

Package: mrland (via r-universe)

January 19, 2025

Type Package

Title MadRaT land data package

Version 0.65.3

Date 2024-12-20

Description The package provides land related data via the madrat framework.

License LGPL-3 | file LICENSE

URL <https://github.com/pik-piam/mrland>,
<https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3822083>

BugReports <https://github.com/pik-piam/mrland/issues>

Depends madrat (>= 1.30), magclass (>= 6.13.1), mrcommons (>= 1.41.0),
mrfactors (>= 0.4.0), mrfaocore (>= 1.0.0), mrlandcore (>= 1.0.0), GDPuc (>= 1.3.0), R (>= 2.10.0)

Imports countrycode, data.table, dplyr, magpiesets, mstools (>= 0.6.0), ncd4, raster, readxl, reshape2, SPEI, stringr, terra, withr

Suggests covr, ggplot2, rmarkdown, testthat

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData no

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

Config/pak/sysreqs libgdal-dev gdal-bin libgeos-dev libglpk-dev make
libhdf5-dev libicu-dev libxml2-dev libnetcdf-dev pari-gp
libproj-dev libsqlite3-dev libx11-dev zlib1g-dev

Repository <https://pik-piam.r-universe.dev>

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/pik-piam/mrland>

RemoteRef HEAD

RemoteSha 9131db64fe4a2b7a545daf00d0d351e0b021178c

Contents

mrland-package	5
calc2ndBioDem	5
calcAfforestCosts	6
calcAtmosphericDepositionRates	6
calcAvlCropland	7
calcBHIFL	9
calcBMI	10
calcBMIsr	10
calcBrooks2005OldConservationPrios	11
calcClimateRegionsIPCC	12
calcConservationPriorities	13
calcCriticalConnectivityAreas	14
calcCroplandTreecover	15
calcEATFruitvegRatio	16
calcEATLancetDiets	17
calcEATLancetTargets	18
calcEATLancetWaste	18
calcEFch4AWMS	19
calcEFch4Rice	20
calcEfNSoil	21
calcEndUseTimber	21
calcExoTcDummy	22
calcFAOLossesWaste	23
calcForestAreaInitialization	24
calcForestDisturbances	24
calcForestFireLoss	25
calcForestFireShare	26
calcForestLossShare	27
calcForestProductionInitialization	27
calcForestryProductionRatio	28
calcGDPdeflator	29
calcGHGPrices	29
calcGlobalSafetyNet	30
calcGTAPTrade	31
calcH08evapotranspiration	32
calcHalfEarth	33
calcIr2RfYieldRatio	34
calcIrrecoverableCarbonLand	34
calcIrrigationInvCosts	35
calcISIMIP3bYields	36
calcKeyBiodiversityAreas	37
calcLossShare	38
calcMulticroppingCells	39
calcMulticroppingIntensity	40
calcMulticroppingYieldIncrease	40
calcNINDiets	41

calcNINFruitvegRatio	42
calcNINTargets	43
calcNINWaste	44
calcNitrogenFixationFreeliving	45
calcNitrogenFixationNdfa	45
calcNutritionAttributes	46
calcOzoneYieldShock	47
calcPastureYield	48
calcPhotosynthesisTemperature	49
calcPlantationContribution	49
calcPlantedForest	50
calcProtectArea	51
calcProtectedAreaBaseline	51
calcPumpingCosts	53
calcPYieldSlope	53
calcSeedShare	54
calcSNVTargetCropland	55
calcSoilStockChangeFactors	55
calcSOMexogenous	56
calcTauHistorical	57
calcTimberDemandExt	57
calcTradeBalance	58
calcTradeBalanceflow	59
calcTradeExportShr	59
calcTradeMargin	60
calcTradeSelfSuff	61
calcTradeTariff	62
calcUrbanLandFuture	63
calcValueProduction	63
calcYields	64
calcYieldsCalibrated	66
calcYieldsLPJmL	68
calcYieldsWeight	69
convertAQUASTAT	70
convertEATLancet	71
convertFAOLossesWaste	72
convertForestryProductionRatio	73
convertFRA2015Doc	73
convertGTAP	74
convertNIN	75
convertPYieldCoeff	76
convertSathayeForest	76
convertTimberShare	77
convertWBirrigation	78
correctBrennan2022	78
correctCopernicus	79
correctDinerstein2020	80
correctGLW3	80

correctHalfEarth	81
correctKeyBiodiversityAreas	82
correctLUH2UrbanFuture	83
correctNoon2022	83
correctOzoneYieldShock	84
correctProtectArea	85
correctProtectedAreaBaseline	86
correctS4Nproject_input	86
correctZabel2014	87
downloadH08vapotranspiration	88
downloadSPAM	88
fullMAGPIE	89
readAQUASTAT	90
readBrennan2022	90
readCopernicus	91
readDinerstein2020	92
readEATLancet	93
readFAOLossesWaste	94
readForestLossDrivers	95
readForestryProductionRatio	95
readFRA2015Doc	96
readGLW3	97
readGLW4	97
readGTAP	98
readH08evapotranspiration	99
readHalfEarth	100
readKeyBiodiversityAreas	101
readLUH2UrbanFuture	101
readNIN	102
readNoon2022	103
readOzoneYieldShock	104
readProtectArea	104
readProtectedAreaBaseline	105
readPYieldCoeff	106
readREMIND	106
readS4Nproject_input	107
readSathayeForest	108
readStrefler2021	108
readTimberShare	109
readUrbanLandGao	110
readWBirrigation	110
readWHObmi	111
readZabel2014	111
spatial_header	112
toolPatternScaling	113

mrland-package	<i>MadRaT land data package</i>
----------------	---------------------------------

Description

The package provides land related data via the madrat framework.

Author(s)

Maintainer: Jan Philipp Dietrich <dietrich@pik-potsdam.de>

See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/pik-piam/mrland>
- [doi:10.5281/zenodo.3822083](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3822083)
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/pik-piam/mrland/issues>

calc2ndBioDem	<i>calc2ndBioDem</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

calculates 2nd generation bioenergy demand

Usage

```
calc2ndBioDem(datasource, rev = numeric_version("0.1"))
```

Arguments

datasource	source to be used
rev	data revision the output will be produced for (numeric_version)

Value

magpie object with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("2ndBioDem")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcAfforestCosts *Aggregation and calculation of the mean of each MAgPIE region for the source SathayeForest*

Description

This function aggregates the data from source SathayeForest. A weight is implemented as the mean for each MAgPIE region is calculated.

Usage

```
calcAfforestCosts()
```

Value

MAgPIE object of the calculated means of each MAgPIE region

Author(s)

Nele Steinmetz

See Also

[calcOutput](#), [readSathayeForest](#), [convertSathayeForest](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
  
a <- calcOutput("AfforestCosts")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcAtmosphericDepositionRates
calcAtmosphericDepositionRates

Description

Computes Atmospheric (nitrogen) deposition rates per area on different land-use types.

Usage

```
calcAtmosphericDepositionRates(cellular = FALSE, cells = "lpjcell")
```

Arguments

cellular TRUE for results on 0.5 degree grid.
cells magpiecell (59199 cells) or lpjcell (67420 cells)

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

[calcAtmosphericDeposition](#), [calcNitrogenBudgetCropland](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("AtmosphericDepositionRates")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcAvlCropland *calcAvlCropland*

Description

Calculates the total available cropland per grid cell, based on physical cropland suitability data or other criteria, such as constraints on cropland expansion

Usage

```
calcAvlCropland(  
  marginal_land = "magpie",  
  cell_upper_bound = 0.9,  
  country_level = FALSE,  
  cells = "lpjcell",  
  luhBaseYear = "y1995"  
)
```

Arguments

marginal_land	<p>Defines which share of marginal land should be included (see options below) and whether suitable land under irrigated conditions ("irrigated"), under rainfed conditions ("rainfed") or suitability under rainfed conditions including currently irrigated land (rainfed_and_irrigated) should be used. Options combined via ":"</p> <p>The different marginal land options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "all_marginal": All marginal land (suitability index between 0-0.33) is included as suitable • "q33_marginal": The bottom tertile (suitability index below 0.13) of the marginal land area is excluded. • "q50_marginal": The bottom half (suitability index below 0.18) of the marginal land area is excluded. • "q66_marginal": The first and second tertile (suitability index below 0.23) of the marginal land area are excluded. • "q75_marginal": The first, second and third quartiles (suitability index below 0.25) of the marginal land are excluded • "no_marginal": Areas with a suitability index of 0.33 and lower are excluded. • "magpie": Returns "all_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated", "q33_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated" and "no_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated" in a magclass object to be used as magpie input.
cell_upper_bound	Upper bound for cropland at the grid cell level. Even if, for instance, the total available cropland area equals the land area in a grid cell, cropland cannot be expanded above this value.
country_level	Whether output shall be at country level. Requires aggregate=FALSE in calcOutput.
cells	magpiecell (59199 cells) or lpjcell (67420 cells)
luhBaseYear	Base year of LUH land area

Value

magpie object in cellular resolution

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze, Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("AvlCropland", aggregate = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

`calcBHIFL`*calcBHIFL*

Description

Function calculates land area in conservation priority areas

Usage

```
calcBHIFL(cells = "lpjcell", nclasses = "seven")
```

Arguments

<code>cells</code>	number of cells of landmask (select "magpiecell" for 59199 cells or "lpjcell" for 67420 cells)
<code>nclasses</code>	Options are either "seven" or "nine". <ul style="list-style-type: none">"seven" separates primary and secondary forest and includes "crop", "past", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban" and "other""nine" adds the separation of pasture and rangelands, as well as a differentiation of primary and secondary non-forest vegetation and therefore returns "crop", "past", "range", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban", "primother" and "secdothor"

Value

magpie object in cellular resolution with different protection options in conservation priority areas

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("BHIFL", aggregate = FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`calcBMI`*calcBMIshr*

Description

estimates average BMI of a BMI group for a population group

Usage

```
calcBMI()
```

Value

List with a magpie object

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

[readNCDrisc](#), [calcIntake](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("BMI", aggregate=FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`calcBMIshr`*calcBMIshr*

Description

estimates population based on BMI share

Usage

```
calcBMIshr(convert = TRUE)
```

Arguments

`convert` Use raw data or interpolated data. Raw data should only be used for regressions.

Value

List with a magpie object

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

[readNCDrisc](#), [calcIntake](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("BMIshr")

## End(Not run)
```

```
calcBrooks2005OldConservationPrios
      calcBrooks2005OldConservationPrios
```

Description

Function calculates land area in conservation priority areas

Usage

```
calcBrooks2005OldConservationPrios(cells = "lpjcell", nclasses = "seven")
```

Arguments

- | | |
|----------|--|
| cells | number of cells of landmask (select "magpiecell" for 59199 cells or "lpjcell" for 67420 cells) |
| nclasses | Options are either "seven" or "nine". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "seven" separates primary and secondary forest and includes "crop", "past", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban" and "other" "nine" adds the separation of pasture and rangelands, as well as a differentiation of primary and secondary non-forest vegetation and therefore returns "crop", "past", "range", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban", "primother" and "secdothor" |

Value

magpie object in cellular resolution with different protection options in conservation priority areas

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("ConservationPriority", aggregate = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

calcClimateRegionsIPCC

calcClimateRegionsIPCC

Description

calculates IPCC Climate Regions (IPCC2006 ch.4.3) based on t, ppt, pet from LPJml. elevation dimension not included for tropical montane class

Usage

```
calcClimateRegionsIPCC(
  landusetypes = "all",
  cellular = FALSE,
  yearly = FALSE,
  convert = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

landusetypes	all or only one
cellular	FALSE for country level, TRUE for cells
yearly	FALSE for normal magpie 5 year time spans, TRUE for yearly
convert	fills missing countries for country level aggregation with warm temperate moist (mostly small island nations)

Value

Country or cellular magpie object with fraction of each climate region by country or cell

Author(s)

David Chen

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("ClimateRegionsIPCC")

## End(Not run)
```

```
calcConservationPriorities
      calcConservationPriorities
```

Description

Function calculates land area in conservation priority areas that was unprotected in 2020 (WDPA).

Usage

```
calcConservationPriorities(
  consvBaseYear = "y1750",
  cells = "lpjcell",
  nclasses = "seven"
)
```

Arguments

consvBaseYear	Reference year for land conservation. Choosing "y1750", for instance, means that the reference land use is based on the year 1750 ('pre-industrial') so land use can be restored to the pre-industrial state in conservation priority areas. Any year available in the LUH2v2 data set can be chosen. Historic land use in the LUH2v2 data is based on the HYDE data base. The choice "y2020" provides a special case, in which reference land use is based on the 2020 ESA CCI LULC map, derived at a spatial resolution of 300 x 300 Meter.
cells	number of cells of landmask (select "magpiecell" for 59199 cells or "lpjcell" for 67420 cells)
nclasses	Options are either "seven" or "nine". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "seven" separates primary and secondary forest and includes "crop", "past", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban" and "other" "nine" adds the separation of pasture and rangelands, as well as a differentiation of primary and secondary non-forest vegetation and therefore returns "crop", "past", "range", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban", "primother" and "secdothor"

Value

magpie object in cellular resolution with different protection options in conservation priority areas

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("ConservationPriority2", aggregate = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

```
calcCriticalConnectivityAreas
      calcCriticalConnectivityAreas
```

Description

Returns unprotected land area (Mha) within Critical Connectivit Areas as given in Brennan et al. (2022).

Usage

```
calcCriticalConnectivityAreas(
  maginput = TRUE,
  nclasses = "seven",
  cells = "lpjcell",
  mask = "KBA_GSN"
)
```

Arguments

<code>maginput</code>	Whether data should be transformed (based on LUH2v2 data) to match land use types used in MAgPIE.
<code>nclasses</code>	If <code>magpie_input = TRUE</code> . Options are either "seven" or "nine". Note that by default, the protected area is reported for urban land and forestry is zero. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "seven" separates primary and secondary forest and includes "crop", "past", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban" and "other" "nine" adds the separation of pasture and rangelands, as well as a differentiation of primary and secondary non-forest vegetation and therefore returns "crop", "past", "range", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban", "primother" and "secdothor"
<code>cells</code>	magpiecell (59199 cells) or lpjcell (67420 cells)
<code>mask</code>	Whether Key Biodiversity Areas ("KBA") or Global Safety Net and Key Biodiversity Areas ("KBA_GSN") are masked. This switch is useful for complementary scenario building.

Value

List with a magpie object

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

See Also

[readBrennan2022](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("calcCriticalConnectivityAreas", aggregate = FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcCroplandTreecover *calcCroplandTreecover*

Description

Returns area on cropland covered by trees (Mha).

Usage

```
calcCroplandTreecover(  
  maginput = TRUE,  
  cells = "magpiecell",  
  countryLevel = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

maginput	Whether data should be corrected to align with cropland initialised in MAgPIE.
cells	magpiecell (59199 cells) or lpjcell (67420 cells)
countryLevel	Whether output shall be at country level. Requires aggregate=FALSE in calcOutput.

Value

List with a magpie object

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

See Also

[readCopernicus](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("CroplandTreecover", aggregate = FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcEATFruitvegRatio *calcEATFruitvegRatio*

Description

Calculates the share of fruits and vegetables in the calorie supply from the others MAgPIE commodity for the past. Information on the calorie supply from fruits and vegetables is relevant in the context of dietary recommendations, e.g. as proposed by the EAT-Lancet Commission on healthy diets from sustainable food systems.

Usage

```
calcEATFruitvegRatio(populationweight = "PopulationPast")
```

Arguments

populationweight
datasource of populationweight: FAO can be selected in order to better meet exact values. Normal datasource is PopulationPast

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl, Felicitas Beier

See Also

[calcOutput](#), [calcEATLancetTargets](#), [calcFAOharmonized](#), [calcEATLancetDiets](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("EATFruitvegRatio")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcEATLancetDiets *calcEATLancetDiets*

Description

Calculates daily per capita intake for MAGPIE food commodities that are consistent with diet scenarios developed by the EAT-Lancet Commission on healthy diets from sustainable food systems. The unit is kcal/day per capita or wm/day per capita. Mapping of intake from EAT Lancet to MAGPIE food commodities is done individually for the different available units.

Usage

```
calcEATLancetDiets(  
  attributes = c("wm", "kcal"),  
  calib = TRUE,  
  FAOcountr = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

attributes	attributes of different food commodities (available: kcal and wm).
calib	if TRUE, total daily per capita intake for MAGPIE food commodities is calibrated to EAT Lancet total intake.
FAOcountr	if TRUE, estimates for countries not covered in FAOSTAT are set to Zero.

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

See Also

[calcOutput](#), [readEATLancet](#), [convertEATLancet](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("EATLancetDiets")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcEATLancetTargets *calcEATLancetTargets*

Description

Calculates minimum and maximum targets for healthy food intake according to reference recommendations proposed by the EAT-Lancet Commission on healthy diets from sustainable food systems, specified for different MAgPIE commodities.

Usage

```
calcEATLancetTargets(attributes = "kcal/d")
```

Arguments

attributes Attributes of food commodities (available: kcal/d and g/d)

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

See Also

[calcOutput](#), [readEATLancet](#), [calcEATLancetDiets](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("EATLancetTargets")

## End(Not run)
```

calcEATLancetWaste *calcEATLancetWaste*

Description

Calculates the ratio between food supply at household level and food intake for different MAgPIE commodities accounting for food-specific estimates of baseline intake of quantification of EAT Lancet diets by the EAT-Lancet commission, as well as for FAO food waste shares.

Usage

```
calcEATLancetWaste(out_type = "ratio")
```

Arguments

out_type ratio: total food supply to total intake. ratio_detailed_calib: calibrated food-specific estimates. ratio_detailed: food-specific estimates based on FAO food waste shares calib: factor for calibrating estimates based on FAO waste shares to food supply

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

See Also

[calcOutput](#), [readEATLancet](#), [calcEATLancetDiets](#), [convertEATLancet](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("EATLancetWaste")

## End(Not run)
```

calcEFch4AWMS

calcEFch4AWMS

Description

emission factors for methane from animal waste management, depending on manure managed in confinements. The emission factors were calculated based on FAOSTAT estimates due to lack of all necessary parameters in the IPCC Guidelines

Usage

```
calcEFch4AWMS()
```

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

[calcEFch4Rice](#), [calcOutput](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("EFch4AWMS")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcEFch4Rice	<i>calcEFch4Rice</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

emission factors for methane from flooded rice fields, depending on physical area or area harvested. The emission factors were calculated based on FAOSTAT estimates due to lack of all necessary parameters in the IPCC Guidelines

Usage

```
calcEFch4Rice(physical = TRUE)
```

Arguments

physical if true physical area, if false area harvested

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

[calcEFch4AWMS](#), [calcOutput](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("EFch4Rice")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcEfNSoil	<i>calcEmisNitrogenPast</i>
-------------	-----------------------------

Description

Emission factors from cropland soils.

Usage

```
calcEfNSoil(method = "IPCC_reg")
```

Arguments

method	If IPCC, using the ipcc emission factors as share of applied N inputs. If Nloss, as share of cropland budget surplus.
--------	---

Value

List of magpie object with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("EmisNitrogenPast")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcEndUseTimber	<i>calcEndUseTimber</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Calculates the demand of timber from historical FAO data (including intermediate products).

Usage

```
calcEndUseTimber()
```

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[calcFA0massbalance_pre](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("EndUseTimber")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcExoTcDummy

calcExoTcDummy

Description

Dummy file for regional exogenous tau path

Usage

```
calcExoTcDummy()
```

Value

Dummy file for regional exogenous tau path

Author(s)

Florian Humpenoeder

See Also

[readSource](#), [calcOutput](#)

calcFAOLossesWaste *calcFAOLossesWaste*

Description

Calculates the ratio between food supply at household level and food intake for different MAgPIE commodities based on estimated/assumed FAO waste shares for each commodity group (optionally also including food conversion factors into edible matter).

Usage

```
calcFAOLossesWaste(out_type = "waste")
```

Arguments

out_type	waste: food-specific ratios based on FAO food waste shares waste_edible: food-specific ratios based on FAO food waste shares including conversion into edible matter
----------	---

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

See Also

[calcOutput](#), [readFAOLossesWaste](#), [calcEATLancetWaste](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("FAOLossesWaste")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcForestAreaInitialization
calcForestAreaInitialization

Description

Calculates the management factor(s) needed to upscale the yield of forest plantations as compared to natural vegetation based on FAO data.

Usage

```
calcForestAreaInitialization()
```

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[calcFA0massbalance_pre](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("ForestAreaInitialization")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcForestDisturbances
calcForestDisturbances

Description

Calculates which share of forest land is lost due to forest disturbances (including insects, diseases, severe weather events and other causes)

Usage

```
calcForestDisturbances()
```


Value

MAGPIE object with FRA 2020 forest disturbance shares

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[readFRA2020](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("ForestDisturbances", aggregate=FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`calcForestFireLoss` *calcForestFireLoss*

Description

Calculate how much loss of forest area happens due to fire disturbances based on FRA 2020 data

Usage

```
calcForestFireLoss()
```

Value

MAGPIE object with FRA 2020 forest fire area loss

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[readFRA2020](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("ForestFireLoss", aggregate=FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcForestFireShare *calcForestFireShare*

Description

Calculates which share of forest land is lost due to forest fires

Usage

```
calcForestFireShare()
```

Value

MAgPIE object with FRA 2020 forest fire shares

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[readFRA2020](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("ForestFireShare", aggregate=FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcForestLossShare *calcForestLossShare*

Description

Calculates which share of forest land is lost due to different drivers

Usage

```
calcForestLossShare()
```

Value

MAgPIE object with share of area lost in forests due to different drivers

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[readForestLossDrivers](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("ForestLossShare", aggregate=FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcForestProductionInitialization
calcForestProductionInitialization

Description

Calculates the management factor(s) needed to upscale the yield of forest plantations as compared to natural vegetation based on FAO data.

Usage

```
calcForestProductionInitialization()
```

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[calcFA0massbalance_pre](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("ForestProductionInitialization")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`calcForestryProductionRatio`
calcForestryProductionRatio

Description

Calculates the management factor(s) needed to upscale the yield of forest plantations as compared to natural vegetation based on FAO data.

Usage

```
calcForestryProductionRatio()
```

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[calcFA0massbalance_pre](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("ForestryProductionRatio")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcGDPdeflator	<i>calcGDPdeflator</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

calculates a iso-level deflator, this is needed to run food demand and livestock regressions consistently

Usage

```
calcGDPdeflator(yearFrom = 2017, yearTo = 2005, currency = "PPP")
```

Arguments

yearFrom	year in "y2005" format
yearTo	year in "y2005" format
currency	"PPP" or "MER"

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

David Chen

calcGHGPrices	<i>calcGHGPrices</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

reads in GHG prices from past runs

Usage

```
calcGHGPrices(  
  emissions = "pollutants",  
  datasource = "REMMAG",  
  rev = numeric_version("0.1")  
)
```

Arguments

emissions	which type of emissions shall be returned. ghg just returns n2o, ch4 and co2, pollutants a longer list including also air pollutants
datasource	REMIND for prices from R2M4 coupled runs, REMMAG for old coupled runs, SSPResults for prices from the SSP scenarios from the IIASA database, SSP_and_REM for a combination of REMIND and SSPResults
rev	data revision the output will be produced for (numeric_version).

Value

list of magpie object with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

David Chen, Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, David Klein

See Also

[readSSPResults](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("GHGPrices")

## End(Not run)
```

calcGlobalSafetyNet *calcGlobalSafetyNet*

Description

Returns unprotected land area (Mha) within the Global Safety Net (Dinerstein et al. 2020).

Usage

```
calcGlobalSafetyNet(maginput = TRUE, nclasses = "seven", cells = "lpjcell")
```

Arguments

maginput	Whether data should be transformed (based on LUH2v2 data) to match land use types used in MAgPIE.
nclasses	If magpie_input = TRUE. Options are either "seven" or "nine". Note that by default, the protected area is reported for urban land and forestry is zero. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "seven" separates primary and secondary forest and includes "crop", "past", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban" and "other"

- "nine" adds the separation of pasture and rangelands, as well as a differentiation of primary and secondary non-forest vegetation and therefore returns "crop", "past", "range", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban", "primother" and "secdothor"

cells magpiecell (59199 cells) or lpjcell (67420 cells)

Value

List with a magpie object

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

See Also

[readDinerstein2020](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("calcGlobalSafetyNet", aggregate = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

calcGTAPTrade

calcGTAPTrade

Description

calculate trade data from GTAP dataset

Usage

```
calcGTAPTrade(subtype = NULL, bilateral = FALSE)
```

Arguments

subtype	GTAP version and subtype, separated by "_" available versions are "GTAP7", "GTAP8", and "GTAP9" GTAP sheets relevant for trade are "VIWS": Trade - Bilateral Imports at World Prices "VIMS": Trade - Bilateral Imports at Market Prices "VXWD": Trade - Bilateral Exports at World Prices "VXMD": Trade - Bilateral Exports at Market Prices "VDFM": Intermediates - Firms' Domestic Purchases at Market Prices "VIFM": Intermediates - Firms' Imports at Market Prices "VFM": Endowments - Firms' Purchases at Market Prices "VOA": Payment received by producers (fram ggate value) "VOM": Value of output at dometic market prices
bilateral	whether bilateral trade data should be calculated

Value

Trade related data as an MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Xiaoxi Wang, David M Chen

Examples

```
## Not run:  
x <- calcGTAP("GTAP7_VXMD")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcH08evapotranspiration
calcH08evapotranspiration

Description

Calc evapotranspiration data for SSP scenarios in mm/month

Usage

```
calcH08evapotranspiration(subtype = "H08:mri-esm2-0")
```

Arguments

subtype Switch between different inputs

Value

magpie object in cellular resolution

Author(s)

Marcos Alves

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("H08evapotranspiration", subtype = "H08:mri-esm2-0")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcHalfEarth	<i>calcHalfEarth</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

Function calculates land area in 'Half Earth' conservation priority area

Usage

```
calcHalfEarth(cells = "lpjcell", nclasses = "seven")
```

Arguments

cells	number of cells of landmask (select "magpiecell" for 59199 cells or "lpjcell" for 67420 cells)
nclasses	Options are either "seven" or "nine". <ul style="list-style-type: none">• "seven" separates primary and secondary forest and includes "crop", "past", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban" and "other"• "nine" adds the separation of pasture and rangelands, as well as a differentiation of primary and secondary non-forest vegetation and therefore returns "crop", "past", "range", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban", "primother" and "secdothor"

Value

magpie object in cellular resolution with different protection options in conservation priority areas

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze, Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("HalfEarth", aggregate = FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcIr2RfYieldRatio *calcIr2RfYieldRatio*

Description

Passes on the irrigated to rainfed yield ratio from AQUASTAT

Usage

```
calcIr2RfYieldRatio()
```

Value

MAGPIE object of yields

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens

See Also

[readAQUASTAT()], [convertAQUASTAT()]

Examples

```
## Not run:  
  calcOutput("Ir2RfYieldRatio")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcIrrecoverableCarbonLand
 calcIrrecoverableCarbonLand

Description

Returns unprotected land area (Mha) that covers 50 99

Usage

```
calcIrrecoverableCarbonLand(  
  maginput = TRUE,  
  nclasses = "seven",  
  cells = "lpjcell"  
)
```

Arguments

maginput	Whether data should be transformed (based on LUH2v2 data) to match land use types used in MAgPIE.
nclasses	If magpie_input = TRUE. Options are either "seven" or "nine". Note that by default, the protected area is reported for urban land and forestry is zero. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• "seven" separates primary and secondary forest and includes "crop", "past", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban" and "other"• "nine" adds the separation of pasture and rangelands, as well as a differentiation of primary and secondary non-forest vegetation and therefore returns "crop", "past", "range", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban", "primother" and "secdothor"
cells	magpiecell (59199 cells) or lpjcell (67420 cells)

Value

List with a magpie object

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

See Also

[readNoon2022](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("calcIrrecoverableCarbonLand", aggregate = FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcIrrigationInvCosts

calcIrrigationInvCosts

Description

This function calculates irrigation investment costs for each country until the year 2050. Values linearly converge towards the value of Germany (1995) by 2050.

Usage

```
calcIrrigationInvCosts()
```

Value

MAGPIE object

Author(s)

Nele Steinmetz, Felicitas Beier

See Also

[calcOutput](#), [readWBirrigation](#), [convertWBirrigation](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("IrrigationInvCosts")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcISIMIP3bYields *calcISIMIP3bYields*

Description

reads and cleans up ISIMIP3b crop yield data

Usage

```
calcISIMIP3bYields(  
  subtype = "yields:EPIC-IIASA:ukesm1-0-11:ssp585:default:3b",  
  smooth = TRUE,  
  cells = "lpjcell"  
)
```

Arguments

subtype	subtype of yield based on readISIMIPoutputs, for crop yields
smooth	smooth cells via spline
cells	magpie or lpjcell

Value

magpie object in cellular resolution

Author(s)

David Meng-Chuen Chen, Edna Molina Bacca

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("ISIMIP3bYields", aggregate = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

```
calcKeyBiodiversityAreas
      calcKeyBiodiversityAreas
```

Description

Returns unprotected land area (Mha) within Key Biodiversity Areas.

Usage

```
calcKeyBiodiversityAreas(
  maginput = TRUE,
  unprotected = TRUE,
  nclasses = "seven",
  cells = "lpjcell"
)
```

Arguments

maginput	Whether data should be transformed (based on LUH2v2 data) to match land use types used in MAgPIE.
unprotected	if TRUE only KBA land that is currently unprotected is returned
nclasses	If magpie_input = TRUE. Options are either "seven" or "nine". Note that by default, the protected area is reported for urban land and forestry is zero. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> "seven" separates primary and secondary forest and includes "crop", "past", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban" and "other" "nine" adds the separation of pasture and rangelands, as well as a differentiation of primary and secondary non-forest vegetation and therefore returns "crop", "past", "range", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban", "primother" and "secdothor"
cells	magpiecell (59199 cells) or lpjcell (67420 cells)

Value

List with a magpie object

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

See Also

[readKeyBiodiversityAreas](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("calcKeyBiodiversityAreas", aggregate = FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcLossShare

calcLossShare

Description

Calculates share of domestic supply wasted

Usage

```
calcLossShare()
```

Value

List of magpie object with results and weight on country or cellular level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("LossShare")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

```
calcMulticroppingCells
    calcMulticroppingCells
```

Description

Returns grid cells and crops where multiple cropping takes place given the chosen scenario

Usage

```
calcMulticroppingCells(
  selectyears,
  lpjml,
  climatetype,
  scenario,
  sectoral = "kcr"
)
```

Arguments

selectyears	Years to be returned
lpjml	LPJmL version required for respective inputs: natveg or crop
climatetype	Switch between different climate scenarios or historical baseline "GSWP3-W5E5:historical"
scenario	"actual:total": currently multicropped areas calculated from total harvested areas and total physical areas per cell from readLandInG "actual:crop" (crop-specific), "actual:irrigation" (irrigation-specific), "actual:irrig_crop" (crop- and irrigation-specific) "total" "potential:endogenous": potentially multicropped areas given temperature and productivity limits "potential:exogenous": potentially multicropped areas given GAEZ suitability classification
sectoral	"kcr" MAgPIE crops, and "lpj" LPJmL crops

Value

magpie object in cellular resolution

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("MulticroppingCells", aggregate = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

```
calcMulticroppingIntensity
      calcMulticroppingIntensity
```

Description

Returns cropping intensity according to LandInG data given the chosen scenario

Usage

```
calcMulticroppingIntensity(scenario, selectyears, sectoral = "lpj")
```

Arguments

scenario	"total": currently multicropped areas calculated from total harvested areas and total physical areas per cell from readLandInG "crop" (crop-specific), "irrigation" (irrigation-specific), "irrig_crop" (crop- and irrigation-specific)
selectyears	Years to be returned
sectoral	"kcr" MAgPIE crop types, and "lpj" LPJmL crop types

Value

magpie object in cellular resolution

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("MulticroppingIntensity", aggregate = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

```
calcMulticroppingYieldIncrease
      calcMulticroppingYieldIncrease
```

Description

Calculates yield increase achieved through multiple cropping (as factor of off season to main season crop yield) under irrigated and rainfed conditions respectively. Optionally: return which grid cells are potentially suitable for multiple cropping activities under rainfed and irrigated conditions. Calculation is based on grassland gross primary production (GPP) in the growing period of the respective crop and annual grass GPP.

Usage

```
calcMulticroppingYieldIncrease(
  selectyears,
  lpjml,
  climatetype,
  fallowFactor = 0.75
)
```

Arguments

selectyears	Years to be returned
lpjml	LPJmL version required for respective inputs as single string: "crop" version
climatetype	Switch between different climate scenarios or historical baseline "GSWP3-W5E5:historical"
fallowFactor	Factor determining yield reduction in off season due to fallow period between harvest of first (main) season and sowing of second (off) season

Value

magpie object in cellular resolution

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("MulticroppingYieldIncrease", aggregate = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

calcNINDiets

calcNINDiets

Description

Calculates daily per capita intake for MAgPIE food commodities that are consistent with diet scenarios developed by the NIN-Lancet Commission on healthy diets from sustainable food systems. The unit is kcal/day per capita or wm/day per capita. Mapping of intake from NIN Lancet to MAgPIE food commodities is done individually for the different available units.

Usage

```
calcNINDiets(attributes = c("wm", "kcal"), calib = TRUE, FAOcountr = FALSE)
```

Arguments

attributes	attributes of different food commodities (available: kcal and wm).
calib	if TRUE, total daily per capita intake for MAGPIE food commodities is calibrated to NIN Lancet total intake.
FAOcountr	if TRUE, estimates for countries not covered in FAOSTAT are set to Zero.

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

See Also

[calcOutput](#), [readNIN](#), [convertNIN](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("NINDiets")

## End(Not run)
```

calcNINFruitvegRatio *calcNINFruitvegRatio*

Description

Calculates the share of fruits and vegetables in the calorie supply from the others MAGPIE commodity for the past. Information on the calorie supply from fruits and vegetables is relevant in the context of dietary recommendations, e.g. as proposed by the NIN.

Usage

```
calcNINFruitvegRatio(populationweight = "PopulationPast")
```

Arguments

populationweight
 datasource of populationweight: FAO can be selected in order to better meet exact values. Normal datasource is PopulationPast

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

See Also

[calcOutput](#), [calcNINTargets](#), [calcFA0harmonized](#), [calcNINDiets](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("NINFruitvegRatio")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcNINTargets	<i>calcNINTargets</i>
----------------	-----------------------

Description

Calculates minimum and maximum targets for healthy food intake according to reference recommendations proposed by the NIN on healthy diets from sustainable food systems, specified for different MAgPIE commodities.

Usage

```
calcNINTargets(attributes = "kcal/d")
```

Arguments

attributes Attributes of food commodities (available: kcal/d and g/d)

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

See Also

[calcOutput](#), [readNIN](#), [calcNINDiets](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("NINTargets")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcNINWaste	<i>calcNINWaste</i>
--------------	---------------------

Description

Calculates the ratio between food supply at household level and food intake for different MAgPIE commodities accounting for food-specific estimates of baseline intake of quantification of NIN diets by the NIN comission, as well as for FAO food waste shares.

Usage

```
calcNINWaste(out_type = "ratio")
```

Arguments

out_type	ratio: total food supply to total intake. ratio_detailed_calib: calibrated food-specific estimates. ratio_detailed: food-specific estimates based on FAO food waste shares calib: factor for calibrating estimates based on FAO waste shares to food supply
----------	---

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

See Also

[calcOutput](#), [readNIN](#), [calcNINDiets](#), [convertNIN](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("NINWaste")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`calcNitrogenFixationFreeliving`
calcNitrogenFixationFreeliving

Description

calculates fixation rates from freeliving bacteria per area

Usage

`calcNitrogenFixationFreeliving()`

Value

List of magpie objects with results on global level, empty weight, unit and description.

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

[calcNitrogenFixationPast readHerridge](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("NitrogenFixationFreeliving")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`calcNitrogenFixationNdfa`
calcNitrogenFixationNdfa

Description

calculates the share of N in biomass derived from biological fixation

Usage

`calcNitrogenFixationNdfa()`

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

[calcNitrogenFixationPast](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("calcNitrogenFixationNdfa")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcNutritionAttributes

calcNutritionAttributes

Description

Calculates nutrition attributes of food products, i.e. calorie and protein supply of a product dedicated to food use.

Usage

```
calcNutritionAttributes()
```

Value

magpie object

Author(s)

Benjamin Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("NutritionAttributes", aggregate = FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcOzoneYieldShock *calcOzoneYieldShock*

Description

calculate Ozone yield shocks Data from the EAT-Lancet deepdive on Ozone shock effects on crop yields.

Usage

```
calcOzoneYieldShock(weighting = "totalCrop", marginal_land = "magpie")
```

Arguments

weighting	use of different weights (totalCrop (default), totalLUspecific, cropSpecific, crop+irrigSpecific, avlCropland, avlCropland+avlPasture)
marginal_land	<p>Defines which share of marginal land should be included (see options below) and whether suitable land under irrigated conditions ("irrigated"), under rainfed conditions ("rainfed") or suitability under rainfed conditions including currently irrigated land (rainfed_and_irrigated) should be used. Options combined via ":"</p> <p>The different marginal land options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "all_marginal": All marginal land (suitability index between 0-0.33) is included as suitable • "q33_marginal": The bottom tertile (suitability index below 0.13) of the marginal land area is excluded. • "q50_marginal": The bottom half (suitability index below 0.18) of the marginal land area is excluded. • "q66_marginal": The first and second tertile (suitability index below 0.23) of the marginal land area are excluded. • "q75_marginal": The first, second and third quartiles (suitability index below 0.25) of the marginal land are excluded • "no_marginal": Areas with a suitability index of 0.33 and lower are excluded. • "magpie": Returns "all_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated", "q33_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated" and "no_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated" in a magclass object to be used as magpie input.

Value

magpie object in cellular resolution

Author(s)

Jake Tommey

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("OzoneYieldShock")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcPastureYield	<i>calcPastureYield</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Provides pasture yields defined as ratio of grazed biomass to grazed area

Usage

```
calcPastureYield(range_pastr = FALSE)
```

Arguments

range_pastr	Boolean value indicating if the grass yields should be split between rangelands and pastures.
-------------	---

Value

Pasture yields and corresponding weights as a list of two MAgPIE objects

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl, Marcos Alves

See Also

[calcOutput](#), [calcFA0massbalance](#), [readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("PastureYield")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcPhotosynthesisTemperature
calcPhotosynthesisTemperature

Description

This function calculates crop-specific temperature limits for the multicropping mask based on the photosynthesis optimum and the LPJmL parameters temp_co2 and temp_photos

Usage

```
calcPhotosynthesisTemperature(threshold = 0.8)
```

Arguments

threshold Photosynthesis efficiency threshold (between 0 and 1)

Value

magpie object

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier, Jens Heinke

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("PhotosynthesisTemperature", aggregate = FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcPlantationContribution
calcPlantationContribution

Description

Calculates the interpolated contribution share of plantations to roundwood demand

Usage

```
calcPlantationContribution()
```

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[calcFA0massbalance_pre](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("PlantationContribution")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcPlantedForest	<i>calcPlantedForest</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

Description

Calculates the share of plantations in planted forest

Usage

```
calcPlantedForest()
```

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[calcFA0massbalance_pre](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("PlantedForest")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcProtectArea	<i>calcProtectArea</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

Function extracts conservation protected area

Usage

```
calcProtectArea(cells = "lpjcell", bhifl = TRUE)
```

Arguments

cells	number of cells of landmask (select "magpiecell" for 59199 cells or "lpjcell" for 67420 cells)
bhifl	should be TRUE (including BH_IFL scenario) for cellular preprocessing revisions > 4.65

Value

magpie object in cellular resolution with different protection scenarios

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier, David Chen

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("ProtectArea", aggregate = FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcProtectedAreaBaseline	<i>calcProtectedAreaBaseline</i>
---------------------------	----------------------------------

Description

Returns protected land area (Mha) in terms of cropland, pasture, forest and other land between 1995 and 2020.

Usage

```
calcProtectedAreaBaseline(  
  magpie_input = TRUE,  
  nclasses = "seven",  
  cells = "lpjcell"  
)
```

Arguments

magpie_input	Whether data should be transformed (based on LUH2v2 data) to match land use types used in MAgPIE.
nclasses	If magpie_input = TRUE. Options are either "seven" or "nine". Note that by default, the protected area is reported for urban land and forestry is zero. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• "seven" separates primary and secondary forest and includes "crop", "past", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban" and "other"• "nine" adds the separation of pasture and rangelands, as well as a differentiation of primary and secondary non-forest vegetation and therefore returns "crop", "past", "range", "forestry", "primforest", "secdforest", "urban", "primother" and "secdothor"
cells	magpiecell (59199 cells) or lpjcell (67420 cells)

Value

List with a magpie object

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

See Also

[calcProtectArea](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("ProtectedAreaBaseline", aggregate = FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcPumpingCosts	<i>calcPumpingCosts</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

provides costs of pumping irrigation water

Usage

```
calcPumpingCosts()
```

Value

A magpie object at iso level for all years with information on pumping costs

Author(s)

Vartika Singh #' @seealso [readSource](#), [calcOutput](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("PumpingCosts")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcPYieldSlope	<i>calcPYieldSlope</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

provides slope for calculating pasture intensification

Usage

```
calcPYieldSlope()
```

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

See Also[readPYieldCoeff](#)**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("PYieldSlope")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcSeedShare	<i>calcSeedShare</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

Calculates Seed share (seed demand per production)

Usage

```
calcSeedShare()
```

Value

List of magpie object with results and weight on country or cellular level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("SeedShare")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcSNVTargetCropland *calcSNVTargetCropland*

Description

Returns cropland area (Mha) that requires relocation in response of maintaining 20

Usage

```
calcSNVTargetCropland(maginput = TRUE, cells = "magpiecell")
```

Arguments

maginput	Whether data should be corrected to align with cropland initialised in MAgPIE.
cells	magpiecell (59199 cells) or lpjcell (67420 cells)

Value

List with a magpie object

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

See Also

[readCopernicus](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("SNVTargetCropland", aggregate = FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcSoilStockChangeFactors
calcSoilStockChangeFactors

Description

calculates and merges information on stock change factors

Usage

```
calcSoilStockChangeFactors()
```

Value

MAGPIE object of yields

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens

See Also

[readIPCC()]

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("SoilStockChangeFactors")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcSOMexogenous *calcSOMexogenous*

Description

Uses an exogenous trajectory of Soil organic matter loss nitrogen release

Usage

```
calcSOMexogenous()
```

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

[calcOutput](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("SOMexogenous")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcTauHistorical *calcTauHistorical*

Description

Calculates historical trends in agricultural land use intensity Tau based on FAO yield trends.

Usage

```
calcTauHistorical()
```

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("TauHistorical")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcTimberDemandExt *calcTimberDemandExt*

Description

Calculates the demand of timber from FAO data (including intermediate products).

Usage

```
calcTimberDemandExt()
```

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[calcFAOmassbalance_pre](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("TimberDemandExt")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcTradeBalance	<i>Calculate imports/exports</i>
------------------	----------------------------------

Description

Calculate the difference between production and domestic_supply. Numbers till 2010 are derived from FAO. Numbers after 2010 are hold constant

Usage

```
calcTradeBalance()
```

Value

regional trade balances

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich

See Also

[calcOutput](#), [calcFAOmassbalance](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
a <- calcTradeBalance()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcTradeBalanceflow *Calculate global under-/overproduction*

Description

Calculate the difference between the global production and the global domestic_supply. The difference is the result of imports not equaling exports, and because storage is not considered. The calculated DomesticBalanceflow assures that production matches domestic_supply. The goods come from nowhere and go to nowhere. The numbers are usually decreased linearly and become zero in 2050.

Usage

```
calcTradeBalanceflow()
```

Value

global Domestic Balanceflows as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Ulrich Kreidenweis, Xiaoxi Wang

See Also

[calcOutput](#), [calcFA0massbalance](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
a <- calcTradeBalanceflow()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcTradeExportShr *Calculate export shares*

Description

Provides export shares of countries compared to total export. This is based on export values from FAOSTAT. Function calculates this based on average values of the specified years.

Usage

```
calcTradeExportShr()
```

Value

Export shares

Author(s)

Ulrich Kreidenweis, Xiaoxi Wang

See Also

[calcOutput](#), [calcFA0massbalance](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
a <- calcTradeExportShr()

## End(Not run)
```

<code>calcTradeMargin</code>	<i>calcTradeMargin</i>
------------------------------	------------------------

Description

calculate total value of trade margins from GTAP dataset

Usage

```
calcTradeMargin(
  gtap_version = "GTAP9",
  bilateral = FALSE,
  producer_price = "FA0ini"
)
```

Arguments

<code>gtap_version</code>	type of GTAP data version	
		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GTAP7 • GTAP8 • GTAP9
<code>bilateral</code>	whether bilateral trade margin should be calculated	
<code>producer_price</code>	which producer price should be used	

Value

Trade margins as an MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Xiaoxi Wang

Examples

```
## Not run:  
x <- calcTradeMargin("GTAP7")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`calcTradeSelfSuff` *Calculate food/material self sufficiencies*

Description

Calculates regional self sufficiencies from FAO data as production/domestic_supply.

Usage

```
calcTradeSelfSuff()
```

Value

Self sufficiencies

Author(s)

Ulrich Kreidenweis

See Also

[calcOutput](#), [calcFAOmassbalance](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
a <- calcTradeSelfSuff()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcTradeTariff	<i>calcTradeTariff</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

calculate trade tariffs from GTAP dataset

Usage

```
calcTradeTariff(  
  gtap_version = "GTAP9",  
  type_tariff = "total",  
  bilateral = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

gtap_version	type of GTAP data version
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• GTAP7• GTAP8
type_tariff	which producer price should be used
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• type_tariff
bilateral	calculates whether tariffs should be bilateral

Value

Trade tariffs as an MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Xiaoxi Wang, David M Chen

Examples

```
## Not run:  
x <- calcTradeTariff("GTAP7")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcUrbanLandFuture *calcUrbanLandFuture*

Description

Urban land in Mha on 0.5deg grid

Usage

```
calcUrbanLandFuture(
  timestep = "5year",
  subtype = "LUH2v2",
  cells = "lpjcell",
  cellular = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

timestep	5year or yearly
subtype	where the data source comes from ("LUH2v2" or "Gao")
cells	magpiecell (59199 cells) or lpjcell (67420 cells)
cellular	TRUE for results on 0.5 degree grid.

Value

List of magpie objects with results on 0.5deg grid level, weights NULL, unit and description.

Author(s)

David Chen, Patrick v. Jeetze, Felicitas Beier

calcValueProduction *calcValueProduction*

Description

calculates production value based on production and prices, only works for FAO dataset currently

Usage

```
calcValueProduction(datasource = "FAO", cellular = TRUE)
```

Arguments

datasource	Options of the source of the price data: only FAO has country level data
cellular	cellular or iso country values

Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

David Chen

See Also

[calcProduction](#), [calcPriceAgriculture](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("ValueProduction")

## End(Not run)
```

calcYields

calcYields

Description

This function extracts yields from LPJmL and transforms them to MAgPIE crops calibrating proxy crops to FAO yields. Optionally, ISIMIP yields can be returned.

Usage

```
calcYields(
  source = c(lpjml = "ggcmi_phase3_nchecks_9ca735cb", isimip = NULL),
  climatetype = "GSWP3-W5E5:historical",
  cells = "lpjcell",
  selectyears = seq(1965, 2100, by = 5),
  weighting = "totalCrop",
  multicropping = FALSE,
  indiaYields = FALSE,
  scaleFactor = 0.3,
  marginal_land = "magpie"
)
```

Arguments

source	Defines LPJmL version for main crop inputs and isimip replacement. For isimip choose crop model/gcm/rcp/co2 combination formatted like this: "yields:EPIC-IIASA:ukesm1-0-ll:ssp585:default:3b"
climatetype	Switch between different climate scenarios

cells	if cellular is TRUE: "magpiecell" for 59199 cells or "lpjcell" for 67420 cells
selectyears	Years to be returned
weighting	use of different weights (totalCrop (default), totalLUspecific, cropSpecific, crop+irrigSpecific, avlCropland, avlCropland+avlPasture)
multicropping	Multicropping activated (TRUE) or not (FALSE) and Multiple Cropping Suitability mask selected (mask can be: "none": no mask applied (only for development purposes) "actual:total": currently multicropped areas calculated from total harvested areas and total physical areas per cell from readLandInG "actual:crop" (crop-specific), "actual:irrigation" (irrigation-specific), "actual:irrig_crop" (crop- and irrigation-specific), "potential:endogenous": potentially multicropped areas given temperature and productivity limits "potential:exogenous": potentially multicropped areas given GAEZ suitability classification) (e.g. TRUE:actual:total; TRUE:none; FALSE)
indiaYields	if TRUE returns scaled yields for rainfed crops in India
scaleFactor	integer value by which indiaYields will be scaled
marginal_land	<p>Defines which share of marginal land should be included (see options below) and whether suitable land under irrigated conditions ("irrigated"), under rainfed conditions ("rainfed") or suitability under rainfed conditions including currently irrigated land (rainfed_and_irrigated) should be used. Options combined via ":"</p> <p>The different marginal land options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "all_marginal": All marginal land (suitability index between 0-0.33) is included as suitable • "q33_marginal": The bottom tertile (suitability index below 0.13) of the marginal land area is excluded. • "q50_marginal": The bottom half (suitability index below 0.18) of the marginal land area is excluded. • "q66_marginal": The first and second tertile (suitability index below 0.23) of the marginal land area are excluded. • "q75_marginal": The first, second and third quartiles (suitability index below 0.25) of the marginal land are excluded • "no_marginal": Areas with a suitability index of 0.33 and lower are excluded. • "magpie": Returns "all_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated", "q33_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated" and "no_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated" in a magclass object to be used as magpie input.

Value

magpie object in cellular resolution

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens, Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("Yields", aggregate = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

calcYieldsCalibrated *calcYieldsCalibrated*

Description

This functions calibrates extracted yields from LPJmL to FAO country level yields

Usage

```
calcYieldsCalibrated(
  source = c(lpjml = "ggcmi_phase3_nchecks_9ca735cb", isimip = NULL),
  climatetype = "GSWP3-W5E5:historical",
  refYear = "y1995",
  selectyears = seq(1965, 2100, by = 5),
  cells = "lpjcell",
  multicropping = FALSE,
  refYields = FALSE,
  areaSource = "FAO",
  marginal_land = "magpie"
)
```

Arguments

source	Defines LPJmL version for main crop inputs and isimip replacement. For isimip choose crop model/gcm/rcp/co2 combination formatted like this: "yields:EPIC-IIASA:ukesm1-0-ll:ssp585:default:3b"
climatetype	switch between different climate scenarios
refYear	reference year for calibration
selectyears	Years to be returned (for memory reasons)
cells	number of cells "magpiecell" for 59199 cells or "lpjcell" for 67420 cells
multicropping	Multicropping activated (TRUE) or not (FALSE) and Multiple Cropping Suitability mask selected (mask can be: "none": no mask applied (only for development purposes) "actual:total": currently multicropped areas calculated from total harvested areas and total physical areas per cell from readLanduseLandInG "actual:crop" (crop-specific), "actual:irrigation" (irrigation-specific), "actual:irrig_crop" (crop- and irrigation-specific), "potential:endogenous": potentially multicropped areas given temperature and productivity limits "potential:exogenous": potentially multicropped areas given GAEZ suitability classification) (e.g. TRUE:actual:total; TRUE:none; FALSE)

refYields	assumption for baseline yields with respect to multiple cropping (e.g., FALSE: single-cropped LPJmL yields used as baseline to calculate country-level yields, "TRUE:actual:irrig_crop": multicropped yields where LandInG reports current multiple cropping (irrigation- and crop-specific))
areaSource	data source for cropland used in calculation: FAO or LandInG Note: when calibrating multicropped yields, LandInG cropland should be used
marginal_land	<p>Defines which share of marginal land should be included (see options below) and whether suitable land under irrigated conditions ("irrigated"), under rainfed conditions ("rainfed") or suitability under rainfed conditions including currently irrigated land (rainfed_and_irrigated) should be used. Options combined via ":"</p> <p>The different marginal land options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "all_marginal": All marginal land (suitability index between 0-0.33) is included as suitable • "q33_marginal": The bottom tertile (suitability index below 0.13) of the marginal land area is excluded. • "q50_marginal": The bottom half (suitability index below 0.18) of the marginal land area is excluded. • "q66_marginal": The first and second tertile (suitability index below 0.23) of the marginal land area are excluded. • "q75_marginal": The first, second and third quartiles (suitability index below 0.25) of the marginal land area are excluded • "no_marginal": Areas with a suitability index of 0.33 and lower are excluded. • "magpie": Returns "all_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated", "q33_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated" and "no_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated" in a magclass object to be used as magpie input.

Value

magpie object in cellular resolution from reference year onwards

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens, Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("YieldsCalibrated", aggregate = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

calcYieldsLPJmL	<i>calcYieldsLPJmL</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

This function extracts yields from LPJmL for all years

Usage

```
calcYieldsLPJmL(  
  lpjml = "ggcmi_phase3_nchecks_bft_e511ac58",  
  climatetype = "GSWP3-W5E5:historical",  
  cells = "lpjcell"  
)
```

Arguments

lpjml	Defines LPJmL version for main crop inputs
climatetype	Switch between different climate scenarios
cells	if cellular is TRUE: "magpiecell" for 59199 cells or "lpjcell" for 67420 cells

Value

magpie object in cellular resolution

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens, Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("YieldsLPJmL", aggregate = FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

calcYieldsWeight	<i>calcYieldsWeight</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

This function calculates the crop area weightings to use for yields.

Usage

```
calcYieldsWeight(
  cells = "lpjcell",
  weighting = "totalCrop",
  marginal_land = "magpie"
)
```

Arguments

cells	if cellular is TRUE: "magpiecell" for 59199 cells or "lpjcell" for 67420 cells
weighting	use of different weights (totalCrop (default), totalLUspecific, cropSpecific, crop+irrigSpecific, avlCropland, avlCropland+avlPasture)
marginal_land	<p>Defines which share of marginal land should be included (see options below) and whether suitable land under irrigated conditions ("irrigated"), under rainfed conditions ("rainfed") or suitability under rainfed conditions including currently irrigated land (rainfed_and_irrigated) should be used. Options combined via ":"</p> <p>The different marginal land options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "all_marginal": All marginal land (suitability index between 0-0.33) is included as suitable • "q33_marginal": The bottom tertile (suitability index below 0.13) of the marginal land area is excluded. • "q50_marginal": The bottom half (suitability index below 0.18) of the marginal land area is excluded. • "q66_marginal": The first and second tertile (suitability index below 0.23) of the marginal land area are excluded. • "q75_marginal": The first, second and third quartiles (suitability index below 0.25) of the marginal land are excluded • "no_marginal": Areas with a suitability index of 0.33 and lower are excluded. • "magpie": Returns "all_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated", "q33_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated" and "no_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated" in a magclass object to be used as magpie input.

Value

magpie object in cellular resolution

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens, Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
calcOutput("YieldsWeight", yields, aggregate = FALSE)

## End(Not run)
```

convertAQUASTAT	<i>convertAQUASTAT</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

Convert data based on AQUASTAT database (<http://www.fao.org/nr/water/aquastat/data/query/index.html?lang=en>)

Usage

```
convertAQUASTAT(x, subtype)
```

Arguments

x	MAgPIE object containing AQUASTAT data on country level
subtype	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ConsAgri: 4454 Conservation agriculture area (1000 ha) 4454_conservation_agriculture_area_in_1000_ha.csv • ConsAgriShare: 4455 Commoditiy Balance LivestockConservation agriculture area as 4455_conservation_agriculture_area_as_share_of_arable_land_areas.csv) • rf2irRatio: Ratio between rainfed and irrigated yields (Ratio_between_rainfed_and_irrigated_yiel

Value

magpie objects with results on country level

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens

Examples

```
## Not run:
readSource("AQUASTAT", subtype = "ConsAgri", convert = TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

convertEATLancet	<i>convertEATLancet</i>
------------------	-------------------------

Description

Convert data from the EAT Lancet Commission to be used in MAgPIE

Usage

```
convertEATLancet(x, subtype)
```

Arguments

x	MAGPIE object containing EAT Lancet data at mixed country-region resolution
subtype	Type of EAT Lancet data that should be read. Available types are: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• cons_data: Consumption analysis ("EAT_Lancet_cons_data.csv")• recommend: Food recommendations ("EAT_Lancet_recommendations.csv")

Value

EAT Lancet data as MAgPIE object at ISO country level

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl, Felicitas Beier

See Also

[readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
a <- readSource(type = "EATLancet", subtype = "cons_data")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

convertFAOLossesWaste *Convert data on food losses and waste from FAO for several commodity groups*

Description

Convert data on food losses and waste on ISO country level.

Usage

```
convertFAOLossesWaste(x, subtype)
```

Arguments

x	MAGPIE object containing data on food losses and waste at mixed country-region resolution
subtype	Steps of the food supply chain where food losses and waste occur. Available types are: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Consumption: consumption level

Value

Data on food losses and waste as MAGPIE object at ISO country level

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

See Also

[readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
a <- readSource(type="FAOLossesWaste", subtype="Consumption")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

convertForestryProductionRatio

Converts Forestry Production Ratio Update dd-Jmm-jjjj - Please add comment if changes made here (Abhi)

Description

Converts Forestry Production Ratio Update dd-Jmm-jjjj - Please add comment if changes made here (Abhi)

Usage

convertForestryProductionRatio(x)

Arguments

x MAgPIE object to be converted

Value

A MAgPIE object containing country disaggregated data

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

Examples

```
## Not run:  
a <- readSource("ForestryProductionRatio", convert = FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

convertFRA2015Doc

Convert FRA2015Doc data

Description

Convert FRA2015Doc data

Usage

convertFRA2015Doc(x, subtype)

Arguments

x MAgPIE object containing original values coming from read function
subtype The data table type, e.g.: forest_area

Value

Data as MAgPIE object

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[readFRA2015Doc](#), [readSource](#),

Examples

```
## Not run:  
a <- readSource("FRA2015Doc", "forest_area", convert = TRUE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

convertGTAP

convertGTAP

Description

Converts GTAP data to fit to the common country list. Weighting is done by using the Imports and Exports from FAO. NOW NEW WEIGHTING

Usage

```
convertGTAP(x, subtype)
```

Arguments

x MAgPIE object contains GTAP data
subtype The GTAP subtype: VIWS, VIMS VXWD, VXMD, VOA, VOM

Value

Converted GTAP Data

Author(s)

Xiaoxi Wang

Examples

```
## Not run:  
x <- ReadSource("GTAP", "GTAP7_VIMS")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

convertNIN	<i>Convert data from the NIN Lancet Commission</i>
------------	--

Description

Convert data from the NIN Lancet Commission to ISO country level.

Usage

```
convertNIN(x, subtype)
```

Arguments

x	MAGPIE object containing NIN Lancet data at mixed country-region resolution
subtype	Type of NIN Lancet data that should be read. Available types are: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• cons_data: Consumption analysis ("NIN_Lancet_cons_data.csv")• recommend: Food recommendations ("NIN_recommendations.csv")

Value

NIN Lancet data as MAGPIE object at ISO country level

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

See Also

[readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
a <- readSource(type="NIN", subtype="cons_data")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

convertPYieldCoeff *Convert PYieldCoeff data to ISO country level.*

Description

Convert PYieldCoeff data to ISO country level.

Usage

```
convertPYieldCoeff(x)
```

Arguments

x MAgPIE object containing data for fixed regional resolution

Value

data as MAgPIE object disaggregated to country level

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

Examples

```
## Not run: a <- convertPYieldCoeff(x)
```

convertSathayeForest *Convert Sathaye Forest data*

Description

Convert Sathaye Forest data on ISO country level.

Usage

```
convertSathayeForest(x)
```

Arguments

x MAgPIE object containing Sathaye Forest data region resolution

Value

Sathaye Forest data as MAgPIE object aggregated/disaggregated to country level

Author(s)

Lavinia Baumstark

Examples

```
## Not run: a <- convertSathayeForest(x)
```

convertTimberShare *Converts timber share Update dd-Jmm-jjjj - Please add comment if changes made here (Abhi)*

Description

Converts timber share Update dd-Jmm-jjjj - Please add comment if changes made here (Abhi)

Usage

```
convertTimberShare(x)
```

Arguments

x MAgPIE object to be converted

Value

A MAgPIE object containing country disaggregated data

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

Examples

```
## Not run:  
a <- readSource("TimberShare", convert = FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

convertWBirrigation *convertWBirrigation*

Description

Convert WorldBank-irrigation data on ISO country level.

Usage

```
convertWBirrigation(x)
```

Arguments

x MAgPIE object containing WBirrigation data country-region resolution

Value

WBirrigation data as MAgPIE object aggregated to country level

Author(s)

Lavinia Baumstark

Examples

```
## Not run: a <- convertWBirrigation(x)
```

correctBrennan2022 *correctBrennan2022*

Description

correct data for Critical Connectivity Areas (Brennan et al. 2022).

Usage

```
correctBrennan2022(x)
```

Arguments

x magpie object provided by the read function

Value

magpie object on cellular level

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

See Also

[readBrennan2022](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("Brennan2022", convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`correctCopernicus` *correctCopernicus*

Description

correct Copernicus data.

Usage

```
correctCopernicus(x)
```

Arguments

x magpie object provided by the read function

Value

magpie object on cellular level

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

See Also

[readCopernicus](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("Copernicus", convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

correctDinerstein2020 *correctDinerstein2020*

Description

correct data for the Global Safety Net conservation priority areas (Dinerstein et al. 2020).

Usage

correctDinerstein2020(x)

Arguments

x magpie object provided by the read function

Value

magpie object on cellular level

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeeze

See Also

[readDinerstein2020](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("Dinerstein2020", convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

correctGLW3 *correctGLW3*

Description

Read GLW3 file

Usage

correctGLW3(x)

Arguments

x magpie object provided by the read function

Value

Magpie objects with results on cellular level, weight, unit and description.

Author(s)

Marcos Alves

See Also

[readGLW3](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("GLW3", subtype = "DA", convert="onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

correctHalfEarth *correctHalfEarth*

Description

correct HalfEarth data

Usage

```
correctHalfEarth(x)
```

Arguments

x magpie object provided by the read function

Value

magpie object on cellular level

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

See Also

[readHalfEarth](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("HalfEarth", convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

```
correctKeyBiodiversityAreas  
  correctKeyBiodiversityAreas
```

Description

correct data for Key Biodiversity Areas.

Usage

```
correctKeyBiodiversityAreas(x)
```

Arguments

x magpie object provided by the read function

Value

magpie object on cellular level

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

See Also

[readKeyBiodiversityAreas](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("KeyBiodiversityAreas", convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

correctLUH2UrbanFuture
correctLUH2UrbanFuture

Description

correct LUH2v2 urban future data

Usage

correctLUH2UrbanFuture(x)

Arguments

x magpie object provided by the read function

Value

magpie object on cellular level

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

See Also

[readLUH2UrbanFuture](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("LUH2UrbanFuture", convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

correctNoon2022 *correctNoon2022*

Description

correct irrecoverable carbon data from Noon et al. (2022).

Usage

correctNoon2022(x)

Arguments

x magpie object provided by the read function

Value

magpie object on cellular level

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

See Also

[readNoon2022](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("Noon2022", convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

correctOzoneYieldShock

correctOzoneYieldShock

Description

correct Ozone Yield shock data

Usage

```
correctOzoneYieldShock(x)
```

Arguments

x magpie object provided by the read function

Value

x corrected magpie object containing all ISO countries

Author(s)

Jake Tommey

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("OzoneShock", convert="onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

correctProtectArea	<i>correctProtectArea</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

Description

Read calibrated protection area file

Usage

```
correctProtectArea(x)
```

Arguments

x magpie object provided by the read function

Value

magpie object on cellular level

Author(s)

David Chen, Felicitas Beier

See Also

[readProtectArea](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("ProtectArea", convert="onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

correctProtectedAreaBaseline
correctProtectedAreaBaseline

Description

correct protected area baseline data

Usage

correctProtectedAreaBaseline(x)

Arguments

x magpie object provided by the read function

Value

magpie object on cellular level

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

See Also

[readProtectedAreaBaseline](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("ProtectedAreaBaseline", convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

correctS4Nproject_input
correctS4Nproject_input

Description

corrects IMAGE inputs of total bioenergy (1st gen, 2nd gen and residues) demand and co2 prices

Usage

correctS4Nproject_input(x)

Arguments

x magpie object

Value

magpie object at country-level resolution

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

See Also

[readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run: a <- readSource("S4Nproject_input", aggregate=FALSE)
```

correctZabel2014 *correctZabel2014*

Description

correct Zabel crop suitability data

Usage

```
correctZabel2014(x)
```

Arguments

x magpie object provided by the read function

Value

magpie object on cellular level

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

See Also

[readZabel2014](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
readSource("Zabel2014", convert = "onlycorrect")

## End(Not run)
```

```
downloadH08vapotranspiration
      downloadH08evapotranspiration
```

Description

Download water models evapotranspiration data

Usage

```
downloadH08vapotranspiration(subtype = "H08:mri-esm2-0:historical")
```

Arguments

subtype Switch between different inputs

Author(s)

Marcos Alves

Examples

```
## Not run: readSource("H08evapotranspiration", convert="onlycorrect")
```

```
downloadSPAM            downloadSPAM
```

Description

download SPAM 2010 v2.0 Global Data

Usage

```
downloadSPAM(subtype)
```

Arguments

subtype Type of SPAM data to be downloaded. Available are "harvestedArea" and "physicalArea".

Author(s)

David Hoetten

fullMAGPIE

fullMAGPIE

Description

Function that produces the regional data set for running the MAgPIE model.

Usage

```
fullMAGPIE(rev = numeric_version("0.1"), dev = "")
```

Arguments

rev	data revision which should be used as input (numeric_version).
dev	For developing purposes, apply changes as per dev flag

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich, Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Florian Humpenoeder, Edna J. Molina Bacca

See Also

[readSource](#), [getCalculations](#), [calcOutput](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
retrieveData("MAGPIE", rev = numeric_version("12"),  
             mainfolder = "pathtowhereallfilesarestored")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

readAQUASTAT	<i>readAQUASTAT</i>
--------------	---------------------

Description

Read in data based on AQUASTAT database (<https://www.fao.org/aquastat/statistics/query/index.html>)

Usage

```
readAQUASTAT(subtype = "ConsAgri")
```

Arguments

- | | |
|---------|--|
| subtype | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ConsAgri: 4454 Conservation agriculture area (1000 ha) 4454_conservation_agriculture_area_in_1000_ha.csv • ConsAgriShare: 4455 Commodity Balance LivestockConservation agriculture area as 4455_conservation_agriculture_area_as_share_of_arable_land_areas.csv) • rf2irRatio: Ratio between rainfed and irrigated yields (Ratio_between_rainfed_and_irrigated_yield) |
|---------|--|

Value

magpie objects with results on county level

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens

Examples

```
## Not run:
readSource("AQUASTAT", subtype = "ConsAgri", convert = TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

readBrennan2022	<i>readBrennan2022</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

Reads Critical Connectivity Areas as defined in Brennan, A., Naidoo, R., Greenstreet, L., Mehrabi, Z., Ramankutty, N., & Kremen, C. (2022). Functional connectivity of the world's protected areas. *Science*, 376(6597), 1101–1104. <https://doi.org/10.1126/science.abl8974> Protected areas (2020) and Key Biodiversity Areas/Global Safet Net areas were masked at a spatial resolution of 10 arc seconds before aggregating the data to 0.5°.

Usage

```
readBrennan2022(subtype = "KBA_GSN_masked")
```

Arguments

subtype Defines whether land area covered by Critical Connectivity Areas has been masked by other conservation priority data. If Key Biodiversity Areas have only been masked the option is "KBA_masked". With "KBA_GSN_masked", land area covered by the Global Safety Net (distinct species assemblages cluster) is also masked. This is useful for complementary scenario building.

Value

Returns magpie objects with the land area covered by Critical Connectivity areas that is NOT already covered by Key Biodiversity Areas or the Global Safety Net (distinct species assemblages cluster) and was unprotected in 2020.

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

Examples

```
## Not run:
readSource("Brennan2022", convert = "onlycorrect")

## End(Not run)
```

readCopernicus	<i>readCopernicus</i>
----------------	-----------------------

Description

Reads either information on the area on cropland covered by trees or information the cropland area that requires relocation in response of increasing semi-natural vegetation in farmed landscapes. The data was derived from high resolution land cover information (LC100) from the Copernicus Global Land Service. (<https://zenodo.org/records/3939050>)

Usage

```
readCopernicus(subtype = "CroplandTreecover")
```

Arguments

subtype For cropland area covered by trees choose "CroplandTreecover". For cropland area requiring relocation in response to increasing SNV choose "SNVTargetCropland".

Value

Returns magpie objects with cropland area covered by trees or cropland area requiring relocation in order to increase SNV in farmed landscapes.

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

Examples

```
## Not run:
readSource("Copernicus", subtype = "CroplandTreecover", convert = "onlycorrect")

## End(Not run)
```

readDinerstein2020 *readDinerstein2020*

Description

Reads Global Safety Net data set published by Dinerstein, E., Joshi, A. R., Vynne, C., Lee, A. T. L., Pharand-Deschênes, F., França, M., Fernando, S., Birch, T., Burkart, K., Asner, G. P., & Olson, D. (2020). A “Global Safety Net” to reverse biodiversity loss and stabilize Earth’s climate. *Science Advances*, 6(36), eabb2824. <https://doi.org/10.1126/sciadv.abb2824>

Protected areas and Key Biodiversity Areas were masked at a spatial resolution of 10 arc seconds before aggregating the data to 0.5°.

Usage

```
readDinerstein2020(subtype = "GSN:distinct_species_assemblages")
```

Arguments

subtype	Defines which cluster (see Dinerstein et al. 2020) of the Global Safety Net is returned. The different subtypes for land are: "GSN:distinct_species_assemblages", "GSN:rare_phenomena", "GSN:areas_of_intactness", "GSN:climate_stabilisation_tier1" and "GSN:climate_stabilisation_tier2".
---------	---

Value

Returns magpie objects with the land area covered by the Global Safety Net that is NOT already covered by Key Biodiversity Areas and was unprotected in 2020.

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("Dinerstein2020", convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

readEATLancet	<i>readEATLancet</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

Read in data from the EAT-Lancet Commission

Read in data from: Food in the Anthropocene: the EAT-Lancet Commission on healthy diets from sustainable food systems, Lancet 2019 [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736\(18\)31788-4](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0140-6736(18)31788-4)

Usage

```
readEATLancet(subtype)
```

Arguments

subtype Type of EAT-Lancet data that should be read. Available types are:

- cons_data: Consumption analysis ("EAT_Lancet_cons_data.csv")
- recommend: Food recommendations ("EAT_Lancet_recommendations.csv")

Value

magpie object containing EAT-Lancet Commission data

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl, Jan Philipp Dietrich, Felicitas Beier

See Also

[readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
a <- readSource(type = "EATLancet", subtype = "cons_data")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

readFAOLossesWaste	<i>Read in data on food losses and waste from FAO for several commodity groups</i>
--------------------	--

Description

Data from Annex 4 of the following FAO study: FAO. 2011. Global food losses and food waste – Extent, causes and prevention. Rome (<http://www.fao.org/3/a-i2697e.pdf>)

Usage

```
readFAOLossesWaste(subtype)
```

Arguments

subtype	Steps of the food supply chain where food losses and waste occur. Available types are: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Consumption: consumption level
---------	---

Value

magpie object of food waste percentages for several commodity groups

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

See Also

[readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run: a <- readSource(type="FAOLossesWaste", subtype="Consumption")
```

readForestLossDrivers *Read ForestLossDrivers*

Description

Read-in an Forest loss data (range 2001-2015 but only single annual number her) (Source:DOI: 10.1126/science.aau3445 Table 1).

Usage

```
readForestLossDrivers()
```

Value

magpie object of the Curtis et al., 2018 Data

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
a <- readSource("ForestLossDrivers")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

readForestryProductionRatio
Read Forestry Production Ratio

Description

Read Forestry Production Ratio

Usage

```
readForestryProductionRatio()
```

Value

magpie object of the proportion of production coming from plantations

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run: a <- readSource("ForestryProductionRatio")
```

readFRA2015Doc

Read FRA2015Doc

Description

Read-in an FRA data from 2015 (forest resource assessment).

Usage

```
readFRA2015Doc(subtype)
```

Arguments

subtype data subtype.

Value

magpie object of the FRA 2015 data

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run: a <- readSource("FRA2015Doc", "forest_area")
```

`readGLW3`*readGLW3*

Description

Read the gridded livestock of the world 3 dataset.

Usage

```
readGLW3(subtype = "Da")
```

Arguments

subtype Subtype of file to be opened (either Da or Aw)

Value

Magpie objects

Author(s)

Marcos Alves

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("GLW3", subtype = "DA", convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`readGLW4`*readGLW4*

Description

reads in Gridded Livestock of the World v4, downloaded from: https://dataverse.harvard.edu/dataverse/glw_4

Usage

```
readGLW4(subtype = "Da_Ct")
```

Arguments

- subtype Weighting method and livestock type:
- Da: Dasymetric weighting informed by Random Forest
 - Aw: Areal weighting (distributed uniformly in each census)
 - Ch: Chicken
 - Ct: Cattle
 - Pg: Pigs
 - Sh: Sheep
 - Gt: Goats
 - Ho: Horse
 - Dk: ducks
 - Bf: Buffaloes

Value

A gridded magpie object with gridded livestock of the world

Author(s)

David M Chen

readGTAP

readGTAP

Description

Read BaseData and BaseView in GTAP database that has been downloaded from the GTAP website.

Usage

readGTAP(subtype = NULL)

Arguments

- subtype Type of GTAP data that should be read. So far available are:
- GTAP7:
 - GTAP7_VIWS: Trade - Bilateral Imports at World Prices
 - GTAP7_VIMS: Trade - Bilateral Imports at Market Prices
 - GTAP7_VXWD: Trade - Bilateral Exports at World Prices
 - GTAP7_VXMD: Trade - Bilateral Exports at Market Prices
 - GTAP7_VDFM: Intermediates - Firms' Domestic Purchases at Market Prices
 - GTAP7_VIFM: Intermediates - Firms' Imports at Market Prices

- GTAP7_VFM: Endowments - Firms' Purchases at Market Prices
- GTAP7_VOA: Payment received by producers (fram ggate value)
- GTAP7_VOM: Value of output at dometic market prices
- GTAP8:
 - GTAP8_VIWS: Trade - Bilateral Imports at World Prices
 - GTAP8_VIMS: Trade - Bilateral Imports at Market Prices
 - GTAP8_VXWD: Trade - Bilateral Exports at World Prices
 - GTAP8_VXMD: Trade - Bilateral Exports at Market Prices
 - GTAP8_VDFM: Intermediates - Firms' Domestic Purchases at Market Prices
 - GTAP8_VIFM: Intermediates - Firms' Imports at Market Prices
 - GTAP8_VFM: Endowments - Firms' Purchases at Market Prices
 - GTAP8_VOA: Payment received by producers (fram ggate value)
 - GTAP8_VOM: Value of output at dometic market prices

Value

GTAP data as a MAgPie-Object

Author(s)

Stephen Wirth, Xiaoxi Wang

Examples

```
## Not run:
a <- readSource("GTAP7", "VIWS")

## End(Not run)
```

```
readH08evapotranspiration
      readH08evapotranspiration
```

Description

Read evapotranspiration data

Usage

```
readH08evapotranspiration(subtype = "H08:mri-esm2-0:historical")
```

Arguments

subtype Switch between different inputs

Value

MAGPIE objects with results on cellular level.

Author(s)

Marcos Alves

See Also

[readH08evapotranspiration](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("H08evapotranspiration", subtype, convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

readHalfEarth

readHalfEarth

Description

Read in Half Earth data set containing conservation area for biodiversity protection based on the Half-Earth approach

Usage

```
readHalfEarth(subtype = "GLOBIO4")
```

Arguments

subtype Data source to be read from

Value

MAGPIE object containing biodiversity protection area at cellular level

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("HalfEarth", subtype = "GLOBIO4", convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

readKeyBiodiversityAreas
readKeyBiodiversityAreas

Description

Reads land area covered by for Key Biodiversity Areas (<https://www.keybiodiversityareas.org/>) that was unprotected in 2020. Protected areas were masked at a spatial resolution of 10 arc seconds before aggregating the data to 0.5°.

Usage

```
readKeyBiodiversityAreas(subtype = "unprotected")
```

Arguments

subtype "unprotected" or "all"

Value

Returns magpie objects with the area covered by unprotected Key Biodiversity Areas per grid cell

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("KeyBiodiversityAreas", convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

readLUH2UrbanFuture *readLUH2UrbanFuture*

Description

read in gridded future urban land use datasets, from LUH2 Hurtt data

Usage

```
readLUH2UrbanFuture()
```

Value

magpie object of gridded future urban land use in Mha, 2015-2100

Author(s)

David Chen, Patrick v. Jeetze

See Also

[readSource](#)

readNIN

Read in data from the NIN recommendations

Description

Read in data from the NIN recommendations

Usage

```
readNIN(subtype)
```

Arguments

subtype Type of NIN data that should be read. Available types are:

- cons_data: Consumption analysis ("NIN_cons_data.csv")

Value

magpie object containing NIN data

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl, Jan Philipp Dietrich

See Also

[readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run: a <- readSource(type="NIN", subtype="cons_data")
```

`readNoon2022``readNoon2022`

Description

Reads irrecoverable carbon data set published by Noon, M. L., Goldstein, A., Ledezma, J. C., Roehrdanz, P. R., Cook-Patton, S. C., Spawn-Lee, S. A., Wright, T. M., Gonzalez-Roglich, M., Hole, D. G., Rockström, J., & Turner, W. R. (2022). Mapping the irrecoverable carbon in Earth's ecosystems. *Nature Sustainability*, 5(1), Article 1. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41893-021-00803-6> Protected areas were masked at a spatial resolution of 10 arc seconds before aggregating the data to 0.5°.

Usage

```
readNoon2022(subtype = "land:IrrC_50pc")
```

Arguments

subtype	Defines whether carbon data or land area and related subtypes should be returned (see options below). Carbon or land subtypes need to be specified via ":" The different subtypes for land are: "IrrC_30pc", "IrrC_40pc", "IrrC_50pc", "IrrC_60pc", "IrrC_70pc", "IrrC_80pc", "IrrC_90pc", "IrrC_100pc" which corresponds to the land area that was unprotected in 2020 and is covered by the respective percentile of all irrecoverable carbon. IrrC_50pc e.g. returns all unprotected land that contains the top 50\% of global irrecoverable carbon.
---------	---

Value

Returns magpie objects with the area of unprotected irrecoverable carbon land per grid cell

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("Noon2022", convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

readOzoneYieldShock *readOzoneYieldShock*

Description

read Ozone Yield Shock Data from the EAT-Lancet deepdive on Ozone shock effects on crop yields.

Usage

```
readOzoneYieldShock()
```

Value

MAGPIE object with country level yield shock data for year 2050.

Author(s)

Jake Tommey

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("OzoneShock", convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

readProtectArea *readProtectArea*

Description

Read conservation priority areas (in Mha)

Usage

```
readProtectArea()
```

Value

List of magpie objects with results on cellular level

Author(s)

David Chen, Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("ProtectArea", convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

```
readProtectedAreaBaseline  
    readProtectedAreaBaseline
```

Description

Reads spatial land cover information within protected areas. Land cover information for protected areas has been extracted from ESA CCI land use/land cover data (<https://www.esa-landcover-cci.org/>) and data from the WDPA data base (<https://www.protectedplanet.net>).

Usage

```
readProtectedAreaBaseline()
```

Value

Returns magpie object with the protected area separated for each land type (cropland, pasture, forest, other land) per grid cell from 1995 to 2020.

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("ProtectedAreaBaseline", convert = "onlycorrect")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

readPYieldCoeff	<i>Read in coefficients for calculating pasture intensification</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Read in csv file containing coefficients of linear regression for the calculation of future pasture intensification dependent on animal numbers

Usage

```
readPYieldCoeff()
```

Value

MAGPIE object

Author(s)

Isabelle Weindl

See Also

[readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
a <- readSource("PYieldCoeff")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

readREMIND	<i>readREMIND</i>
------------	-------------------

Description

Reads in a reporting mif file from REMIND

Usage

```
readREMIND(subtype)
```

Arguments

subtype	A string composed of three items: unit, revision and indicator. Unit can be either "intensive" or "extensive", revision is the input data revision, and indicator is the name of thre REMIND indicator
---------	--

Value

MAgPIE object with regional aggregation of REMIND H12

Author(s)

David Klein

See Also

[readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("REMIND", aggregate=FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

`readS4Nproject_input` *readS4Nproject_input*

Description

reads in total bioenergy (1st gen, 2nd gen and residues) demand and co2 prices from IMAGE model for Sim4Nexus project

Usage

```
readS4Nproject_input(subtype = "co2prices")
```

Arguments

subtype IMAGE input to be read in: co2prices or bioenergy

Value

magpie object at country-level resolution

Author(s)

Felicitas Beier

See Also

[readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
a <- readSource("S4Nproject_input", convert = "onlycorrect", aggregate = FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

readSathayeForest *Read Sathaye Forest*

Description

Read-in an Sathaye Forest data .csv file as magclass object

Usage

```
readSathayeForest()
```

Value

magpie object of the Sathaye Forest data

Author(s)

Lavinia Baumstark, Felicitas Beier, Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run: a <- readSource("SathayeForest")
```

readStrefler2021 *readStrefler2021*

Description

Reads in a reporting mif file from REMIND

Usage

```
readStrefler2021(subtype)
```

Arguments

subtype Either "intensive" or "extensive"

Value

MAGPIE object with regional aggregation of REMIND H12

Author(s)

Florian Humpenöder

See Also

[readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
readSource("Strefler2021", aggregate=FALSE)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

readTimberShare	<i>Read Share of timber predicted to come from plantations based on FAO Brown study</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Read Share of timber predicted to come from plantations based on FAO Brown study

Usage

```
readTimberShare(subtype = "abare")
```

Arguments

subtype Data subtype available is abare and brown

Value

magpie object of the proportion of production coming from plantations

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra

See Also

[readSource](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
a <- readSource("TimberShare")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

readUrbanLandGao *readUrbanLandGao*

Description

Read gridded urban land, from Gao O'Neill and Jones SEDAC dataset, [#https://sedac.ciesin.columbia.edu/data/set/ssp-1-8th-urban-land-extent-projection-base-year-ssp-2000-2100](https://sedac.ciesin.columbia.edu/data/set/ssp-1-8th-urban-land-extent-projection-base-year-ssp-2000-2100) #nolint

Usage

```
readUrbanLandGao()
```

Value

magpie object of 2000-2100 urban land in Mha, in 10 year intervals

Author(s)

David M Chen, Felicitas Beier

readWBirrigation *readWBirrigation*

Description

reads in World bank irrigation data: WBirrigation data .csv file as magclass object from Jones, William I. 1995. "World Bank and Irrigation." Washington, D.C.: World Bank. Bonsch et al. (2015) "Environmental Flow Provision: Implications for Agricultural Water and Land-Use at the Global Scale": Table A1 - Investment costs for expanding irrigation infrastructure in US\$ per hectare. Based on: World Bank Irrigation Investment Cost Data. William I. Jones(1991) "The World Bank and Irrigation" (World Bank Operations Evaluation Study)

Usage

```
readWBirrigation()
```

Value

magpie object of the WBirrigation data

Author(s)

Lavinia Baumstark

See Also[readSource](#)**Examples**

```
## Not run: a <- readSource(type="WBirrigation")
```

 readWHO bmi

readWHO bmi

Description

Reads in data on body mass index (BMI) recommendations from WHO http://www.who.int/childgrowth/standards/bmi_for_a
http://www.who.int/growthref/who2007_bmi_for_age/en/

Usage

```
readWHO bmi()
```

Value

magpie object

See Also[readNCDrisc](#)

 readZabel2014

readZabel2014

Description

Reads crop suitability data published in Zabel, F., Putzenlechner, B., & Mauser, W. (2014). Global Agricultural Land Resources – A High Resolution Suitability Evaluation and Its Perspectives until 2100 under Climate Change Conditions. PLOS ONE, 9(9), e107522. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0107522> and extracts the share of suitable cropland per grid cell, depending on different suitability thresholds.

Usage

```
readZabel2014(subtype = "all_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated")
```

Arguments

- subtype Defines which share of marginal land should be included (see options below) and whether suitable land under irrigated conditions ("irrigated"), under rainfed conditions ("rainfed") or suitability under rainfed conditions including currently irrigated land (rainfed_and_irrigated) should be used. Options combined via ":" The different marginal land options are:
- "all_marginal": All marginal land (suitability index between 0-0.33) is included as suitable
 - "q33_marginal": The bottom tertile (suitability index below 0.13) of the marginal land () area is excluded.
 - "q50_marginal": The bottom half (suitability index below 0.18) of the marginal land area is excluded.
 - "q66_marginal": The first and second tertile (suitability index below 0.23) of the marginal land area are excluded.
 - "q75_marginal": The first, second and third quartiles (suitability index below 0.25) of the marginal land are are excluded
 - "no_marginal": Areas with a suitability index of 0.33 and lower are excluded.

Value

Returns magpie objects with the share of suitable cropland per grid cell

Author(s)

Patrick v. Jeetze, Felicitas Beier

Examples

```
## Not run:
readSource("Zabel2014", subtype = "all_marginal:rainfed_and_irrigated", convert = "onlycorrect")

## End(Not run)
```

spatial_header

Tool: spatial_header

Description

Given a regionmapping (mapping between ISO countries and regions) the function calculates a 0.5 degree spatial header for 0.5 degree magclass objects

Usage

```
spatial_header(mapping)
```


Arguments

mapping Either a path to a mapping or an already read-in mapping as data.frame.

Value

A vector with 59199 elements

Author(s)

Jan Philipp Dietrich

See Also

[regionscode](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:  
spatial_header("regionmappingMAGPIE.csv")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

toolPatternScaling *toolPatternScaling*

Description

This tool scales time series based on the approach used in the maggiemodel yield module.

Usage

```
toolPatternScaling(  
  scen,  
  scenMean,  
  refMean,  
  refYear = "y2010",  
  variation = "yieldCalibMAG"  
)
```

Arguments

scen time series of the scenario
scenMean mean of scenario time series
refMean mean of reference time series
refYear Reference year
variation 'yieldCalibMAG' (default); to be implemented: 'jensPaper'

Value

scaled data in magclass format

Author(s)

Kristine Karstens

Index

calc2ndBioDem, 5
calcAfforestCosts, 6
calcAtmosphericDeposition, 7
calcAtmosphericDepositionRates, 6
calcAvlCropland, 7
calcBHIFL, 9
calcBMI, 10
calcBMIshr, 10
calcBrooks2005OldConservationPrios, 11
calcClimateRegionsIPCC, 12
calcConservationPriorities, 13
calcCriticalConnectivityAreas, 14
calcCroplandTreecover, 15
calcEATFruitvegRatio, 16
calcEATLancetDiets, 16, 17, 18, 19
calcEATLancetTargets, 16, 18
calcEATLancetWaste, 18, 23
calcEFch4AWMS, 19, 20
calcEFch4Rice, 20, 20
calcEFNSoil, 21
calcEndUseTimber, 21
calcExoTcDummy, 22
calcFAOharmonized, 16, 43
calcFAOLossesWaste, 23
calcFAOmassbalance, 48, 58–61
calcFAOmassbalance_pre, 22, 24, 28, 50, 57
calcForestAreaInitialization, 24
calcForestDisturbances, 24
calcForestFireLoss, 25
calcForestFireShare, 26
calcForestLossShare, 27
calcForestProductionInitialization, 27
calcForestryProductionRatio, 28
calcGDPdeflator, 29
calcGHGPrices, 29
calcGlobalSafetyNet, 30
calcGTAPTrade, 31
calcH08evapotranspiration, 32
calcHalfEarth, 33
calcIntake, 10, 11
calcIr2RfYieldRatio, 34
calcIrrecoverableCarbonLand, 34
calcIrrigationInvCosts, 35
calcISIMIP3bYields, 36
calcKeyBiodiversityAreas, 37
calcLossShare, 38
calcMulticroppingCells, 39
calcMulticroppingIntensity, 40
calcMulticroppingYieldIncrease, 40
calcNINDiets, 41, 43, 44
calcNINFruitvegRatio, 42
calcNINTargets, 43, 43
calcNINWaste, 44
calcNitrogenBudgetCropland, 7
calcNitrogenFixationFreeliving, 45
calcNitrogenFixationNdfa, 45
calcNitrogenFixationPast, 45, 46
calcNutritionAttributes, 46
calcOutput, 6, 16–20, 22, 23, 36, 42–44, 48, 53, 56, 58–61, 89
calcOzoneYieldShock, 47
calcPastureYield, 48
calcPhotosynthesisTemperature, 49
calcPlantationContribution, 49
calcPlantedForest, 50
calcPriceAgriculture, 64
calcProduction, 64
calcProtectArea, 51, 52
calcProtectedAreaBaseline, 51
calcPumpingCosts, 53
calcPYieldSlope, 53
calcSeedShare, 54
calcSNVTargetCropland, 55
calcSoilStockChangeFactors, 55
calcSOMexogenous, 56
calcTauHistorical, 57
calcTimberDemandExt, 57
calcTradeBalance, 58

- calcTradeBalanceflow, 59
- calcTradeExportShr, 59
- calcTradeMargin, 60
- calcTradeSelfSuff, 61
- calcTradeTariff, 62
- calcUrbanLandFuture, 63
- calcValueProduction, 63
- calcYields, 64
- calcYieldsCalibrated, 66
- calcYieldsLPJmL, 68
- calcYieldsWeight, 69
- convertAQUASTAT, 70
- convertEATLancet, 17, 19, 71
- convertFAOLossesWaste, 72
- convertForestryProductionRatio, 73
- convertFRA2015Doc, 73
- convertGTAP, 74
- convertNIN, 42, 44, 75
- convertPYieldCoeff, 76
- convertSathayeForest, 6, 76
- convertTimberShare, 77
- convertWBirrigation, 36, 78
- correctBrennan2022, 78
- correctCopernicus, 79
- correctDinerstein2020, 80
- correctGLW3, 80
- correctHalfEarth, 81
- correctKeyBiodiversityAreas, 82
- correctLUH2UrbanFuture, 83
- correctNoon2022, 83
- correctOzoneYieldShock, 84
- correctProtectArea, 85
- correctProtectedAreaBaseline, 86
- correctS4Nproject_input, 86
- correctZabel2014, 87

- downloadH08vaportranspiration, 88
- downloadSPAM, 88

- fullMAGPIE, 89

- getCalculations, 89

- mrland (mrland-package), 5
- mrland-package, 5

- readAQUASTAT, 90
- readBrennan2022, 15, 79, 90
- readCopernicus, 16, 55, 79, 91
- readDinerstein2020, 31, 80, 92
- readEATLancet, 17–19, 93
- readFAOLossesWaste, 23, 94
- readForestLossDrivers, 27, 95
- readForestryProductionRatio, 95
- readFRA2015Doc, 74, 96
- readFRA2020, 25, 26
- readGLW3, 81, 97
- readGLW4, 97
- readGTAP, 98
- readH08evapotranspiration, 99, 100
- readHalfEarth, 81, 100
- readHerridge, 45
- readKeyBiodiversityAreas, 38, 82, 101
- readLUH2UrbanFuture, 83, 101
- readNCDrisc, 10, 11, 111
- readNIN, 42–44, 102
- readNoon2022, 35, 84, 103
- readOzoneYieldShock, 104
- readProtectArea, 85, 104
- readProtectedAreaBaseline, 86, 105
- readPYieldCoeff, 54, 106
- readREMIND, 106
- readS4Nproject_input, 107
- readSathayeForest, 6, 108
- readSource, 22, 48, 53, 71, 72, 74, 75, 87, 89, 93–96, 102, 106–109, 111
- readSSPResults, 30
- readStrefler2021, 108
- readTimberShare, 109
- readUrbanLandGao, 110
- readWBirrigation, 36, 110
- readWHObmi, 111
- readZabel2014, 87, 111
- regionscode, 113

- spatial_header, 112

- toolPatternScaling, 113