

Package: regressionworlddata (via r-universe)

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Type Package

Title Regression analysis based on global datasets

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Description Model estimates parameters of model functions.

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Depends madrat(>= 1.28), magclass(>= 3.17), magpiesets(>= 0.27),
mrcommons, R(>= 2.10.0)

Imports boot, countrycode, graphics, lmtest, mraocore, nlstools,
RColorBrewer, sandwich, stats

Suggests covr, testthat

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData no

RoxygenNote 7.3.1

Repository <https://pik-piam.r-universe.dev>

RemoteUrl <https://github.com/pik-piam/regressionworlddata>

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Contents

regressionworlddata-package	2
calcCollectRegressionData	2
nlsAddLines	3
nlsregression	4
robust_vce	6
toolCollectRegressionVariables	7
toolRegression	7
toolRegressionTable	9

Index

11

regressionworlddata-package

Moinput Regression function library

Description

Package contains functions to estimate model parameters

Details

Package:	regressionworlddata
Type:	Package
Version:	0.1
Date:	2016-09-23
License:	LGPL-3
LazyLoad:	yes

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Antonia Walther

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calcCollectRegressionData

calcCollectRegressionData

Description

collects regression data using un-converted raw data sources, and crops the data that only joint years and countries are selected.

Usage

`calcCollectRegressionData(datasources)`

Arguments

datasources	All datasources that shall be returned. Due to the cropping of data which is not present in all datasources, reducing the number of datasources will increase the number of observations.
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Value

List of magpie objects with results on country level, weight on country level, unit and description.

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Eleonora Martinelli, Abhijeet Mishra, Xiaoxi Wang

Examples

```
## Not run:  
calcOutput("CollectRegressionData", aggregate=F)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

*nlsAddLines**nlsAddLines*

Description

Adds lines of specific countries into the plot of the function nlsregression. nlsregression has to be based on magpie objects for x,y,weight

Usage

```
nlsAddLines(  
  y,  
  x,  
  countries = 1:5,  
  weight = NULL,  
  x_log10 = FALSE,  
  colors = "black",  
  labels = TRUE  
)
```

Arguments

y	magpie object with y values
x	magpie object with x values
countries	Choice of countries
weight	magpie object with weight
x_log10	same as in nlsregression
colors	colors of the lines
labels	If TRUE, the region, staryear and endyear will be plotted to each line.

Value

vector with ISO-countrycodes

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also

[nlsregression](#)

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(population_magpie)
nlsregression(y=population_magpie[,1],x=population_magpie[,2],
weight = population_magpie[,1],func = y~a*x+b)
nlsAddLines(y=population_magpie[,1],x=population_magpie[,2],
weight = population_magpie[,1],countries=1:3,colors=1:3)

## End(Not run)
```

[nlsregression](#)

nlsregression

Description

Creates regression parameter estimates and plots with any function you want that has no more than two independent variables

Usage

```
nlsregression(
  func,
  y,
  x,
  z = NULL,
  startvalues = NULL,
  weight = NULL,
  weighting = TRUE,
  xlab = NULL,
  ylab = "y",
  header = NULL,
  z_plot_lines = NULL,
  weightcolorpoints = TRUE,
  x_log10 = FALSE,
  toPlot = "all",
  plot_x_function = "ignore",
```

```

regressioncolor = "blue",
weight_threshold = NULL,
crossvalid = NULL,
...
)

```

Arguments

<code>func</code>	function that shall be fitted. Function should contain the dependent variable <code>y</code> and the independent variable <code>x</code> , eventually a second independent variable <code>z</code> . All other unknowns are treated as parameters that are estimated.
<code>y</code>	dependent variable,vector
<code>x</code>	independent variable,vector
<code>z</code>	optional independent variable,vector
<code>startvalues</code>	the optimization algorithm may require starting values for the fitting procedure. provide them in a list with the parameter names: e.g. <code>list(a=3,b=2)</code>
<code>weight</code>	optional weight,vector
<code>weighting</code>	if <code>weighting</code> is TRUE, the fit will minimize the weighted residuals
<code>xlab</code>	name of x axis in plot
<code>ylab</code>	name of y axis in plot
<code>header</code>	plot function main argument
<code>z_plot_lines</code>	vector>1 of values for <code>z</code> you want to be plotted into the graph
<code>weightcolorpoints</code>	if TRUE, the points are clustered into three quantiles according to their weight and coloured lighter for low weights.
<code>x_log10</code>	allows log10 scale for X axis if set to TRUE. Only changes the picture, not the regression!
<code>toPlot</code>	"all", "frame" (axis etc), "observations" (points), "regressionline" (line), "infos" (parameters, R2)
<code>plot_x_function</code>	deprecated, please do not enter into function call.
<code>regressioncolor</code>	color of regression line and parameter text
<code>weight_threshold</code>	if numeric, all countries below this threshold will be excluded (e.g. to exclude minor islands)
<code>crossvalid</code>	vector with boolean values, indicating which data should be excluded from sampling and rather be used for validation
<code>...</code>	will be passed on to function <code>nls</code>

Value

A nice picture and regression parameters or eventually some errors.

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky, Susanne Rolinski, Xiaoxi Wang

Examples

```
## Not run:
x=1:10
y=(1:10)^2+1
z=c(10:1)

# one independent variable
nlsregression(func=y~a*x+b,y=y,x=x,startvalues=list(a=1,b=1))
# two independent variables
nlsregression(func=y~a*x^1.1+b*z+c*x,y=y,x=x,z=z,startvalues=list(a=1,b=1,c=0))
# no fit because residuals are zero (excluded from the nls makers due
# to statistical reasons)
nlsregression(func=y~x^a+b,y=y,x=x,z=z,startvalues=list(a=1,b=1,c=0))

DNase1 <- subset(DNase, Run == 1)
DNase1$sets<- c(rep(1,8),rep(2,8))
nlsregression(func=y~a*x+b,y=DNase1$density,x=DNase1$conc,startvalues=list(a=1,b=1))
nlsregression(func=y~a*x+b*z,y=DNase1$density,x=DNase1$conc,z=DNase1$sets,
startvalues=list(a=0.1344,b=0.2597))
nlsregression(func=y~a*x+b*z,y=DNase1$density,x=DNase1$conc,z=DNase1$sets,
startvalues=list(a=0.1344,b=0.2597),plot_x_function=log)

## End(Not run)
```

robust_vce

robust_vce

Description

returns robust var-cov estimate

Usage

`robust_vce(x)`

Arguments

x	regression model
---	------------------

Value

a robust estimte of variance-covariance matrix and corresponding t-value and p-value for estimated coefficients

Author(s)

Xiaoxi Wang

toolCollectRegressionVariables
toolCollectRegressionVariables

Description

todo

Usage

`toolCollectRegressionVariables(indicators)`

Arguments

`indicators` todo

Value

todo

Author(s)

Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

toolRegression
toolRegression

Description

Regression model for the correlation of a denominator and quotient to the GDP, allowing for an additional driver z next to income.

Usage

```
toolRegression(  
  denominator,  
  quotient = NULL,  
  func = y ~ (a * x)/(b + x),  
  x = "IHME_USD05_PPP_pc",  
  z = NULL,  
  ylab = NULL,  
  xlab = NULL,
```

```

data = NULL,
countries_nlsAddLines = NULL,
weight = "pop",
x_log10 = FALSE,
crossvalid_sample = NULL,
crossvalid_drawing = 1,
...
)

```

Arguments

denominator	denominator of the dependent variable that shall be estimated using the regression
quotient	quotient of the dependent variable that shall be estimated using the regression
func	functional relation for the regression, shall be in the format $y \sim f(x, \dots)$ with x being gdp, y being denominator/quotient, and $f()$ being any type of functional relationship. ... can include either z or parameters to be estimated.
x	independet variable, by default income
z	additional independet variable
ylab	name of y axis
xlab	name of x axis
data	data can be provided if Data shall not be derived by mrcommons:::calcCollectFoodDemandRegressionData
countries_nlsAddLines	the number of weightiest countries or the name of countries that shall be plotted by lines in the plot
weight	the weight
x_log10	passed on to nlsregression()
crossvalid_sample	sample name from madrat used for crossvalidation. Name is built as follows: crossvalid_seedX_kY X is the random seed, Y is the number of drawings. The combination of all drawings is the full sample.
crossvalid_drawing	selected drawing of k in crossvalidsample
...	further attributes that will be handed on to nlsregression(): An additional explanatory variable z can be added. A regression model has to be chosen. Startvalues can be predetermined.

Value

regression plot and the parameters from nlsregression

Author(s)

Antonia Walther, Benjamin Leon Bodirsky

See Also[calcOutput](#)**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
  
toolRegression(denominator=livestock,  
               func=y~(a*x)/(b+x),  
               z=NULL,  
               startvalues=list(a=1100,b=7770)  
               )  
  
toolRegression(denominator=findset("kap"),  
               quotient=findset("kfo"),  
               func=y~(a*x)/(b+x),  
               z=NULL,  
               startvalues=list(a=0.5,b=7770)  
               )  
  
## End(Not run)
```

toolRegressionTable *toolRegressionTable*

Description

creates Regression for selected options and saves calculated parametes inside the table.

Usage

```
toolRegressionTable(  
  scenario = "SSP2",  
  x = "IHME_USD05_PPP_pc",  
  denominator = NA,  
  z = NA,  
  regression_database_file = "scenario_database_regressionworlddata.csv",  
  quotient = "pop",  
  start_1 = NA,  
  start_2 = NA,  
  start_3 = NA,  
  start_4 = NA,  
  start_5 = NA,  
  start_6 = NA,  
  return_value = FALSE  
)
```

Arguments

<code>scenario</code>	vector. Default "SSP2". Can be "SSP1", "SSP2", "SSP3", "SSP4", "SSP5" or "mix" and describes the overall scenario of the projection.
<code>x</code>	Indep Var
<code>denominator</code>	vector. Default NA. Specific fooddenominator share to make projection for.
<code>z</code>	other independent variables
<code>regression_database_file</code>	file with regressions to calculate
<code>quotient</code>	vector. Default is population ("pop")
<code>start_1</code>	Default NA. Startvalue for 1st parameter.
<code>start_2</code>	Default NA. Startvalue for 2nd parameter.
<code>start_3</code>	Default NA. Startvalue for 3rd parameter.
<code>start_4</code>	Default NA. Startvalue for 4th parameter.
<code>start_5</code>	Default NA. Startvalue for 5th parameter.
<code>start_6</code>	Default NA. Startvalue for 6th parameter.
<code>return_value</code>	Default to False. This is to stop printing the updated dataset on console. If you'd like to keep the updated dataset as an object, set this to true.

Value

data frame with additional rows containing parameters of newly calculated regression.

Author(s)

Abhijeet Mishra, Eleonora Martinelli

See Also

[toolRegression](#)

Index

calcCollectRegressionData, 2
calcOutput, 9

nlsAddLines, 3
nlsregression, 4, 4

regressionworlddata
 (regressionworlddata-package),
 2
regressionworlddata-package, 2
robust_vce, 6

toolCollectRegressionVariables, 7
toolRegression, 7, 10
toolRegressionTable, 9