production divided by domestic demand
type	exports-imports ("net-exports"), gross imports ("imports") or gross exports ("exports"); only valid if relative=FALSE

Details

Trade definitions are equivalent to FAO CBS categories

Value

trade (production-demand) as MAgPIE object; unit depends on attributes

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Florian Humpenoeder, Mishko Stevanovic

238 trade Value

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- trade(gdx="fulldata.gdx", level="regglo", products="kcr")
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

tradeValue

tradeValue

Description

Calculates the value of traded goods based on a gdx file

Usage

```
tradeValue(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  products = "k_trade",
  product_aggr = FALSE,
  type = "net-exports",
  glo_weight = "export",
  relative = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX	file.
gux	UDA	HIE

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation ("reg", "glo", "regglo")

products Selection of products (either by naming products, e.g. "tece", or naming a

set,e.g."kcr")

product_aggr aggregate over products or not (boolean)

type exports-imports ("net-exports"), gross imports ("imports") or gross exports ("ex-

ports"); only valid if relative=FALSE

glo_weight Decides the calculation of global prices. Weighting schemes are applied for es-

timation of global producer price. If "export" prices are calculated as average of regional exporters' prices, weighted by the export volumes. If "production" (default), prices are calculated as average of regional prices weighted by regional production. Alternatively, if "free_trade", the global prices are directly taken from the shadow prices of the global trade constraint, and no averaging is performed. Alternatively, if "constant_prices_initial" constant 1995 global

prices for each commodity are used as weight.

relative if relative=TRUE, self sufficiencies are reported (the amount of production di-

vided by domestic demand)

tryList 239

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the value of trade flows in Million of US dollars

Author(s)

Misko Stevanovic, Florian Humpenoeder, Edna J. Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- tradeValue(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

tryList

tryList

Description

Internal support function to run a list of reportings in a tryReport environment.

Usage

```
tryList(..., gdx, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

report function to be run gdx gdx file to report from

level spatial level (either "regglo" for region+global or "iso" for ISO countries)

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich

See Also

tryReport

240 validation

Description

Internal support function to run a reporting in a try environment and properly report problems if something goes wrong without stopping the further processing in case of an error

Usage

```
tryReport(report, width, gdx, level = "regglo", n = 1)
```

Arguments

report report function to be run

width max number of characters per line
gdx gdx file to report from

level spatial level (either "regglo" for region+global or "iso" for ISO countries)

n number of parent generations to go back when catching the environment the report should get evaluated in

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich

	validation	validation
--	------------	------------

Description

Create Validation pdf from MAgPIE output and corresponding validation.mif

```
validation(
  gdx,
  hist,
  file = "validation.pdf",
  runinfo = NULL,
  clusterinfo = NULL,
  debug = FALSE,
  reportfile = NULL,
  scenario = NULL,
  getReport = NULL,
  ...
)
```

ValueMaterialDemand 241

Arguments

gdx GDX file

hist Validation data. All formats allowed which can be converted to quitte (including

characters containing the path to a mif file)

file a file name the output pdf

runinfo (optional) Rdata object with run information

clusterinfo (optional) RDS file or vector containing mapping information on 0.5degree be-

tween regions and cluster

debug Switch to activate or deactivate debug mode

reportfile file name to which a backup of the magpie reporting should be written (file

ending should be ".mif"). No report written if set to NULL or if report is already

provided via getReport!

scenario scenario name used inside reportfile. Not used if reportfile is NULL.

getReport the return value of the getReport function. Can be provided if available to

reduce overall runtime.

additional arguments supplied to the validationpdf function

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich

Examples

```
## Not run:
    validation("fulldata.gdx","validation.mif",filter="Yield")
## End(Not run)
```

ValueMaterialDemand

ValueMaterialDemand

Description

calculates agricultural costs without taxes and incentives (i.e. GHG taxes and BII incentives)

Usage

```
ValueMaterialDemand(gdx, file = NULL, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level aggregation level, reg, glo or regglo

242 VegfruitShare

Author(s)

David M Chen

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- ValueMaterialDemand(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

VegfruitShare

VegfruitShare

Description

Calculates the share of fruits, vegetables and nuts in total food supply from the food demand model

Usage

```
VegfruitShare(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  after_shock = TRUE,
  calibrated = TRUE,
  attributes = "kcal"
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "iso" ISO country codes, "reg" (regional), "glo" (global)
after_shock	FALSE is using the exogenous real income and the prices before a shock, TRUE is using the endogeenous real income that takes into account food price change on real income
calibrated	if FALSE, the true regression outputs are used, if TRUE the values calibrated to the start years are used $$
attributes	unit: kilocalories per day ("kcal"), g protein per day ("protein"). Mt reactive nitrogen ("nr").

Value

magpie object with the livestock share in a region or country. Unit is dimensionsless, but value depends on chosen attribute

wageDevelopment 243

Author(s)

Benjamin Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- VegfruitShare(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

wageDevelopment

wageDevelopment

Description

calculates indicator to describe wage development based on agricultural wages in MAgPIE (hourly labor costs relative to a base year)

Usage

```
wageDevelopment(gdx, baseYear = 2000, file = NULL, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

baseYear year relative to which the wage development should be calculated file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie level Level of regional aggregation ("iso", "reg", "glo", "regglo")

Value

MAgPIE object containing indicator on wage development

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

```
## Not run:
x <- wageDevelopment(gdx)
## End(Not run)
```

244 waterEFR

wagaPant	waaaPant
wageRent	wageRent

Description

calculates wage rent for exogenous wage scenarios

Usage

```
wageRent(gdx, file = NULL, level = "regglo")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level aggregation level, reg, glo or regglo

Author(s)

Debbora Leip

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- wageRent(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

waterEFR

waterEFR

Description

reads environmental flow requirements (as they enter MAgPIE) from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
waterEFR(gdx, file = NULL, level = "cell", digits = 4)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	spatial level of aggregation: "cell" (cellular), "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global)
digits	integer. For rounding of the return values

waterEFVarea 245

Value

A MAgPIE object containing environmental flow requirements (km³)

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- waterEFR(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

waterEFVarea

waterEFVarea

Description

calculates area that falls into cluster experiencing environmental flow violations from MAgPIE outputs

Usage

```
waterEFVarea(gdx, file = NULL, level = "reg", digits = 4, dir = ".")
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	spatial level of aggregation: "cell" (cellular), "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global), or "grid" (for disaggregated output using cropland as weight)
digits	integer. For rounding of the return values
dir	directory for weight for disaggregation

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the area under environmental flow violations (Mha)

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

246 waterEFViolation

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- waterEFVarea(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

waterEFViolation

waterEFViolation

Description

calculates environmental flow violation volume from MAgPIE outputs

Usage

```
waterEFViolation(gdx, file = NULL, level = "reg", digits = 4, dir = ".")
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	spatial level of aggregation: "cell" (cellular), "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global), or "grid" (for disaggregated output using cropland as weight)
digits	integer. For rounding of the return values
dir	directory for weight for disaggregation

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the volume of environmental flow violations (km³)

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

```
## Not run:
x <- waterEFViolation(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

waterEFVratio 247

|--|

Description

calculates ratio of environmental flow violation volume (EFV) to water environmental flow requirements (EFR) in MAgPIE.

Usage

```
waterEFVratio(gdx, file = NULL, level = "cell", dir = ".")
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	spatial level of aggregation: "cell" (cellular), "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or "grid" (grid cell)
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation

Value

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

```
## Not run:
    x <- waterEFVratio(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

248 waterStress

|--|

Description

calculates which areas are affected by water stress from water availability and water demand in MAgPIE. Water stress is calculated based on the proportion of water withdrawals to water availability. Thresholds based on World Resources Institute definition (https://www.wri.org/data/waterstress-country): Low stress: <10 Low-to-medium stress: 10-20 Medium to high stress: 20-40 High stress: 40-80 Extremely high stress: >80

Usage

```
waterStress(gdx, stressRatio = 0.4, file = NULL, level = "cell")
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
stressRatio	threshold defining level of water stress (e.g. 0.2 for medium water stress, 0.4 for high water stress)
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	spatial level of aggregation: "cell" (cellular), "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global)

Value

MAgPIE object indicating whether location is water stressed (1) or not (0)

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

```
## Not run:
x <- waterStress(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

 ${\tt waterStressedPopulation}$

water Stressed Population

Description

People living in water stressed region

Usage

```
waterStressedPopulation(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "cell",
  dir = ".",
  absolute = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	spatial level of aggregation: "cell" (cellular), "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or "grid" (grid cell)
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation
absolute	TRUE: reports people living in water stressed region in million, FALSE: returns share of population

Value

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

```
## Not run:
    x <- waterStressRatio(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

250 waterStressRatio

waterStressRatio	waterStressRatio
------------------	------------------

Description

calculates water stress ratio from water availability and water demand in MAgPIE. Water stress ratio is the ratio of water withdrawals (in the growing period) to water availability (in the growing period)

Usage

```
waterStressRatio(gdx, file = NULL, level = "cell", dir = ".")
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	spatial level of aggregation: "cell" (cellular), "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or "grid" (grid cell)
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation

Value

MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

```
## Not run:
    x <- waterStressRatio(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

water_AAI 251

|--|

Description

reads area actually irrigated from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
water_AAI(gdx, file = NULL, level = "reg", dir = ".")
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using $write.magpie$. See $write.magpie$ for supported file types
level	spatial level of aggregation: "cell" (cellular), "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in super-Aggregate
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds)

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the area actually irrigated (Mha)

Author(s)

Stephen Wirth, Anne Biewald, Felicitas Beier

```
## Not run:
x <- water_AEI(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

252 water_avail

water_AEI

water_AEI

Description

reads area equipped for irrigation from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
water_AEI(gdx, file = NULL, level = "reg")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level spatial level of aggregation: "cell" (cellular), "reg" (regional), "glo" (global),

"regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in super-

Aggregate

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the area equipped for irrigation (Mha)

Author(s)

Markus Bonsch

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- water_AEI(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

water_avail

water_avail

Description

reads available water from a MAgPIE gdx file

water_avail 253

Usage

```
water_avail(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  dir = ".",
  sources = NULL,
  sum = TRUE,
  digits = 4
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file	
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie	
level	spatial level of aggregation: "cell" (cellular), "reg" (regional), "glo" (global "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in super Aggregate	
dir	directory for files necessary for disaggregation	
sources	Vector of water sources that shall be obtained. NULL for all sources	
sum	Sum the contribution of different sources (TRUE) or display them individually (FALSE) $$	
digits	integer. For rounding of the return values	

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the available water (km³)

Author(s)

Markus Bonsch, Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- water_avail(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

254 water_price

water_efficiency

water_efficiency

Description

reads Irrigation efficiency from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
water_efficiency(gdx, file = NULL, level = "reg")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level spatial level of aggregation: "cell" (cellular), "reg" (regional), "glo" (global),

"regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in super-

Aggregate

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the irrigation efficiency on the requested aggregation level

Author(s)

Markus Bonsch

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- water_efficiency(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

water_price

water_price

Description

reads water prices from a MAgPIE gdx file

water_price 255

Usage

```
water_price(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  weight = "value",
  index = FALSE,
  index_baseyear = 2005,
  digits = 4
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	spatial level of aggregation: "cell" (cellular), "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in super-Aggregate
weight	For determining weights to use for generating water prices at levels beyond 'cellular'. Takes "value" and "quantity". "value" sums regional weights by value of water per cluster, "quantity" sums regional weight by qty of water per cluster
index	FALSE (default) or TRUE
index_baseyear	baseyear to use for index calculation (only used if index=TRUE)
digits	integer. For rounding of the return values

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the water shadow prices (US Dollar/cubic metre).

Author(s)

Markus Bonsch, Vartika Singh, Miodrag Stevanovic

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- water_price(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

256 water_usage

water_usage

water_usage

Description

reads area usage from a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
water_usage(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  users = NULL,
  sum = FALSE,
  seasonality = "total",
  abstractiontype = "withdrawal",
  digits = 4,
  dir = "."
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file	
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie	
level	spatial level of aggregation: "grid" (grid-cell) "cell" (cellular), "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in gdxAggregate	
users	NULL or "sectors" or "kcr" or "kli". If NULL, all sectors including crop-wise water use and livestock will be obtained. If sectors, will only report for high-level sectors - agriculture, industry, electricity, domestic, ecosystem. Sum is applicable only in the case of sectors	
sum	determines whether output should be sector specific (FALSE) or aggregated over all sectors (TRUE) $$	
seasonality	water usage time of the year. options: "grper" (growing period) or "total" (entire year). Note: currently only implemented for non-agricultural water usage.	
abstractiontype		
	water usage abstraction type: "withdrawal" or "consumption"	
digits	integer. For rounding of the return values	
dir	for gridded outputs: magpie output directory which contains a mapping file (rds) for disaggregation	

Value

A MAgPIE object containing the water usage (km³/yr)

woodHarvestArea 257

Author(s)

Markus Bonsch, Vartika Singh, Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- water_usage(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

woodHarvestArea

woodHarvestArea

Description

Reads wood harvest area separated by source (primforest, secdforest, forestry, other) and age classes from a gdx. The data is on cluster level and the unit is Mha per year.

Usage

```
woodHarvestArea(gdx)
```

Arguments

gdx

A fulldata.gdx of a magpie run, usually with endogenous forestry enabled

Value

A magpie object with the following dimensions: region, id, year, source, ageClass

Author(s)

Pascal Sauer

woodProduction

woodProduction

Description

Reads roundwood and fuelwood production/harvest data separated by source (primforest, secdforest, forestry, other) from a gdx. The data is on cluster level and the unit is Petagram (= mio. t) dry matter per year (Pg DM yr-1).

Usage

```
woodProduction(gdx)
```

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Arguments

gdx

A fulldata.gdx of a magpie run, usually with endogenous forestry enabled

Value

A magpie object with the following dimensions: region, id, year, source, woodType

Author(s)

Pascal Sauer

yields

yields

Description

Calculates crop yields based on a MAgPIE gdx file

Usage

```
yields(
  gdx,
  file = NULL,
  level = "reg",
  products = "kcr",
  product_aggr = F,
  attributes = "dm",
  water_aggr = T
)
```

Arguments

gdx	GDX file
file	a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie
level	Level of regional aggregation; "reg" (regional), "glo" (global), "regglo" (regional and global) or any other aggregation level defined in superAggregate
products	Selection of products (either by naming products, e.g. "tece", or naming a set,e.g. "kcr"), also including "pasture"
product_aggr	aggregate over products or not (boolean)
attributes	dry matter: Mt/ha ("dm"), gross energy: PJ/ha ("ge"), reactive nitrogen: Mt/ha ("nr"), phosphor: Mt/ha ("p"), potash: Mt/ha ("k"), wet matter: Mt/ha ("wm"). Can also be a vector.
water_aggr	aggregate irrigated and non-irriagted production or not (boolean).

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Value

crop yield as MAgPIE object (unit depends on attributes)

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

See Also

```
reportYields
```

Examples

```
## Not run:
    x <- yields(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

YieldsCropCalib

YieldsCropCalib

Description

Reads potential yields after calibration

Usage

```
YieldsCropCalib(gdx, file = NULL, level = "cell", dir = ".")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation

dir directory for disaggregation to grid level

Value

A MAgPIE object containing values of potential yields after the calibration routines

Author(s)

Edna Molina Bacca

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Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- YieldsCropCalib(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

YieldsCropRaw

YieldsCropRaw

Description

Reads potential yields after calibration

Usage

```
YieldsCropRaw(gdx, file = NULL, level = "cell")
```

Arguments

gdx GDX file

file a file name the output should be written to using write.magpie

level Level of regional aggregation

Value

A MAgPIE object containing values of potential yields after the calibration routines

Author(s)

Edna Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
x <- YieldsCropRaw(gdx)
## End(Not run)</pre>
```

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